

Company Name: CROP CARE AUSTRALASIA PTY LTD
Product Name: LEPIDEX 500 INSECTICIDE
APVMA Approval No: 33110/102584



Label Name:	LEPIDEX 500 INSECTICIDE
Signal Headings:	POISON KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN READ SAFETY DIRECTIONS BEFORE OPENING OR USING
Constituent Statements:	500 g/L TRICHLORFON (an anticholinesterase compound)
Mode of Action:	GROUP 1B INSECTICIDE
Statement of Claims:	For the control of a wide range of insects in various situations as per the Directions For Use table
Net Contents:	200L 20L 5L
Directions for Use:	This section contains file attachment. File Name: DIRECTIONS FOR USE- Lepidex 130515.pdf File Size: 212616 bytes
Withholding Periods:	WITHHOLDING PERIOD EDIBLE CROPS: DO NOT HARVEST FOR 2 DAYS AFTER APPLICATION. PASTURES, FORAGE CROPS: DO NOT GRAZE OR CUT FOR STOCK FOOD FOR 2 DAYS AFTER APPLICATION. DRIED FRUIT: DO NOT USE TREATED PRODUCE FOR HUMAN CONSUMPTION OR FOR STOCK FOOD WITHIN 2 DAYS OF TREATMENT.
General Instructions:	GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

Before opening, carefully read Directions For Use, Precautionary Statements, Safety Directions and First Aid Instructions. This product is an insecticide especially formulated for the control of chewing insects in field crops. Application to actively feeding insects results in rapid knockdown and control. This product will not injure plants when applied in accordance with the directions on this label, however, this product is phytotoxic to some varieties of sorghum including Alpha and Pioneer 846 varieties. A check should be made before applying this product to a sorghum crop as some new varieties may also be affected. Lepidex may be subject to alkaline hydrolysis under high pH conditions. If using water with a pH of 8 or greater add LI 700® acidifying surfactant at 100mL/100L to reduce the pH. LI 700® should be mixed in the water before adding Lepidex.

MIXING/APPLICATION

Add the required quantity of Lepidex to water in the spray vat while stirring or with agitators in motion. Use immediately after mixing.

Dilute Spraying

Use a sprayer designed to apply high volumes of water up to the point of run-off and matched to the crop being sprayed. Set up and operate the sprayer to achieve even coverage throughout the crop canopy. Apply sufficient water to cover the crop to the point of run-off. Avoid excessive run-off. The required water volume may be determined by applying different test volumes, using different settings on the sprayer, from industry guidelines or expert advice. Add the amount of product specified in the Directions for Use table for each 100L of water. Spray to the point of run-off. The required dilute spray volume will change and the sprayer set up and operation may also need to be changed, as the crop grows.

Concentrate Spraying

Use a sprayer designed and set up for concentrate spraying (that is a sprayer which applies water volumes less than those required to reach the point of run-off) and matched to the crop being sprayed. Set up and operate the sprayer to achieve even coverage throughout the crop canopy using your chosen water volume. Determine an appropriate dilute spray volume (See Dilute spraying above) for the crop canopy. This is needed to calculate the concentrate mixing rate. The mixing rate for concentrate can then be calculated in the following way:

EXAMPLE ONLY

1. Dilute spray volume as determined above: For example 1500L/ha
2. Your chosen concentrate spray volume: For example 500L/ha
3. The concentration factor in this example is: 3X (ie $1500L \div 500L = 3$)
4. If the dilute label rate is 10mL/100L, then the concentrate rate becomes 3 x 10, that is 30mL/100L of concentrate spray.

The chosen spray volume, amount of product per 100L of water, and the sprayer set up and operation may need to be changed as the crop grows. For further information on concentrate spraying, users are advised to consult relevant industry guidelines, undertake appropriate competency training and follow industry Best Practices.

AERIAL APPLICATION

Spraying technique should be "placement" rather than "drift" to ensure crop penetration. The swath width should be chosen to give uniform coverage. For best results spray in the evening or early morning and avoid thermals and still air during the day.

RICE - BLOODWORM CONTROL

Apply at sowing time or within 24 hours of sowing to flooded bays where the water depth is 150mm or less. Use the higher rate when the water depth is greater than 150mm or where high amounts of organic matter are present. Bays should be flooded at least 3 days prior to application to ensure maximum hatching of bloodworm. When organic matter content of bays is unavoidably high reduce water level and monitor results of spraying. Re-apply as indicated by pest population.

RICE SEED FOR AERIAL SOWING

For bloodworm control: mix product with water then pour evenly over pre-germinated seed equivalent to that needed for sowing one hectare in the hopper of the aircraft or seed auger. The treated seed should be sown within one hour of treatment to avoid possible damage to the seed. Treated seed is only to be used for sowing. Treated seed is NOT to be used as food for humans or poultry or any other animal. DO NOT allow treated seed

	to contaminate grain intended for human or animal consumption. Treated seed is NOT to be fed, or otherwise exposed to wild or domestic birds. DO NOT contaminate areas other than rice-growing bays with treated seed. Any treated seed not used for sowing is to be destroyed.
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Resistance Warning:	<p>INSECTICIDE RESISTANCE WARNING GROUP 1B INSECTICIDE</p> <p>For insecticide resistance management Lepidex 500 is a Group 1B Insecticide. Some naturally occurring insect biotypes resistant to Lepidex 500 and other Group 1B insecticides may exist through normal genetic variability in any insect population. The resistant individuals can eventually dominate the insect population if Lepidex 500 or other Group 1B insecticides are used repeatedly. The effectiveness of Lepidex 500 on resistant individuals could be significantly reduced. Since occurrence of resistant individuals is difficult to detect prior to use, Crop Care Australasia Pty Ltd. accepts no liability for any losses that may result from the failure of Lepidex 500 to control resistant insects. Lepidex 500 may be subject to specific resistance management strategies. For further information contact your local supplier Crop Care Australasia Pty Ltd. representative or local agricultural department agronomist.</p>
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Protections:	<p>PROTECTION OF CROPS, NATIVE AND OTHER NON-TARGET PLANTS DO NOT apply under weather conditions, or from spraying equipment, that may cause spray to drift onto nearby susceptible plants/crops, cropping lands or pastures.</p> <p>PROTECTION OF LIVESTOCK Dangerous to bees. DO NOT spray any plants in flower while bees are foraging.</p> <p>PROTECTION OF WILDLIFE, FISH, CRUSTACEANS AND ENVIRONMENT Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. DO NOT contaminate wetlands or watercourses with this product or used containers.</p>
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Storage and Disposal:	<p>STORAGE AND DISPOSAL</p> <p>Store in the closed, original container in a cool, well ventilated area. DO NOT store for prolonged periods in direct sunlight. Triple rinse containers before disposal. Add rinsings to spray tank. DO NOT dispose of undiluted chemicals on-site. If recycling, replace cap and return clean containers to recycler or designated collection point. If not recycling, break, crush, or puncture and deliver empty packaging to an approved waste management facility. If an approved waste management facility is not available bury empty packaging 500mm below the surface in a disposal pit specifically marked and set up for this purpose clear of waterways, desirable vegetation and tree roots, in compliance with relevant Local, State or Territory government regulations. Do not burn empty containers or product.</p>
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Safety Directions:	<p>SAFETY DIRECTIONS</p> <p>Product is poisonous if absorbed by skin contact, inhaled or swallowed. Repeated minor exposure may have a cumulative poisoning effect. Avoid contact with eyes and skin and clothing. DO NOT inhale spray mist. When preparing spray and using the prepared spray, wear cotton overalls buttoned to the neck and wrist and washable hat, elbow-length PVC gloves, goggles, impervious footwear and half piece respirator with combined dust and gas cartridge (canister). If clothing becomes contaminated with product or wet with spray, remove clothing immediately. If product on skin, immediately wash area with soap and water. After use and before eating, drinking or smoking wash hands, arms and face thoroughly with soap and water. After each day's use, wash gloves, goggles, contaminated clothing and respirator (if respirator is rubber wash with detergent and warm water).</p>
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First Aid Instructions:	<p>FIRST AID</p> <p>If swallowed, splashed on skin or in eyes, or inhaled, contact a Poisons Information Centre. Phone Australia 13 11 26, or a doctor at once. Remove any contaminated clothing and</p>
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	wash skin thoroughly. If swallowed, activated charcoal may be advised. Give atropine if instructed.
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First Aid Warnings:	
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1. TREE AND VINE CROPS

RATES				CRITICAL COMMENTS
This table shows rates for dilute spraying. For concentrate spraying, refer to the Mixing/Application section.				For all uses in this table: Apply by dilute or concentrate spraying equipment. Apply the same total amount of product to target crop whether applying this product by dilute or concentrate spraying methods'. For concentrate spraying DO NOT use at rates greater than 5 times the dilute spraying rate.
SITUATION/CROP	PEST CONTROLLED	STATE	RATE	CRITICAL COMMENTS
Avocado	Fruit Spotting Bug, Monolepta Beetle	Qld, NSW, NT only	200mL/100L water	Apply when pests are first seen.
Grapevines	Grapevine Moth	Qld, SA, WA, NT only	250mL/100L	Spray when pests are first seen and repeat if necessary.
Guava	Queensland Fruit Fly	Qld, NSW, NT only	1st spray 250mL/100L	Apply at start of stinging. Repeat at half concentration every 7-10 days.
Macadamia & Pawpaw	Fruit Spotting Bug	Qld, NSW, NT only	100mL/100L water	Apply when premature nut fall is evident. A second application 2 weeks later maybe necessary.
	Banana Spotting Bug	Qld, NT only		
Macadamia Flower	Macadamia Flower Caterpillar	Qld, NSW, NT only		Two applications in flowering period.
Passionfruit	Passion Vine Bug, Green Vegetable Bug	Qld, NT only		Apply when pests first seen.
Stone Fruit	Queensland Fruit Fly	Qld, NSW, Vic, WA, NT only	1st spray 250mL/100L water	Apply at start of stinging. Repeat at half concentration every 7-10 days.
Pome Fruit	Fruit Fly		1st spray 500mL/100L water	
Stone & Pome Fruit	Rutherglen Bug	NSW, Vic, Tas, SA, WA only	125mL/100L water	Spray when pest outbreak occurs and repeat if reinvaded. Also spray nearby weeds.

2. FRUIT AND VEGETABLES

SITUATION/CROP	PEST CONTROLLED	STATE	RATE	CRITICAL COMMENTS
Blueberries	Queensland Fruit Fly	NSW only	250mL/100L	Apply 21, 14 and 7 days before harvesting, when fruit fly are numerous. Treat in late afternoon after bees have finished foraging.
Capsicum (sweet peppers), chillies	Fruit Fly	Qld, NSW, Vic, WA, NT only	1st spray 250mL/100L Repeat sprays 125mL/100L	Apply at the start of stinging. Repeat at half concentration every 7 to 10 days. DO NOT use on capsicums or chillies grown in glass or shade house, or in other enclosed areas.
Beans , Brassicas, Celery, Crucifers, Cucurbits, Lettuce, Peas, Potatoes, Tomatoes	Cutworm	Qld, NT only	100mL/100L water or 900mL/ha	Apply when pests are first seen.
Dried Fruits	Vinegar Fly	NSW, Vic, Tas, WA, SA only	200mL/100L water	Spray drying racks and refuge heaps where flies are troublesome.
Fruit Fly, Foliage Bait	Fruit Fly	Qld , NSW, Vic, WA, NT only	125mL/ 16L water PLUS 320mL yeast autoysate	Apply 50-120mL/tree as a coarse spray to the lower foliage at approximately weekly intervals. Commence application 2 weeks before the crop is susceptible or as required by post monitoring and the program of cover sprays. Heavy rain may necessitate reapplication.
Strawberries	Cutworm	Qld only	100mL/100L water	Apply when pests are first seen.
	Cluster Caterpillar	Qld, NT only	200mL/100L water	
Tomatoes	Cutworms, Grey Cluster Bug, Rutherglen Bug	Qld only	100mL/100L water or 900mL/ha	Apply at start of stinging. Repeat at half concentration every 7-10 days.
	Fruit Fly	NSW, Vic, Qld, WA, NT only	250mL/100L water	
Vegetables	Cabbage White Butterfly, Cabbage Moth	All states	150mL/100L water or 1.7L/ha	Apply when pests are first seen and repeat at 7-10 day intervals.
	Rutherglen Bug		125mL/100L water	Spray when pests outbreak occurs and repeat if reinvaded. Also spray nearby weeds.
	Green Vegetable Bug		150mL/ 100L water or 1.4L/ha	Apply when pests are first seen and repeat at 7-10 day intervals.

3. FIELD CROPS AND PASTURES

SITUATION/CROP	PEST CONTROLLED	STATE	RATE	CRITICAL COMMENTS
Canola	Common armyworm, Southern armyworm (barley grub)	NSW, Vic, WA only	1.2L/ha	Spray when pests are active. A respray maybe necessary depending on pest population.
Cereal Crops	Cutworm	Qld, NT only	1L/ha	For best results spray late in the afternoon or at night. A respray may be necessary depending on pest population.
	Cutworm, native budworm	WA, NT only	1.7l/ha	
Cereal Crops, Grass Seed Crops, Legumes, Pastures	Common Armyworm, Southern Armyworm, Armyworm (barley grub)	All States	1.2L/ha	Spray when pests are active. A respray maybe necessary depending on pest population.
Pastures	Cutworm	Qld, WA, NT only	1.2L/ha	For best results spray late in the afternoon or at night. A respray may be necessary depending on pest population.
	Webworm, Sod Webworm	Qld, NT only	1.3L/ha	Spray when pests are active. A respray maybe necessary depending on pest population.
Brassica Forage Crops	Cabbage White Butterfly	Vic only	1.1-2.2L/ha	Use higher rate if caterpillars are mature.
		SA only	1.1L/ha	
Linseed, Lupins, Oilseed Rape, Sunflower	Common Armyworm, Southern Armyworm (barley grub)	NSW, Vic, WA only	1.2L/ha	Spray when pests are active. A respray maybe necessary depending on pest population.
	Southern Armyworm (barley grub)	Tas only	1.1-1.3L/ha	Spray when pests are active. A respray maybe necessary depending on pest population. Use higher rate against large larvae and heavier infestations.
Lucerne	Cutworms	Qld only	1.1L/ha	Apply when pests are first seen. For best results spray late in the afternoon or at night. A respray may be necessary depending on pest population.
	Climbing Cutworm or Native Budworm	SA only	900mL/ha	
	Native Budworm	Qld only	1L/ha	
	Southern Armyworm	Vic only	1.1L/ha	
Maize	Cutworms	Vic, Qld, NT only	1.1L/ha	Apply when pests are first noticed in the field.
	Armyworms	Qld, NT only		
Rice	Bloodworm	NSW only	600-850mL/ha	Apply the spray at sowing time or within 24 hours of sowing, by aircraft or ground application equipment to flooded bays when the water is 150mm or less. DO NOT apply with pre-germinated seed.
	Leaf Miner		850mL/ha	
Rice Seed for Aerial Sowing	Bloodworm		625mL/1L water/seed required to sow 1 ha	For application details, see General Instructions.
Safflower	Cutworms, Grey Cluster Bug, Rutherglen Bug	Qld, NT only	1.1L/ha	Apply when pests are noticed in the field. NOTE: Sorghum: This product is phytotoxic to some varieties of sorghum including Alpha and Pioneer 846 varieties. A check should be made before applying this product to a sorghum crop as some new varieties may also be affected. For best results against cutworm spray late in the afternoon or night.
Small Grains	Armyworm, Cutworm			
Sorghum	Armyworm, Cutworm, Sorghum Head Caterpillar, Budworm			
Soya Beans	Green Vegetable Bug	Qld, NSW only	1.2L/ha	DO NOT apply unless armyworms are young and present in sufficient numbers to cause damage.
Sugar Cane	Armyworm	Qld, NSW only	1.2L/ha	
Sunflowers	Cutworm	Qld, NSW, NT only		Apply when pests are first seen. A respray may be necessary depending on pest population.
	Common Armyworm, Southern Armyworm (barley grub)	SA, Vic only	1.1-1.3L/ha	Spray from air or ground. Apply when pests are first seen. Use higher rates against large larvae and heavier infestations.
		NSW, Vic, WA only	840mL/ha	
	Southern Armyworm	Tas only	1.1-1.3 L/ha	
Rutherglen Bug	Qld, NSW, SA only	1.1L/ha		Apply when pests are first seen and repeat if necessary. For best results against cutworm, spray late in the afternoon or at night.

4. MISCELLANEOUS

SITUATION/CROP	PEST CONTROLLED	STATE	RATE	CRITICAL COMMENTS
Fowl Houses, Piggeries, Stables, Dairies	Flies (Maggots)	All States	240mL/100L water (5L spray/10m ²)	Spray or water onto areas where flies breed.
	Flies (Adults) (residual spray)		1.8L/100L water (5L spray/40m ²)	Apply as a spray to walls and other surfaces where flies alight or congregate.
Turf	Barley Grub, Lawn Armyworm	Qld, NSW, Vic, WA only	120mL/100L water per 1000m ² OR 1.2L/1000L water/ha	Spray when pests are first seen. Repeat every 7-10 days as required. DO NOT irrigate within 24 hours of treatment.
	Grass Caterpillar, Sod Webworm	Qld only		
Tobacco	Green Vegetable Bug		1.3L/ha	Apply when pests are first seen and repeat if necessary.
Lawn, Turf	Lawn Grub, Lawn Armyworm	Qld, NSW, WA, NT only	12mL/10L per 100m ²	Apply with a sprayer or watering can as soon as pest is present. Repeat treatment as new hatchings occur.

NOT TO BE USED FOR ANY PURPOSE, OR IN ANY MANNER, CONTRARY TO THIS LABEL UNLESS AUTHORISED UNDER APPROPRIATE LEGISLATION.