

Product Name: KENDON COMMERCIAL CITRUS STOP DROP  
Product ID: 33330/128737



Label Name:	KENDON COMMERCIAL CITRUS STOP DROP
Signal Headings:	CAUTION KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN READ SAFETY DIRECTIONS BEFORE OPENING OR USING
Constituent Statements:	100 g/L 2,4-D PRESENT AS THE DIMETHYL AMINE SALT
Mode of Action:	GROUP <b>I</b> HERBICIDE
Statement of Claims:	For the reduction of pre-harvest drop and for the control of colouring of citrus fruit as per directions for use table.  THIS IS A PHENOXY HERBICIDE THAT CAN CAUSE SEVERE DAMAGE TO NATIVE VEGETATION AND SUSCEPTIBLE CROPS SUCH AS COTTON, GRAPES, TOMATOES, OILSEED CROPS AND ORNAMENTALS.
Net Contents:	1L - 20L
Restrains:	This section contains file attachment.
Directions for Use:	This section contains file attachment.

Other Limitations:	IN TASMANIA, THIS PRODUCT MAY ONLY BE USED FROM 15 APRIL TO 15 SEPTEMBER UNLESS OTHERWISE PERMITTED BY THE REGISTRAR OF PESTICIDES.
Withholding Periods:	WITHHOLDING PERIOD: NOT REQUIRED WHEN USED AS DIRECTED.
Trade Advice:	
General Instructions:	<p><b>GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS:</b>  This product is for professional growers only. Do not use at rates higher than recommended as damage may result. Store away from seeds, seedlings, fertilisers and other chemicals or any materials used on plants.</p>
Resistance Warning:	<p><b>Resistant Weeds Warning</b>  <b>GROUP I HERBICIDE</b></p> <p>Kendon Commercial Citrus Stop Drop is a member of the Phenoxy group of herbicides. The product has the Disruptors of plant cell growth mode of action.</p> <p>For weed resistance management Kendon Commercial Citrus Stop Drop is a Group I herbicide. Some naturally-occurring weed biotypes resistant to Kendon Commercial Citrus Stop Drop and other Group I herbicides may exist through normal genetic variability in any weed population. The resistant individuals can eventually dominate the weed population if these herbicides are used repeatedly. These resistant weeds will not be controlled by Kendon Commercial Citrus Stop Drop or other Group I herbicides. Since the occurrence of resistant weeds is difficult to detect prior to use, Kendon Plant Care Pty Ltd accepts no liability for any losses that may result from the failure of Kendon Commercial Citrus Stop Drop to control resistant weeds.</p>
Precautions:	If re-entering treated areas before the spray has dried, workers should wear overalls, elbow-length gloves and water-resistant footwear. Clothing must be laundered after each days use.
Protections:	<p><b>PROTECTION OF CROPS, NATIVE AND NON-TARGET PLANTS</b>  DO NOT apply under weather conditions, or from spraying equipment, that may cause spray to drift onto nearby susceptible plants/crops, cropping lands or pastures. Avoid spray drift and vapour movement onto susceptible crops such as cotton, tobacco, tomatoes, vines, lupins, fruit trees and ornamentals.</p> <p><b>PROTECTION OF WILDLIFE, FISH, CRUSTACEANS AND ENVIRONMENT</b>  Very toxic to aquatic life. DO NOT contaminate wetlands or watercourses with this product or used containers.</p>
Storage and Disposal:	<p><b>STORAGE AND DISPOSAL:</b></p> <p>Store in the closed, original container in a cool, well-ventilated area. Do not store for prolonged periods in direct sunlight.</p>

Triple-rinse containers before disposal. Add rinsings to spray tank. Do not dispose of undiluted chemicals on site. If recycling, replace cap and return clean containers to recycler or designated collection point.

If not recycling, break, crush, or puncture and deliver empty packaging to an approved waste management facility. If an approved waste management facility is not available, bury the empty packaging 500 mm below the surface in a disposal pit specifically marked and set up for this purpose, clear of waterways, desirable vegetation and tree roots, in compliance with relevant local, state or territory government regulations. Do not burn empty containers or product.

This container can be recycled if it is clean, dry, free of visible residues and has the drumMUSTER logo visible. Triple-rinse container for disposal. Dispose of rinsate by adding it to the spray tank. Do not dispose of undiluted chemical on site. Wash outside of the container and the cap. Store cleaned container in a sheltered place with cap removed. It will then be acceptable for recycling at any drumMUSTER collection or similar container management program site. The cap should not be replaced, but may be taken separately.

#### Disposal of post-harvest dip

Unused or spent dips should be disposed of carefully to avoid contamination of wetlands or watercourses. Dispose of dip in an authorised dip disposal facility. If an authorised dip disposal facility is not available, the spent dip should be evenly spread over flat land not exceeding 20,000 L/ha. The disposal site must be dedicated and adequately bunded (soil at least 15 cm high). DO NOT dispose unwanted spent dip in the same place repeatedly, as repeated depositions in one location may, over time, create a contaminated site.

#### Safety Directions:

Will irritate the eyes. May irritate the skin. Avoid contact with the eyes and skin.

When opening the container and preparing spray or dip, wear cotton overalls buttoned to the neck and wrist and a washable hat, elbow-length chemical resistant gloves and face shield or goggles. When using the prepared spray, wear cotton overalls buttoned to the neck and wrist and a washable hat. When applying by dip wear protective waterproof clothing, elbow-length chemical resistant gloves and impervious footwear. If product in eyes, wash it out immediately with water.

After use and before eating, drinking or smoking wash hands, arms and face thoroughly with soap and water. After each day's use, wash gloves, face shield or goggles and contaminated clothing.

#### First Aid Instructions:

If poisoning occurs, contact a doctor or Poisons Information Centre. Phone Australia 13 11 26.

#### First Aid Warnings:

## Restraints

### GENERAL RESTRAINTS

DO NOT apply if heavy rains or storms are forecast within 3 days.

DO NOT irrigate to the point of runoff for at least 3 days after application.

DO NOT apply if crop is stressed due to dry or excessively moist conditions.

### SPRAY DRIFT RESTRAINTS

DO NOT apply by a boom sprayer.

DO NOT apply by aircraft.

Specific definitions for terms used in this section of the label can be found at [www.apvma.gov.au/spraydrift](http://www.apvma.gov.au/spraydrift)

DO NOT allow **bystanders** to come into contact with the spray cloud

DO NOT apply in a manner that may cause an **unacceptable impact to native vegetation, agricultural crops, landscaped gardens and aquaculture production**, or cause contamination of plant or livestock commodities, outside the application site from **spray drift**. The **buffer zones** in the relevant buffer zone table below provide guidance but may not be sufficient in all situations. Where ever possible, correctly use application equipment designed to reduce spray drift and apply when the wind direction is away from these sensitive areas

DO NOT apply unless the **wind speed** is between 3 and 20 kilometres per hour at the **application site** during the time of application.

DO NOT apply if there are **hazardous surface temperature inversion** conditions present at the **application site** during the time of application. **Surface temperature inversion conditions** exist most evenings one to two hours before sunset and persist until one or two hours after sunrise.

### VERTICAL SPRAYERS

DO NOT apply by a vertical sprayer unless the following requirements are met:

- Spray is not directed above the target canopy
- The outside of the sprayer is turned off when turning at the end of rows and when spraying the outer row on each side of the application site.
- For dilute water rates up to the maximum listed for each type of canopy specified, minimum distances between the application site and downwind sensitive areas (see 'Mandatory buffer zones' section of the following table titles 'Buffer zones for vertical sprayers') are observed.

### Buffer Zones for Vertical Sprayers

Type of target canopy and dilute water rate	Mandatory buffer zones (distances given in metres)				
	Bystander Areas	Natural Aquatic Areas	Pollinator Areas	Vegetation Areas	Livestock Areas
2 metres tall and shorter, maximum dilute water rate of 1000 L/ha	0 metres	0 metres	0 metres	0 metres	0 metres
Taller than 2 metres (not fully-foliated), maximum dilute water rate of 4000 L/ha		15 metres		15 metres	
Taller than 2 metres (fully-foliated), maximum dilute water rate of 4000 L/ha		10 metres		5 metres	

**DIRECTIONS FOR USE:**

<b>SITUATION</b>	<b>MODE OF ACTION</b>	<b>RATE</b>	<b>CRITICAL COMMENTS</b>
Navel Oranges & Mandarins	Reduction of pre-harvest drop.	10ml / 100L of water (10 ppm ai)	Apply to trees to the point of run-off. Make sure fruit is thoroughly wetted. Apply April / May when the rind colour changes from dark to light green.
Grapefruit	Reduction of pre-harvest drop.	20ml / 100L of water (20 ppm ai)	Apply to trees to the point of run-off. Make sure fruit is thoroughly wetted. Apply April / May when the rind colour changes from dark to light green.
Navel Oranges, Mandarins & Grapefruit	Retardation of colouring, delay aging to rind.	10ml / 100L of water (10 ppm ai) Plus Gibberellic Acid at label rate	Addition of Gibberellic Acid to Citrus Stop Drop spray will hold fruit in good condition after July.
All Citrus	Post-harvest dipping (Ethylene de-greening)	500ml / 100L of water in bulk dipping tank (500 ppm ai)	Dipping in 500ppm 2,4-D solution before gas colouring assists in retaining the green colour in the buttons. 2,4-D should be used with care on very green fruit due to potentially adverse cosmetic effects on the skin. Kendon Commercial Citrus Stop Drop can be mixed with fungicides in the bulk dipping tank.

**NOT TO BE USED FOR ANY PURPOSE, OR IN ANY MANNER, CONTRARY TO THIS LABEL  
UNLESS AUTHORISED UNDER APPROPRIATE LEGISLATION.**