

CAUTION

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN READ SAFETY DIRECTIONS BEFORE OPENING OR USING

Conquest CHLORSULFURON 750 WG HERBICIDE

ACTIVE CONSTITUENT: 750 g/kg CHLORSULFURON

GROUP B HERBICIDE

A selective herbicide for the control of Annual (Wimmera) Ryegrass and certain broadleaved weeds in Wheat, Barley, Oats, Cereal Rye and Triticale.

IMPORTANT: READ THE ATTACHED LEAFLET BEFORE USE

NET CONTENTS: 500g

(250g, 1kg, 2kg)

Conquest Agrochemicals Pty Ltd.

Suite 9, 41 Walters Drive Herdsman Business Park Osborne Park WA 6017

Telephone (08) 9244 1268

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Store in the closed, original container in a well ventilated area, as cool as possible. DO NOT store for prolonged periods in direct sunlight.

Triple or preferably pressure rinse containers before disposal. Add rinsings to spray tank. Do not dispose of undiluted chemicals on site. If recycling, replace cap and return clean containers to recycler or designated collection point.

If not recycling, break, crush or puncture and bury empty containers in a local authority landfill. If no landfill is available, bury the containers below 500mm in a disposal pit specifically marked and set up for this purpose clear of waterways, desirable vegetation and tree roots. Empty containers and product should not be burnt.

SAFETY DIRECTIONS

Avoid contact with eyes and skin. DO NOT inhale spray mist. Wash hands after use.

FIRST AID

If poisoning occurs, contact a doctor or Poisons Information Centre (Tel: 13 11 26).

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

Additional information is listed in the Material Safety Data Sheet, which can be obtained from the supplier.

CONDITIONS OF SALE

Conquest Agrochemicals Pty. Ltd. shall not be liable for any loss, injury, damage or death whether consequential or otherwise, whatsoever or whosoever arising whether through negligence or otherwise, in connection with the sale, supply, use or application of this product. The supply of this product is on the express condition that the purchaser does not rely on Conquest skill of judgement in the purchasing or using the same and every person using this product does so at his own risk absolutely. No representative of Conquest has the authority to add or alter these conditions.

Conquest Agrochemicals Pty Ltd.

Suite 9, 41 Walters Drive Herdsman Business Park Osborne Park WA 6017

Telephone (08) 9244 1268

IN EMERGENCY DIAL 000, POLICE OR FIRE BRIGADE FOR SPECIALIST ADVICE IN AN EMERGENCY CALL 1800 033 111

(24 HOURS)

Batch No:

Date of Manufacture:

NRA Approval Number: 55189/0102

CAUTION

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN READ SAFETY DIRECTIONS BEFORE OPENING OR USING

Conquest CHLORSULFURON 750 WG HERBICIDE

ACTIVE CONSTITUENT: 750 g/kg CHLORSULFURON

GROUP B HERBICIDE

A selective herbicide for the control of Annual (Wimmera) Ryegrass and certain broadleaved weeds in Wheat, Barley, Oats, Cereal Rye and Triticale.

IMPORTANT: READ THIS LEAFLET BEFORE USE

Conquest Agrochemicals Pty Ltd.

Suite 9, 41 Walters Drive Herdsman Business Park Osborne Park WA 6017

Telephone (08) 9244 1268

DIRECTIONS FOR USE RESTRAINTS:

DO NOT spray emerged crops if rain is expected within four hours.

After mixing in the tank, spray within 48 hours if this product is used by itself, or within 24 hours if mixed with another product.

DO NOT apply to plants suffering stress.

METHOD OF USE - PRE-SOWING INCORPORATED BY SOWING

Annual Ryegrass

			Rate g/ha Soil Type			
Crop/Situation	Weeds Controlled	State(s)	Light to Medi	Light to Medium Soils H		Critical Comments
				Soil pH		
			Less than 7	7.0 - 8.5	8.5 or less	
Wheat and Triticale only	Annual (Wimmera) Ryegrass <i>Lolium rigidum</i>	NSW, ACT, Vic, SA, WA only	20	15 or 20*	20	* Use the higher rate when paddock history suggests a high weed population can be expected. NOTE: Refer to General Instructions for optimum application timing and conditions.

Crop/Situation	Weeds Controlled	State(s)	Rate g/ha	Critical Comments
Wheat and Triticale	African Turnip Weed	NSW, ACT	20	
only	Sisymbrium thellungii	and Qld only		
	Amsinckia/Yellow Burrweed	NSW, ACT,	15	
	Amsinckia spp.	Vic, SA, WA		
		only		
	Annual Phalaris	NSW, ACT	20 + 1 L/ha	If possible, spray and incorporate
	Phalaris paradoxa,	only	Trifluralin	into the soil in one operation. If this
	Phalaris minor	11011/ 107		is not possible, incorporation
	Barley grass	NSW, ACT		should take place within four (4) hours of spraying. Delay may
	Hordeum leporinum	and Tas only	1	cause inferior weed control. Use
	Silvergrass	Tas only		only trifluralin products with an
	Vulpia spp.			active level of 400 g/L.
	Ball Mustard	SA only	15	doi:10.10101.01.100.g/.
	Neslia puniculata	0.1.0,		
	Black Bindweed/Climbing	Qld only	20	Apply to dry soil before the sowing
	Buckwheat			rain. Mechanical incorporation
	Fallopia convolvulus			before the sowing rains is not
				necessary.
	Brome grass	NSW, ACT,		Gives suppression only if
	Bromus spp. (Suppression only)	Vic, SA, WA,		populations are 20 plants/m ² or
		Tas only		less.
	Cape Tulip	WA only	20	
	Homeria spp.		1	
	Capeweed	NSW, ACT,		On acid soils pH 5.5 or less, this
	Arctotheca calendula	Vic, SA, WA, Tas only		product will give a shorter period of control in wet years.
	Charlock	Vic, SA, Tas	15	control in wet years.
	Sinapis arvensis	only	15	
	Common Iceplant	SA only	+	
	Mesembryanthemum crystallinum	SA Only		
	Corn Gromwell, Sheepweed,	Qld, NSW,	20	
	White Ironweed	ACT, Vic, SA,	20	
	Buglossoides arvensis	WA only		
	Deadnettle	All States	15 or 20	Use the higher rate when paddock
	Lamium amplexicaule			history suggests a high weed
	,			population can be expected.
	Docks	NSW, ACT,	20	
	Rumux spp.	Vic, SA, WA,		
		Tas only	1	
	Fat-hen	NSW, ACT,		
	Chenopodium album	Tas only		
	Fumitory	NSW, ACT,	15 or 20	Use the higher rate when paddock
	Fumaria spp.	Vic, SA, WA,		history suggests a high weed
		Tas only	1	population can be expected.

Crop/Situation	Weeds Controlled	State(s)	Rate g/ha	Critical Comments
Wheat and Triticale	Guildford grass/Onion grass	WA only	15	
only	Romulea rosea Indian Hedge Mustard	All States		
	Sisymbrium orientale King Island Melilot Melilotus indicus	Vic, SA only		
	Lincoln weed	SA only		
	Diplotaxis tenuifolia Loosestrife	Vic only		
	Mintweed	Qld and	20	1
	Salvia reflexa	NSW, ACT only	20	
	Mouse-ear Chickweed	NSW, ACT,	15	
	Cerastium spp.	Vic, SA, WA, Tas only		
	New Zealand Spinach Tetragonia tetragonoides	Qld only	20	
	Paradoxa grass	Nth NSW		Apply to dry soil before the sowing
	Phalaris paradoxa	(Soil pH >7.5) and Qld only		rain. Mechanical incorporation before the sowing rains is not necessary.
	Paterson's Curse/Salvation Jane Echium plantagineum	NSW, ACT, Vic, SA, WA, Tas only	15	
	Pimpernels Anagallis arvensis	NSW, ACT, Vic, SA, Tas		
		only		_
	Prickly Lettuce/Whip Thistle Lactuca serriola	Vic, SA only	20	
	Rough Poppy Papaver hybridum	NSW, ACT, SA, WA, Tas only	15 or 20	Use the higher rate when paddock history suggests a high weed population can be expected.
	Saffron Thistle Carthamus lanatus (Suppression only)	Qld, NSW, ACT, Vic, SA, Tas only	20	
	Saltbush	Qld and		
	Atriplex muelleri	NSW, ACT only		
	Shepherd's Purse Capsella bursa-pastoris	NSW, ACT, Vic, SA, WA, Tas only	15 or 20	Use the higher rate when paddock history suggests a high weed population can be expected.
	Slender Celery Apium leptophyllum	Qld and NSW, ACT only	20	
	Slender Thistle Carduus tenuiflorus	Tas only		
	Soursob Oxalis pes-caprae	NSW, ACT, Vic, SA only	15	Apply only to soils of pH 7.5 or above. Apply after majority of Soursobs have emerged and leave soil undisturbed for 1-4 weeks prior to cultivation or sowing. The most effective and reliable control is achieved with early postemergence applications (EPE) after crop and weed emergence.
	Spear Thistle Cirsium vulgare	Tas only	20	
	Stemless Thistle Onopordum acaulon	SA only	15 or 20	Use the higher rate when paddock history suggests a high weed population can be expected.
	Storksbill/Wild Geranium Erodium spp.	Vic, SA, WA, Tas only	15	r specialist. sail so expected.
	Three-Cornered Jack(s)/Doublegee/ Spiny Emex Emex australis	NSW, ACT, Vic, SA, WA only	20	
	Tree Hogweed Polygonum patulum	Vic, SA only		
	Turnip weed Rapistrum rugosum	Qld and SA only	15	
	Wireweed/Hogweed Polygonum aviculare	All States	15 or 20	Use the higher rate when paddock history suggests a high weed population can be expected.
	Wild Turnip Brassica tournefortii	NSW, ACT, Vic, SA, WA and Tas only	15	

METHOD OF USE - POST CROP AND WEED EMERGENCE

Annual Ryegrass

				Rate g/ha		
				Soil Type		
Crop/Situation	Weeds Controlled	State(s)	Light to Me	dium Soils	Heavy Soils	Critical Comments
				Soil pH		
			Less than	7.0 - 8.5	8.5 or less	
			7			
Wheat, Barley, Oats, Triticale and Cereal Rye only	Annual (Wimmera) Ryegrass <i>Lolium rigidum</i>	NSW, ACT, Vic, SA, WA only	20 or 25*	15 or 20*	20 or 25*	* Use the higher rate under heavy weed pressure. Apply no later than the 3 leaf stage of Annual Ryegrass. * Application of This product to Annual Ryegrass 2 leaf or greater with water volumes less than 50 L/ha may result in reduced efficacy.

Crop/Situation	Weeds Controlled	State(s)	Rate g/ha	Critical Comments
Wheat, Barley, Oats, Triticale and Cereal Rye only	African Turnip weed Sisymbrium thellungii	NSW, ACT and Qld only	20	Apply at cotyledon to 4 leaf stage.
Rye only	Amsinckia/Yellow Burrweed Amsinckia spp.	NSW, ACT, Vic, SA, WA only	15	
	Ball Mustard Neslia puniculata	SA only		
	Bifora/Carrot weed Cotula australis	1	25	
	Black Bindweed/Climbing Buckwheat Fallopia convolvulus	Qld and NSW, ACT only	20	Apply at cotyledon to 2 leaf stage of weed.
	Cape Tulip Homeria spp.	WA only		
	Charlock Sinapis arvensis	NSW, ACT, Vic, SA, Tas only	15	
	Corn Gromwell/Sheepweed/ White Ironweed Buglossoides arvensis	NSW, ACT, Vic, SA, WA only	20	Apply at cotyledon to 2 leaf stage. If applied at a later stage only suppression will occur.
	Deadnettle Lamium amplexicaule	Qld, NSW, ACT, Vic, SA, Tas only	15 or 20	Use the higher rate under heavy weed pressure.
	Docks Rumux spp.	Vic, SA, WA, Tas only	15	
	Fat-hen Chenopodium album	NSW, ACT, Tas only	20	
	Fumitory, Denseflower Fumaria densiflora	NSW, ACT, Vic, SA, WA, Tas only	45	Apply at cotyledon to 2 leaf stage.
	Guildford grass/Onion grass Romulea rosea	WA only	15	
	Hoary Cress Cardaria draba	Vic, SA, Tas only	20	Apply when plants are fully emerged.
	Lincoln weed Diplotaxis tenuifolia	SA only	20	
	Matricaria Matricaria matricoarioides	WA, Tas only		
	Mintweed Salvia reflexa	Qld and NSW, ACT only		Apply at cotyledon to 4 leaf stage.
	Mouse-ear Chickweed Cerastium spp.	NSW, ACT, Vic, SA, WA, Tas only	15	
	Mustards Sisymbrium spp.	All States		
	New Zealand Spinach Tetragonia tetragonoides	Qld only	20	
	Paterson's Curse/Salvation Jane Echium plantagineum	NSW, ACT, Vic, SA, WA, Tas only	15	
	Pimpernels Anagallis arvensis Prickly Lettuce/Whip Thistle	NSW, ACT, Vic, SA, Tas only Vic, Tas only	20	_
	Lactuca serriola	•	∠∪	
	Rough Poppy Papaver hybridum	NSW, ACT, SA, WA, Tas only		Apply of potulation to 414
	Saltbush Atriplex muelleri	Qld and NSW, ACT only		Apply at cotyledon to 4 leaf stage.

Crop/Situation	Weeds Controlled	State(s)	Rate g/ha	Critical Comments
Wheat, Barley, Oats,	Shepherd's Purse	NSW, ACT, Vic,		
Triticale and Cereal	Capsella bursa-pastoris	SA, WA, Tas only		
Rye only				
	Slender Celery	Qld and NSW,		Apply at cotyledon to 4 leaf
	Apium leptophyllum	ACT only		stage.
	Soursob	NSW, ACT, Vic,		Apply when the majority of
	Oxalis pes-caprae	SA, WA only		Soursobs have emerged.
	Spear Thistle	Tas only		
	Cirsium vulgare			
	Stagger weed	Qld, NSW, ACT,		
	Stachys arvensis	WA, Tas only		
	Stemless Thistle	Vic only	25	
	Onopordum acaulon			
	Storksbill/Wild Geranium	Vic, SA, WA, Tas	15	
	Erodium spp.	only		
	Tree Hogweed	Vic only	20	
	Polygonum patulum			
	Turnip Weed	Qld, NSW, ACT,	15	
	Rapistrum rugosum	SA only		
	Wild Radish	All States	15 or 20	Use the higher rate under
	Raphanus raphanistrum			heavy weed pressure. A
				follow-up spray with a suitable
				herbicide may be necessary to
				control subsequent
				germinations.
	Wild Turnip	NSW, ACT, Vic,	15	
	Brassica tournefortii	SA, WA, Tas only		_
	Wireweed/Hogweed	All States	20	
	Polygonum aviculare			

NOT TO BE USED FOR ANY PURPOSE, OR IN ANY MANNER, CONTRARY TO THIS LABEL UNLESS AUTHORISED UNDER APPROPRIATE LEGISLATION.

WITHHOLDING PERIOD: NOT REQUIRED WHEN USED AS DIRECTED

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

This product is a selective herbicide designed to control certain weeds in wheat, triticale, barley, oats and cereal rye.

This product is suitable as a pre-sowing treatment for wheat and triticale, and as a post-sowing treatment for wheat, triticale, barley, oats and cereal rye. When used on emerged weeds, the product is absorbed by foliage and green stems and moves into the root system.

Prior to using this product, careful consideration should be given to soil pH. As soil pH increases, rate of breakdown decreases. This product should not be used on soil pH 8.6 or higher as extended soil residual activity could adversely affect following crops and crop rotation intervals may be extended beyond normal intervals.

Crops other than wheat, barley, oats, triticale and cereal rye can be extremely sensitive to low concentrations of this product in the soil. See Crop Rotation Recommendations.

Best weed control is obtained when rainfall or sprinkler irrigation wets the soil to a depth of 5 to 7.5 cm within 4 weeks of application.

Pre-sowing incorporated by sowing:

WA only - Avoid applying to dry sandy soils as rapid leaching may occur with early season rains.

SA only - Before using rates greater than 15 g/ha on light to medium soils pH 7 to 8.5, seek further advice.

Conventionally Sown Crops - on soils less than 7, apply a spray just before sowing or in conjunction with the sowing operation. On soils of pH of 7 or greater it is not critical to time the spray just before sowing. Spray onto a non-ridged surface free of large clods. Use low profile 10 cm combine points for sowing. Sow at speeds of 10 kph or greater. Use light covering harrows at sowing. If applied to dry soil and sowing is to be delayed, incorporate immediately after spraying to prevent loss by wind erosion.

Direct Drilled Crops - apply tank mixed with either Spray. Seed or glyphosate in accordance with manufacturer's label recommendations.

Post Crop and Weed Emergence:

Where treatment is delayed or where weeds are not actively growing due to adverse conditions results may be slow to appear and weeds may be only stunted or suppressed.

Wheat, Triticale and Cereal Rye - apply after crop emergence when weeds are small and actively growing (Annual Ryegrass no more than 3 leaves, Broadleaved weeds no more than 5 cm in height or diameter (for Black Bindweed refer to specific recommendations).

Barley and Oats - apply between 2 leaf stage of crop (3 leaf stage - SA only) and early tillering when weeds are small and actively growing (Annual Ryegrass no more than 3 leaves, Broadleaved weeds no more than 5 cm in height or diameter (for Black Bindweed refer to specific recommendations).

Resistant Weeds Warning

GROUP B HERBICIDE

Conquest Chlorsulfuron 750 WG Herbicide is a member of the sulfonylurea group of herbicides. This product has the inhibitors of the enzyme acetolactate synthase (ALS) mode of action. For weed resistance management, Conquest Chlorsulfuron 750 WG Herbicide is a Group B herbicide.

Some naturally-occurring weed biotypes resistant to Conquest Chlorsulfuron 750 WG Herbicide and other Group B herbicides may exist through normal genetic variability in any weed population. The resistant individuals can eventually dominate the weed population if these herbicides are used repeatedly. These resistant weeds will not be controlled by Conquest Chlorsulfuron 750 WG Herbicide or other Group B herbicides.

Since the occurrence of resistant weeds is difficult to detect prior to use, Conquest Agrochemicals Pty Ltd. accepts no liability for any losses that may result from the failure of Conquest Chlorsulfuron 750 WG Herbicide to control resistant weeds.

To prevent, or at least minimise the risk of resistant weeds occurring, use Conquest Chlorsulfuron 750 WG Herbicide in tank mixes (if appropriate) and/or rotations with herbicides having different modes of action effective on the same weed species.

Large numbers of healthy surviving weeds can be an indication that resistance is developing. Efforts should be taken to prevent seed set of these survivors.

DO NOT make more than one application of an ALS inhibitor herbicide to a crop, either pre-sowing incorporated by sowing or post crop and weed emergence.

If the user suspects that an ALS inhibitor-resistant weed is present, Conquest Chlorsulfuron 750 WG Herbicide or other ALS inhibitor herbicides should not be used.

Strategies to minimise the risk of herbicide resistance are available. Consult your farm chemical supplier, consultant, local Department of Agriculture or Primary Industries.

Grazing Advice

Avoid grazing treated areas within 24 hours of application to optimise weed control.

A nil withholding period is applicable for grazing Conquest Chlorsulfuron 750 WG Herbicide treated areas (when used as directed on this label).

Crop Safety:

DO NOT use this product for:

- crops other than cereals.
- cereals irrigated by furrows or flooding.
- winter cereals undersown with legume pasture crops.
- weed control where crops are under stress. Damage can occur where crops are stressed due to
 conditions such as excessive soil alkalinity or acidity, poor nutrient status, disease, nematode or insect
 infestation, adverse weather conditions, drought or waterlogging. If crops become stressed after
 spraying, they may turn yellow or become retarded, but usually they will recover with no reduction in yield.

Wheat:

DO NOT use this product for:

- wheat varieties Cranbrook, or Miling.
- the wheat variety Vulcan if on acid soils and under stress conditions caused by waterlogging, frost, aluminium or manganese toxicity; reduced yields may result.
- pre-sowing treatment of weeds in wheat varieties Avocet and Durati (OK for post-emergent use).
- pre-sowing treatment of weeds in wheat variety Banks if soil pH is 5.5 or less (OK for post-emergent use).

55189_0102c.doc 01/10/02 Page 9 of 12

Barley and Oats:

DO NOT use this product for:

- application before the crop has reached the 2-leaf stage (3-leaf stage in SA).
- Stirling barley.
- barley under waterlogged conditions (yield may be reduced).

The application of other sulfonylurea herbicides following this product is not recommended.

Crop Rotation Recommendations

Land previously treated with this product should not be rotated to other crops other than those listed in the following tables.

Tolerance of other crops (grown through to maturity) should be determined on a small scale before sowing into larger areas.

The treated areas may be replanted to any of the specified crops after the interval indicated in the following tables:-

NB - THE TABLE BELOW APPLIES TO ALL STATES

MINII	MINIMUM RECROPPING INTERVAL (MONTHS AFTER APPLICATION)							
SOIL pH*	0	3	6	9	12	18		
6.5 or less	Triticale Wheat	Cereal Rye	Oats	Barley	Subterranean Clover** Faba Beans Field Pea Linseed Lucerne Lupins Medics ** Rapeseed	Maize Sorghum Soybeans Sunflower		
					Safflower			

NB - THE TABLES BELOW APPLY TO QId, SA, WA & Tas ONLY

MINIMUM	MINIMUM RECROPPING INTERVAL (MONTHS AFTER APPLICATION)						
RAINFALL	0	3	9	15	18	22	
REQUIREMENT				Minimum 700 mm			
Soil pH* 6.6-7.5	Triticale Wheat	Cereal Rye	Barley Oats	Japanese Millet Maize Panicum Millet Sorghum Sunflower White French Millet	Cotton Soybean s	Faba Beans Field Pea Linseed Medics** Rapeseed Safflower Subterranean Clover**	

MINIMUM	MINIMUM RECROPPING INTERVAL (MONTHS AFTER APPLICATION)							
RAINFALL	0	15	18	24 months or longer				
REQUIREMENT		N	Minimum of 70	00 mm				
Soil pH* 7.6-8.5	Triticale Wheat	Japanese Millet Maize Panicum Millet Sorghum Sunflowers White French Millet	Barley Oats Cereal Rye	Rotate to crops other than Cereals (such as listed above) only if field test strip of the planned rotational crop has been successfully grown through to maturity in the previous season.				
8.6 and above	This proc	luct is not recommended for	or use on soils	of pH 8.6 and above.				

NB - THE TABLES BELOW APPLY TO NSW, ACT & Vic ONLY

	MINIMUM RECROPPING INTERVAL (MONTHS AFTER APPLICATION)							
SOIL pH*	0	3	9	22	26			
6.6 - 7.5	Triticale Wheat	Cereal Rye	Barley Oats	Subterranean Clover** Faba Beans Field Peas Linseed Lucerne Lupins Medics **	Maize Sorghum Soybeans Sunflower			

55189_0102c.doc 01/10/02 Page 10 of 12						
				Rapeseed Safflower		

MINII	MINIMUM RECROPPING INTERVAL (MONTHS AFTER APPLICATION)					
SOIL pH*	0	18	24 months or longer			
7.6 - 8.5			Rotate to crops other than Cereals (such as listed above) only if field test strip of the planned rotational crop has been successfully grown through to maturity in the previous season.			
8.6 and above	This produ	ct is not reco	mmended for use on soils of pH 8.6 and above.			

- * Soil pH is to be determined by Laboratory analysis using the 1:5 soil:water suspension method.
- ** Includes natural regeneration of Subterranean clover and Medics.
- Land previously treated with this product should not be rotated to crops other than those listed in the above table.
- Tolerance of other crops (grown through to maturity) should be determined on a small scale before sowing into larger areas.

Spray Preparation

This product is a water dispersible granule.

- 1. Fill tank partially with water and engage full agitation.
- 2. Add the required amount. (N.B. The measuring flask provided is graduated in grams of Chlorsulfuron Water Dispersible Herbicide only. DO NOT use for measuring of other materials.)
- 3. Top up with water to the required volume.
- 4. Companion products: If applying this product with another product ensure this product has completely dissolved before adding the companion product.
- 5. Conquest Chlorsulfuron 750 WG Herbicide must be kept in suspension at all times by continuous agitation. Where prepared spray mixes have been allowed to stand, thoroughly re-agitate before using.

Use of Surfactant/Wetting Agent

For post-emergence application, always add a non-ionic surfactant (1000 gac/L) at 100 mL/100 L of final spray volume (0.1% volume/volume).

The use of spraying oils is not recommended.

NOTE: DO NOT add a surfactant/wetting agent when this product is tank mixed with another product which already has a surfactant/wetting agent in the formulation.

Ground Spraying Equipment

Use a boom spray properly calibrated to a constant speed and rate of delivery to ensure thorough coverage and a uniform spray pattern. Avoid overlapping and shut off spray booms while starting, turning, slowing or stopping as injury to the crop may result. Apply a minimum of 30 L prepared spray/ha.

Aerial Application

Apply a minimum of 20 L/ha water. Avoid spraying in still conditions and in winds likely to cause drift onto adjacent sensitive crops. Avoid spraying where drift can go onto areas likely to be sown to sensitive crops - see Crop Rotation Recommendations. Turn off spray boom whilst passing over creeks and dams.

Sprayer Cleanup

It is essential that the sprayer be properly cleaned after using this product prevent injury to crops other than wheat, triticale, barley, oats, or cereal rye. All traces of Chlorsulfuron Water Dispersible Herbicide should be removed form equipment using the following procedure:

- 1. Drain tank, then flush tank, boom and hoses with clean water for a minimum of 10 minutes.
- 2. Fill the tank with clean water then add 300 mL household chlorine bleach (containing 4% chlorine) per 100 L of water. Flush through boom and hoses then allow to sit for 15 minutes with agitation engaged, then drain.
- 3. Repeat Step 2.
- 4. Nozzles and screens should be removed and cleaned separately. To remove traces of chlorine bleach, rinse the tank thoroughly with clean water and flush through hoses and boom.

55189_0102c.doc 01/10/02 Page 11 of 12

CAUTION: DO NOT use chlorine bleach with ammonia. All traces of liquid fertiliser containing ammonia, ammonium nitrate or ammonium sulphate must be rinsed with water from the mixing and application equipment before adding chlorine bleach solution. Failure to do so will release a gas with a musty chlorine odour, which can cause eye, nose, throat and lung irritation. DO NOT clean equipment in an enclosed area.

55189_0102c.doc 01/10/02 Page 12 of 12

Compatibility

This product is compatible with glyphosate and paraquat. This product does not control Wild Oats, however it is compatible with Wild Oat herbicides Avadex BW, Mataven and Puma Progress. It is also compatible with Bromoxynil, MCPA (and Bromoxynil/MCPA mixtures), 2,4-D amine and 2,4-D ester, Lontrel, Tigrex and Jaguar. This product is also compatible with trifluralin and the insecticides omethoate, dimethoate deltamethrin and chlorpyrifos.

PROTECTION OF CROPS, NATIVE AND OTHER NON-TARGET PLANTS

DO NOT apply or drain or flush equipment on or near desirable trees or other plants or on areas where their roots may extend or in locations where the chemical may be washed or moved into contact with their roots.

DO NOT apply under weather conditions, or from spraying equipment, that may cause spray to drift onto nearby susceptible plants/crops, cropping lands or pastures.

PROTECTION OF WILDLIFE, FISH, CRUSTACEANS AND ENVIRONMENT

DO NOT contaminate streams, rivers or waterways with the chemical or used containers.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Store in the closed, original container in a well ventilated area, as cool as possible. DO NOT store for prolonged periods in direct sunlight.

Triple or preferably pressure rinse containers before disposal. Add rinsings to spray tank. Do not dispose of undiluted chemicals on site. If recycling, replace cap and return clean containers to recycler or designated collection point.

If not recycling, break, crush or puncture and bury empty containers in a local authority landfill. If no landfill is available, bury the containers below 500mm in a disposal pit specifically marked and set up for this purpose clear of waterways, desirable vegetation and tree roots. Empty containers and product should not be burnt.

SAFETY DIRECTIONS

Avoid contact with eyes and skin. DO NOT inhale spray mist. Wash hands after use.

FIRST AID

If poisoning occurs, contact a doctor or Poisons Information Centre (Tel: 13 11 26).

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

Additional information is listed in the Material Safety Data Sheet, which can be obtained from the supplier.

CONDITIONS OF SALE

Conquest Agrochemicals Pty. Ltd. shall not be liable for any loss, injury, damage or death whether consequential or otherwise, whatsoever or whosoever arising whether through negligence or otherwise, in connection with the sale, supply, use or application of this product. The supply of this product is on the express condition that the purchaser does not rely on Conquest skill of judgement in the purchasing or using the same and every person using this product does so at his own risk absolutely. No representative of Conquest has the authority to add or alter these conditions.

Conquest Agrochemicals Pty Ltd.

Suite 9, 41 Walters Drive Herdsman Business Park Osborne Park WA 6017

Telephone (08) 9244 1268

NRA Approval Number: 55189/0102

Spray.Seed is a registered Trademark of ICI Australia Operations Pty Ltd Avadex BW is a registered Trademarks of Monsanto Co., USA Mataven is a registered Trademarks of Shell.

Jaguar & Tigrex are registered Trademark of Rhône-Poulenc Lontrel is a registered Trademark of Dow Chemical, USA Puma Progress is a registered Trademark of AgrEvo Pty Ltd