

CAUTION

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN
READ SAFETY DIRECTIONS BEFORE OPENING OR USING



ATRAQUEST 900 WG

HERBICIDE

ACTIVE CONSTITUENT: 900 g/kg ATRAZINE

GROUP C HERBICIDE

For the control of Annual Weeds in Broom Millet, TT-Canola, Lupins, Maize, Saccaline, Sorghum, Sugarcane, Sweet Corn and other crops as per the Directions for Use

READ THE ATTACHED LEAFLET BEFORE USING THIS PRODUCT



CONQUEST AGROCHEMICALS PTY. LTD.
ABN 84 098 814 932
Unit 1, 46 Hasler Road,
Osborne Park, WA 6017
Telephone: 08 9347 0500, Facsimile: 08 9347 0551

NET CONTENTS
10 kg

ATRAQUEST 900 WG

HERBICIDE

MIXING DIRECTIONS FOR ATRAQUEST 900 WG



Fill tank 60 - 80% full with clean water BEFORE adding ATRAQUEST 900 WG. Begin agitating tank contents vigorously and continue agitation during entire mixing and spraying operations.



Pour required amount of ATRAQUEST 900 WG STEADILY into tank. Allow vigorous bypass agitation to completely disperse product. DO NOT dump product into tank all at once.



After adding required quantity of ATRAQUEST 900 WG and obtaining COMPLETE DISPERSION, continue to fill tank to desired level for spraying. Thorough agitation of the tank contents should continue during the entire spraying operation.

NB. Spray solution should NOT be left standing in the tank or spray boom lines overnight.

NET CONTENTS
10 kg

ATRAQUEST 900 WG

HERBICIDE

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Store in the closed, original container in a dry, cool, well ventilated area out of direct sunlight. 10 kg bag Shake box contents into spray tank until the box is empty. **DO NOT** dispose of undiluted chemicals on site. Puncture and bury empty containers in a local authority landfill. If no landfill is available, bury the containers below 500 mm in a disposal pit specifically marked and set up for this purpose clear of waterways, desirable vegetation and tree roots.

Empty containers and product should not be burnt.

SAFETY DIRECTIONS

Avoid contact with eyes and skin. **DO NOT** inhale dust or spray mist. When preparing and using the prepared spray wear elbow length PVC gloves. After use and before eating, drinking or smoking, wash hands, arms and face thoroughly with soap and water. After each day's use wash gloves and contaminated clothing.

FIRST AID

If poisoning occurs, contact a doctor or Poisons Information Centre. Phone Australia 13 11 26.

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

Additional information is listed in the Material Safety Data Sheet.

CONDITIONS OF SALE

Conquest Agrochemicals Pty. Ltd. shall not be liable for any loss, injury, damage or death whether consequential or otherwise, whatsoever or whosoever arising whether through negligence or otherwise, in connection with the sale, supply, use or application of this product. The supply of this product is on the express condition that the purchaser does not rely on Conquest skill of judgement in the purchasing or using the same and every person using this product does so at his own risk absolutely. No representative of Conquest has the authority to add or alter these.

SPECIALIST ADVICE IN AN EMERGENCY DIAL

1800 033 111

24 HOURS AUSTRALIA WIDE



Batch No

DOM

APVMA Approval No: 56276/10kg/0408

Conquest Agrochemicals Pty. Ltd

ABN 84 098 814 932

Unit 1, 46 Hasler Road
Osborne Park, WA, 6017

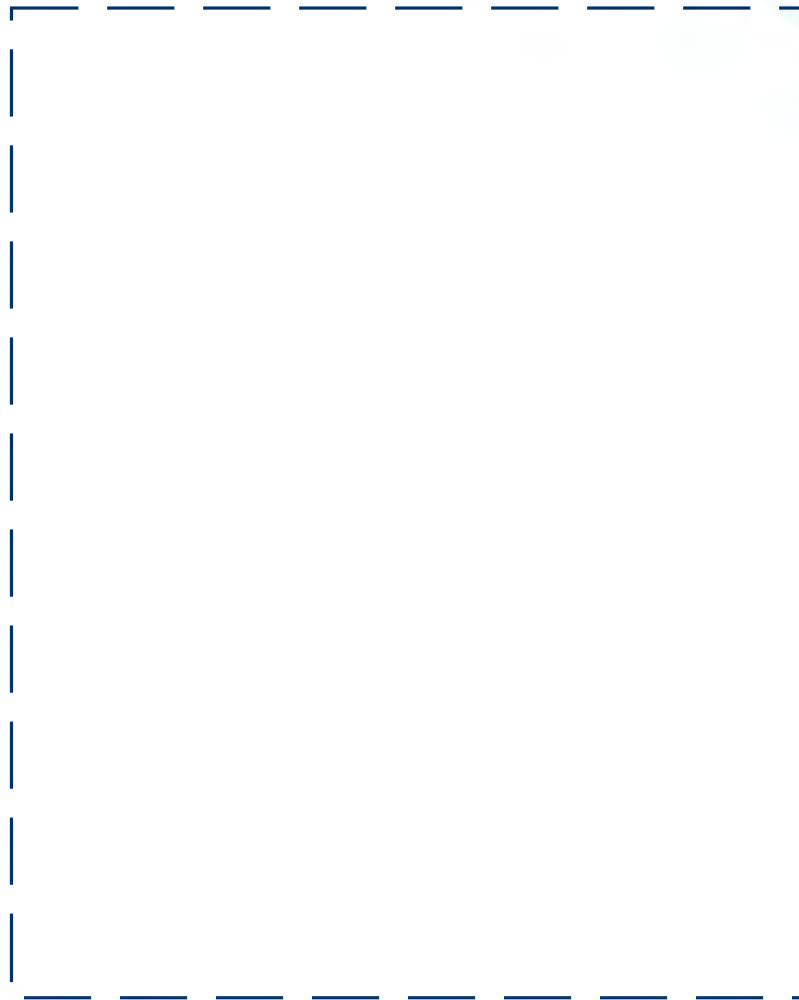
Telephone (08) 9347 0500 Facsimile (08) 9347 0551

RECEIVED

By Verity Scarlett at 2:29 pm, Apr 29, 2008

ATRAQUEST 900 WG

HERBICIDE



NET CONTENTS

10 kg

RECEIVED

By Verity Scarlett at 2:29 pm, Apr 29, 2008



APVMA Approval No: 56276
Application Number: 43478
File Name: 56276_43478_10kg_MPL_V2.pdf
Product Name: Conquest Atrapest 900 WG Herbicide
Pack Size: 10kg Box

Page 1 and 3

Dimensions: 260mm x 510mm

Print Size: A4 - 65%

A3 - 93%

Page 2 and 4

Dimensions: 310mm x 320mm

Print Size: A4 - 81%

A3 - 100%

CAUTION

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ATRAQUEST

900 WG

HERBICIDE



Australian Government
Australian Pesticides and
Veterinary Medicines Authority

Approved label

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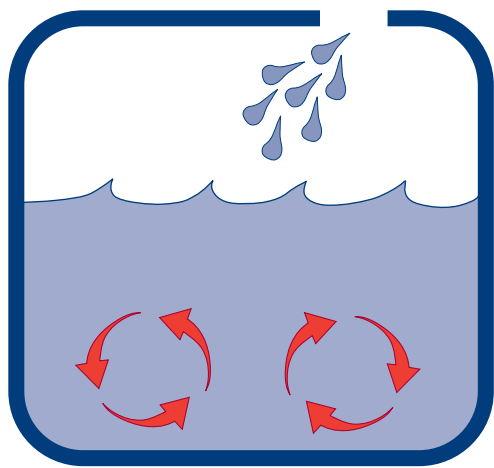
IMPORTANT: READ THE ATTACHED LEAFLET BEFORE USE



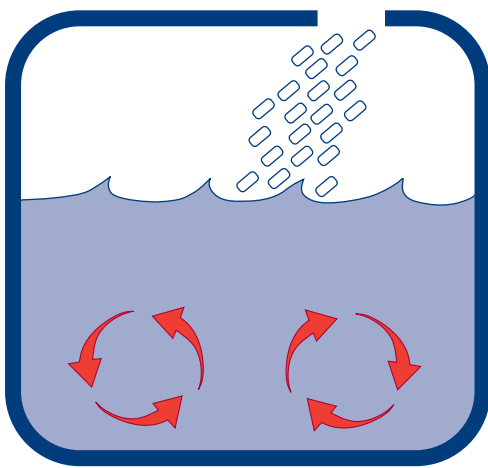
CONQUEST AGROCHEMICALS PTY. LTD.
ABN 84 098 814 932
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Osborne Park, WA 6017
Telephone: 08 9347 0500, Facsimile: 08 9347 0551

NET CONTENTS
15 kg

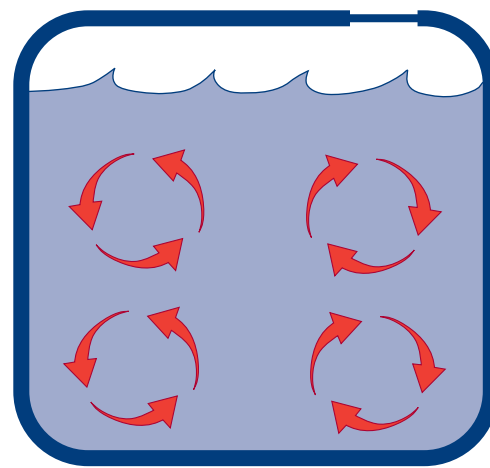
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NB. Spray solution should NOT be left standing in the tank or spray boom lines overnight.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Store in the closed, original container in a dry, cool, well-ventilated area out of direct sunlight. Shake empty bag into spray tank. Do not dispose of undiluted chemicals on-site. Puncture or shred and bury empty containers in a local authority landfill. If no landfill is available, bury the container below 500 mm in a disposal pit specifically marked and set up for this purpose, clear of waterways, desirable vegetation and tree roots. Empty containers and product should not be burnt.

SAFETY DIRECTIONS

Avoid contact with eyes and skin. **DO NOT** inhale dust or spray mist. When preparing and using the prepared spray wear elbow length PVC gloves. After use and before eating, drinking or smoking, wash hands, arms and face thoroughly with soap and water. After each day's use wash gloves and contaminated clothing.

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SPECIALIST ADVICE IN AN EMERGENCY DIAL

1800 033 111

24 HOURS AUSTRALIA WIDE



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Batch No

DOM

APVMA Approval No: 56276/15kg/0408



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Application Number: 43478
File Name: 56276_43478_15kg_MPL_V2.pdf
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Dimensions: 260mm x 510mm
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A3 - 81%

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Telephone (08) 9347 0500 Facsimile (08) 9347 0551

APVMA Approval Number : 56276/1107



DIRECTIONS FOR USE

Restrains
DO NOT apply to waterlogged soil
DO NOT apply if heavy rains or storms that are likely to cause runoff are forecast within 2 days of application
DO NOT irrigate to the point of runoff for at least 2 days after application
DO NOT use as a pre-emergence application in broom millet, saccaline or sorghum during the wet season in the northern irrigation areas of WA
DO NOT use a knapsack sprayer for application in Eucalypts and Pinus radiata plantations.
TT Canola DO NOT use or apply this product post emergence on raised beds or where furrows have been created for the purpose of holding or channeling water.

DO NOT apply product to any drainage line. Drainage lines show evidence of the action of periodically flowing water (for example, gravel, pebble, rock or sand bed, scour hole or nick point) and/or an incised channel at least 30 cm deep.
DO NOT handle, mix, apply or conduct testing operations in areas susceptible to run-off where drainage results in rapid entry into waterways, particularly where no specific and effective action has been taken to prevent run-off into waterways. These areas may include areas mounded perpendicular to the contour, roads, access tracks, snig tracks, and compacted log dumps.

Soil moisture: The product requires rainfall or irrigation to move it down through the soil into the weed root zone to make it effective. Sufficient rain or irrigation to thoroughly wet the soil through the weed root zone should occur or be made within 10 days after spraying.

| CROP/SITUATION | WEEDS CONTROLLED | STATE | RATE/ha | CRITICAL COMMENTS |
|---|---|----------------------------------|--|---|
| Canola (Triazine Tolerant varieties only) Pre-emergence or post sowing pre-emergence only | Capeweed, Charlock, Clover, Corn Gromwell, Doublegee, Fumitories, Geraniums, Ivy-leaf Speedwell, London Rocket, Mustards, Turnips, Paterson's Curse, Shepherd's Purse, Silver Grass (Vulpia). Suppression of Annual Ryegrass, Barley Grass, Brome Grass, Wild Oats and Wild Radish | All States | 1.1 to 2.2 kg | Important: This use is subject to adherence to the INTEGRATED WEED MANAGEMENT STRATEGY for TT-Canola See General Instructions: Integrated Weed Management Strategy for TT-Canola Can be applied up to a week before sowing or post-sowing pre-emergence (ideally incorporated by harrows). For best results apply to bare moist soil, either immediately before seeding or as a preemergence treatment at or within 7 days of planting. Sufficient rainfall (20 to 30 mm) to wet the soil through the weed root zone is necessary within 2 to 3 weeks of application. Application should not be made to ridged or excessively cloddy soil. When applied before seeding, incorporate to a depth of 5 cm. |
| | Annual Ryegrass (1-2 leaf stage only), Mustards, Wild Radish, Turnips | | 0.5 to 1.1 kg | Important: This use is subject to adherence to the INTEGRATED WEED MANAGEMENT STRATEGY for TT-Canola See General Instructions: Integrated Weed Management Strategy for TT-Canola Apply to moist soil when weeds are actively growing. The addition of 0.5 to 1% v/v of crop oil will enhance post-emergence activity. Cold water: Under cold water conditions (10°C or less) use Adigor® Spray Adjuvant or Hasten* Spray Adjuvant at the recommended rate. DO NOT apply more than 1 post-emergence application. |
| Eucalypts, Pinus Radiata plantations | Capeweed, Clovers, Common Sow Thistle, Mouse-eared Chickweed, Ryegrass, Sand Brome, Silver Grass, Spear Thistle seedlings, Wild Oats, Yorkshire Fog | NSW, Vic, Tas, SA, WA & ACT only | 5 – 8.8 kg | Pre-planting: Graze the area heavily and apply the tank mixture by boom spray or aircraft no more than 2 weeks before planting. Post-planting: Apply the mixture by boom spray either immediately after or within 1 month of planting. When applying by aircraft, the pines must be at least 1 month old. Application must be made before the spring flush commences. Use rates towards the lower end of the range where broadleaf weeds are the major problem and rates towards the higher end of the range where grasses are the major problem. Use up to 8.8 kg/ha on clay loams and heavier textured soils. For sandy soils and soils described as highly erodible, apply a maximum of 5 kg/ha. DO NOT apply with a knapsack sprayer. |
| Grass Pastures | Giant Sensitive Plant | Qld only | 2.2 to 3.3kg | Post-emergence only: Apply to moist soil and when rain is likely. Use the higher rate when long residual control is required. |
| Grass Seed Crops - established stands of Currie Cocksfoot, Demeter Fescue and Sirocco Phalaris. - Seedling <i>Panicum Maximum</i> and Signal grass | Billygoat Weed (Blue Top), Cobbler's-pegs, Crowsfoot Grass, Fleabanes, Love Grass, Mexican Poppy, Rhodes grass, <i>Setaria</i> spp., <i>Sida</i> spp., Stinking-Roger, Thickhead, Wild Hops, Wild Radish, Woolly Top. | Qld only | 2.5 to 3.3kg | Pre-emergence: Apply at or immediately after planting, preferably to a moist soil, and before crop and weeds germinate. Use the lower rate on <i>Panicum maximum</i> seed crops and the higher rate on Signal Grass when grasses are likely to be the major problem. Guinea Grass, Panics and Summer Grasses (<i>Digitaria</i> spp and <i>Brachiaria</i> spp) are not controlled. Warning: Damage can occur to <i>Panicum maximum</i> when application is made under cool, dry conditions. Note: When used in <i>Panicum maximum</i> or Signal Grass, user accepts all responsibility should any damage occur. Refer to Incorporation in General Instructions. |
| | Brome Grass | All States | 1.0 to 1.2 kg | Apply after the autumn break where Brome Grass is emerging using a low volume boom. |
| Lucerne established for more than 1 year | Mintweed | All States | 600g | Apply when the first germination of Mintweed seedlings are 5 to 8 cm high using a low volume boom applying 140 to 170 L spray mixture/ha. |
| Lupins when no weeds are present at sowing | Capeweed, Clovers, Doublegee, Medics, Mustard, Turnip, Wild Radish, Wireweed Suppression of annual grass weeds | WA only | 270 to 550g plus 280 to 550g Simaquest 900 WG Herbicide. | DO NOT use on whitish or grey sands. Apply the tank mixture to bare moist soil immediately before or at seeding. Incorporation of the tank mixture by the sowing operation should not exceed 5 cm. Sufficient rainfall to wet the soil through the weed root zone is necessary within 2 to 3 weeks of application. Results with the tank mixture can be variable if seasonal conditions are dry prior to sowing and lupins are sown into a dry or low moisture seedbed. Apply a maximum of 400 g/ha of Conquest Atracquest 900 WG plus 416 g/ha of Simaquest 900 WG on yellow sands. Apply 550 g/ha of Conquest Atracquest 900 WG plus 550 g/ha of Simaquest 900 WG on all other soil types. Warning: Some early crop phytotoxicity may be observed, particularly on yellow sands carrying native pear and pine vegetation. |
| Maintenance of fallow areas prior to planting a Sorghum crop in a conservation tillage system | Amaranths, Annual Ground Cherry, Barnyard Grass, Black Bindweed (Climbing Buckwheat), Black-berry Nightshade, Bladder Ketmia, Burrs, Caltrop, Cobbler's pegs, Common Thornapple, Crowsfoot Grass, Dwarf Marigold, Fat-hen, Love Grass, Mintweed, Parthenium weed, Pigeon Grass, Pigweed, Plains Grass, Potato Weed, Prickly Paddy Melon, Sesbania Pea, Spring Grass, Summer grass, Sunflowers, Wireweed, Yellow Vine. | Qld, NSW & ACT only | 2.0 – 3.3 kg | Pre-plant: Apply to moist soil or when rain is imminent and prior to the germination of weeds and grasses, or as a tank mixture with a specific knockdown herbicide if weeds and grasses are present. Use the lower rate when short term control of weeds and grasses is required or where a wheat crop will follow sorghum in the rotation. Use the higher rate when longer term control of weeds and grasses is required. Refer to Incorporation in General Instructions. |
| Maize, Sweetcorn Irrigated and Dryland) | Amaranths, Annual Ground Cherry, Barnyard Grass, Black Bindweed (Climbing Buckwheat), Black-berry Nightshade, Bladder Ketmia, Burrs, Caltrop, Cobbler's pegs, Common Thornapple, Crowsfoot Grass, Dwarf Marigold, Fat-hen, Love Grass, Mintweed, Parthenium weed, Pigeon Grass, Pigweed, Plains Grass, Potato Weed, Prickly Paddy Melon, Sesbania Pea, Spring Grass, Summer grass, Sunflowers, Wireweed, Yellow Vine. | All States | 2.5 – 3.3 kg | Pre-plant, pre-emergence or post-emergence: Use the lower rate where broadleaf weeds are the major problem and the higher rate where grasses are the major problem or on heavy soils. Post-emergence: Add a crop oil at the recommended rate. Refer to Incorporation in General Instructions. |
| Potatoes | Knockdown of existing weed growth and residual control of the following weeds and grasses, as an aid to the harvesting of potatoes: Capeweed, Clovers, Cruciferous Weeds, Paterson's Curse, Ryegrass, Variegated Thistle, Winter Grass | Vic, Tas only | 1.3 kg plus 4.6 L of a 250 g/L amitrole with 220 g/L ammonium thiocyanate | Apply after potato haulms have dried off and weeds are at seedling stage. |
| Roadside and rights of way | Parthenium Weed | Qld, NSW, ACT, NT only | 3.3 kg | Pre-emergence and post-emergence: Apply to moist soil, following germinating rains and when further follow up rain is imminent. Where germination has occurred, ensure application is made to seedling plants. |
| Sorghum Concep II treated seed | Amaranths, Annual Ground Cherry, Black Bindweed (Climbing Buckwheat), Black Pigweed, Blackberry Nightshade, Bladder Ketmia, Burrs, Caltrop, Cobbler's-peg, Common Thornapple, Dwarf Marigold, Fat Hen, Liverseed Grass, Mintweed, Prickly Paddy Melon, Parthenium Weed, Potato Weed, Sesbania Pea, Wireweed | Qld, NSW, Vic, WA, ACT only | 1.4 kg plus 1 to 2 L Dual Gold* Herbicide | Pre-emergence only: Use the lower rate of Dual Gold on light to medium soils and the higher rate on heavy soils or where a heavy grass population is expected. Refer to Incorporation in General Instructions. |
| Sorghum dryland and irrigated | Amaranths, Annual Ground Cherry, Black Bindweed (Climbing Buckwheat), Black Pigweed, Blackberry Nightshade, Bladder Ketmia, Burrs, Caltrop, Cobbler's-peg, Common Thornapple, Dwarf Marigold, Fat Hen, Mintweed, Prickly Paddy Melon, Parthenium Weed, Potato Weed, Sesbania Pea, Wireweed | Qld, NSW & ACT only | 1.1 kg plus 500 mL of a 500 g/L 2,4-D amine or 700 mL of a 200 g/L dicamba | Post-emergence only: Spray when broadleaf weeds are young (5 to 10 cm) and actively growing. Apply only when sorghum plants have 4 to 6 leaves fully formed (including the cotyledon) and good root development. Warning: Atrazine mixtures with 2,4-D and dicamba can cause crop damage in central Qld. Refer to Incorporation in General Instructions. |
| Sorghum, Forage Sorghum, Broom Millet, Saccaline Dryland | Amaranths, Annual Ground Cherry, Barnyard Grass, Black Bindweed (Climbing Buckwheat), Blackberry Nightshade, Bladder Ketmia, Burrs, Caltrop, Cobbler's pegs, Common Thornapple, Crowsfoot Grass, Dwarf Marigold, Fat Hen, Love Grass, Mintweed, Parthenium Weed, Pigeon Grass, Pigweed, Plains Grass, Potato Weed, Prickly Paddy Melon, Sesbania Pea, Spring Grass, Summer Grass, Sunflowers, Wild Oats, Wireweed | All States | 2 kg | Pre-plant or pre-emergence only: Use this technique where grasses are likely to be the major problem. Refer to Incorporation in General Instructions. |
| | | | 2 kg followed by 1.3 kg | Pre-plant or pre-emergence followed by a postemergence: Use this technique where long term or additional weed control is required, because of heavy rainfall or prolonged wet conditions following the initial application, or because dry weather follows sowing and spraying and weed and grass growth occurs. Refer to Incorporation in General Instructions. |
| | | | 2 to 2.5 kg | Post-emergence only: Use the lower rate where only a broadleaf weed problem occurs and the higher rate where grasses are the major problem. Add a non-ionic surfactant. Refer to Incorporation in General Instructions. |
| Sorghum, Forage Sorghum, Broom Millet, Saccaline Irrigated | | | 1.7 kg followed by 1.4 to 1.6 kg | Pre-plant or pre-emergence followed by a postemergence (See General Instructions): Use the lower rate on medium textured soils and the higher rate where grasses are the major problem or on heavy soils. |
| | | | 2.5 to 3.3 kg | Pre-emergence or post-emergence only (See General Instructions): Use the lower rate on light sandy soil, ie soils low in organic matter, and medium textured soils, and the higher rate where grasses are the major problem or on heavy soils. DO NOT apply as a pre-emergence application to light sandy soils. Add a non-ionic surfactant to post-emergence applications. Note: Not recommended in the MIA. |
| Sorghum, Forage Sorghum, Broom Millet, Saccaline dryland and irrigated | Black Pigweed, Mintweed | Qld only | 1.3 kg | Pre-plant, pre-emergence or post-emergence: Apply when weeds are young (4 to 6 true leaves) and actively growing. Refer to Incorporation in General Instructions. |

| CROP/SITUATION | WEEDS CONTROLLED | STATE | RATE/ha | CRITICAL COMMENTS |
|----------------|--|---------------|--|--|
| Sugar cane | African Stargrass, Bellvine, Billygoat Weed, Chinese Burr, Crowsfoot Grass, Cupid's Flower, Flannel Weed, Gambia Pea, Green Summer Grass, Mossman River Grass, Rattlepod, Summer Grass | NSW, Qld only | 3.3 kg plus 4 L of a 500 g/L ametryn in sufficient water for thorough coverage | Apply as a pre-emergence or early postemergence application to both crop and weeds. If weeds and grasses are present at time of application, these should be actively growing and not exceed the 3 to 4 leaf stage. Aim to apply onto moist soil and when rain is likely to occur within 10 days of application. Application may be as either a band or blanket spray. When applying after the cane has emerged, use a directed spray to minimise contact of the spray with the cane plants. Refer to Incorporation in General Instructions. Warning: Some phytotoxicity may be observed in Q90. |
| | Barnyard Grass, Blue Top (Billygoat Weed), Budda Pea, Crowsfoot Grass, Flannel Weed, Sida retusa (Common Sida), Stinking Passion Flower, Summer Grass, Wild Rose | | 2.2 to 3.3 kg | Apply as a pre-emergence application where grasses are the major problem and as a postemergence application where broadleaf weeds only are present, these should not have more than 4 to 6 true leaves and be actively growing. Apply to moist soil and when rain is likely to occur within 10 days of application. Use higher rate where longer residual control is required. Add a recommended post-emergence herbicide if grasses are present at the time of spraying. Refer to Incorporation in General Instructions. Warning: Some phytotoxicity may be observed in Q90. |
| | Giant Sensitive Plant | Qld only | | Apply as post-emergence application. Apply to moist soil and when rain is likely to occur within 10 days of application. Use higher rate when long residual control is required. Refer to Incorporation in General Instructions. Warning: Some phytotoxicity may be observed in Q90. |

NOT TO BE USED FOR ANY PURPOSE, OR IN ANY MANNER, CONTRARY TO THIS LABEL UNLESS AUTHORISED UNDER APPROPRIATE LEGISLATION

WITHHOLDING PERIODS

Harvest
All crops: **NOT REQUIRED WHEN USED AS DIRECTED**

Grazing
Canola: Pre-emergence application: **DO NOT GRAZE OR CUT FOR STOCK FOOD FOR 15 WEEKS AFTER APPLICATION**
Canola: Post-emergence application: **DO NOT GRAZE OR CUT FOR STOCK FOOD FOR 6 WEEKS AFTER APPLICATION**
Other crops: **NOT REQUIRED WHEN USED AS DIRECTED**

APPLICATION
Other crops (except canola): DO NOT apply to areas that will or may be grazed or cut for stockfood within 28 days after application.

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

ATRAQUEST 900 WG HERBICIDE is a pre- and post-emergence herbicide that controls weeds from seed and weed seedlings. However, established perennial species, large annuals and large broadleaf weeds are not satisfactorily controlled at the rates recommended. Duration and effectiveness of control depends on the amount of chemical applied, soil type, rainfall and particular weed species.

The maximum rate of atrazine application in all crops except plantation forestry is limited to an amount of product equivalent to 3 kg a.i. atrazine per hectare per year. DO NOT exceed this limit, especially when applying an atrazine herbicide post-emergence, where an atrazine herbicide has been applied pre-emergence.

The maximum rate of application in plantation forestry is an amount of product equivalent to 4.5 kg a.i. atrazine per hectare per year in sandy soils and those defined as highly erodible, and product equivalent to 8 kg a.i. atrazine per hectare per year in clay loam and heavier textured soils.

RESISTANT WEEDS WARNING

GROUP C HERBICIDE

ATRAQUEST 900 WG HERBICIDE is a member of the triazine group of herbicides. ATRAQUEST 900 WG HERBICIDE has the inhibitor of photosynthesis at photosystem II mode of action. For weed resistance management ATRAQUEST 900 WG HERBICIDE is a Group C herbicide. Some naturally occurring weed biotypes resistant to ATRAQUEST 900 WG HERBICIDE and other inhibitor of photosynthesis at photosystem II herbicides may exist through normal genetic variability in any weed population. The resistant individuals can eventually dominate the weed population if these herbicides are used repeatedly. These resistant weeds will not be controlled by ATRAQUEST 900 WG HERBICIDE or other inhibitor of photosynthesis at photosystem II herbicides. Since the occurrence of resistant weeds is difficult to detect prior to use, Conquest Agrochemicals Pty Limited accepts no liability for any losses that may result from the failure of ATRAQUEST 900 WG HERBICIDE to control resistant weeds. Any incidents of resistance must be reported to Conquest Agrochemicals Pty. Ltd on (+61) 8 9347 0500.

Advice as to strategies and alternative treatments that can be used should be obtained from your local supplier, consultant, local Department of Agriculture or Primary Industries Department

Resistant Weeds Reporting

Growers should collect plant or seed samples where weeds that are normally susceptible to atrazine and simazine may be resistant, get them tested and seek professional advice. **To minimise herbicide resistance:**

- Avoid dry sowing in heavily weed infested paddocks. Wait for a weed germination after the opening rains in weedy paddocks. Use a pre-plant knockdown or cultivation. No weeds should be allowed to survive at this stage.
- Adapt the weed control program to the anticipated weed spectrum and pressure:
Broadleaf Weeds and Ryegrass: Use simazine or atrazine plus trifluralin pre-emergence. A follow-up with a Group A herbicide (if ryegrass is susceptible) or atrazine may be necessary.
Broadleaf Weeds only: Use atrazine post-emergence.
- **DO NOT** use atrazine 900 g/kg or simazine 900 g/kg if the area to be treated had a triazine herbicide applied to it last season.
- Watch for escapes, especially in paddocks with a long history of Group C herbicide use.
- **DO NOT** use Group C herbicides in consecutive years.

To avoid Triazine carry over:

On acid soils (pH less than 6.5) – The maximum rate of atrazine 900 g/kg or simazine 900 g/kg or a combination of the two products to be applied to the crop during the growing season is **2.2 kg/ha**.

On alkaline soils (pH greater than 6.5) – the maximum rate of atrazine 900 g/kg or simazine 900 g/kg or a combination of the two products to be applied to the crop during the growing season is **1.1 kg/ha**.

Post-emergence use – It is recommended that atrazine 900 g/kg only be used, and at rates of **1.1 kg/ha** or less, on both acid or alkaline soils.

INTEGRATED WEED MANAGEMENT STRATEGY FOR TT CANOLA

The use of this product in TT canola is subject to an Integrated Weed Management Strategy for the use of triazine herbicides in triazine tolerant (TT) canola. The Strategy encompasses:

- Integrated Weed Management;
- The specific management of crop plant volunteers and outcrossing to other plants; and
- Triazine herbicide residue management (agronomic and environment).

Compliance with registered label directions and adoption of the principles outlined in the Strategy will assist with implementation of crop management practices that minimise the development of herbicide resistance in treated weeds; reduce the levels of triazine residues in the environment; and manage volunteer plants and outcrossing.

Copies of the Strategy are available from Avcare (www.avcare.org.au) or Conquest Agrochemicals Pty. Limited.

It is advised that consultation be undertaken with an appropriate agronomist, consultant or Departmental adviser prior to the use of ATRAQUEST 900 WG on TT Canola.

Important: Use may not control canola escapes or weedy canola relatives if triazine tolerant. The Canola Association of Australia, neighbouring land managers and growers should be notified of suspected incidents of resistance.

DO NOT mix, load or apply this product within 20 m of any well, sink hole, intermittent or perennial stream.

MIXING

This product must be mixed with water and applied by suitable spray equipment.

1. Fill vat no more than 25% full with clean water before adding ATRAQUEST 900 WG HERBICIDE. Begin agitating vat contents vigorously and continue agitation during entire mixing and spraying operations.
2. Pour required amount of ATRAQUEST 900 WG HERBICIDE steadily into vat. Allow vigorous bypass agitation to completely disperse product. **DO NOT** dump product into vat all at once.
3. After adding required quantity of ATRAQUEST 900 WG HERBICIDE and obtaining **complete dispersion**, continue to fill vat to desired level for spraying. Thorough agitation of the spray liquid should continue during the entire spraying operation.

Note: Spray solution should NOT be left standing in the vat overnight.

Product Rate Conversion 500 SC, 600 SC, 900 WG

| Flowable 500 g/L Rate/ha | Flowable 600 g/L Rate/ha | Flowable 900 g/L Rate/ha |
|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| 500 mL | 420 mL | 270 g |
| 750 mL | 625 mL | 400 g |
| 1 L | 830 mL | 550 g |
| 1.5 L | 1.25 L | 800 g |
| 2 L | 1.7 L | 1.1 kg |
| 2.5 L | 2 L | 1.4 kg |
| 3 L | 2.5 L | 1.7 kg |
| 3.5 L | 2.9 L | 1.9 kg |
| 4 L | 3.3 L | 2.2 kg |
| 4.5 L | 3.7 L | 2.5 kg |
| 6 L | 5 L | 3.3 kg |
| 7 L | 5.8 L | 3.9 kg |
| 9 L | 7.5 L | 5 kg |
| 16 L | 13 L | 8.8 kg |

Compatibility

Compatible with Adigor*, ametryn, dicamba, Dual Gold*, Gesapax* Combi* 500 SC Liquid Herbicide, glyphosate, Conquest Explode 250 Herbicide, Hasten*, hexazinone and Conquest Scorcher 250 Herbicide. As formulations of other manufacturers' products are beyond the control of Conquest Agrochemicals and water quality varies with location, all mixtures should be tested prior to mixing commercial quantities.

Summer Crops

Heavy rains immediately following an application tend to result in excessive concentrations of herbicide in the seed furrow, thus encouraging possible crop injury. This is most likely to occur when a pre-plant or pre-emergence application is made using rates in excess of 2 kg/ha. To avoid the likelihood of herbicide injury follow time of application (a), (b) or (d) listed below.

Time of application

- Broom millet, maize, saccaline, sorghum, sweet corn Pre-plant or pre-emergence applications are preferred where grasses are the major problem.
- (a) *Pre-plant application followed by post-emergence application:* Apply after establishment of the seed bed and up to 2 weeks prior to sowing. Application should preferably be made to moist soil and rain or irrigation should follow application. Mechanical incorporation may also assist. If using this technique on irrigated crops, then a post-emergence spray must be applied as soon as possible after the crop has emerged and has developed 2 to 3 leaves.
 - (b) *At sowing application followed by a post-emergence application:* Apply at or immediately after planting and before crop and weeds emerge. Application should preferably be made to moist soil and rain or irrigation should follow application. Mechanical incorporation may also assist. If using this technique on irrigated crops, then a post-emergence spray must be applied as soon as possible after the crop has emerged and has developed 2 to 3 leaves.
 - (c) *At sowing application:* Apply at or immediately after planting and before crop and weeds emerge. Application should preferably be made to moist soil and rain or irrigation should follow application. Mechanical incorporation may also assist.
 - (d) *Post-emergence application:* Application must be made to seedling broadleaf weeds and grasses when they are not more than 1 cm high. Normally the crop is then at the 2 to 3 leaf stage. For best results, the soil should be moist and rain or irrigation should follow application. Add a non-ionic surfactant for all post-emergence applications in broom millet, saccaline and sorghum, and a crop oil at the recommended rate to the spray mixture for maize and sweet corn.

Application

Always apply the product to an even unridged seedbed.

Aerial application: With aerial application, the need for good soil moisture at the time of application and follow up rain or irrigation within 10 days is most critical. Apply 20 to 30 L/ha. **DO NOT** use human flaggers in aerial spraying, unless protected by engineering controls such as enclosed cabs.

Ground application: Application can be made as an overall or band treatment. Minimum band width should be 30 cm. Apply 50 to 100 L/ha.

TT-Canola: **DO NOT** apply to TT-Canola by aircraft. Apply only with a low boom sprayer with a 60 m buffer zone downwind of treated fields to natural or impounded lakes or dams, and a 20 m buffer zone for any well, sink hole, intermittent or perennial stream. Apply only to areas where runoff is unlikely to occur or where runoff may be captured by farm earthworks.

Incorporation (pre-plant and at sowing application)

This product acts mainly by root absorption. Its effectiveness depends on the occurrence of rainfall or irrigation to move it down into the weed root zone. Sufficient rain or irrigation to thoroughly wet the soil through the weed root zone should occur or be made immediately after application to provide appropriate weed control. Delay in activation of the product may result in some weed growth. In flood or furrow irrigation situations complete and continued activation of the product may not occur due to a thin band of dry soil on the surface during or after irrigation. Mechanical incorporation after application, using light harrows to incorporate the product into the soil not more than 4 cm deep is required to ensure the irrigation water activates the product.

PRECAUTION

Re-entry Period DO NOT enter treated areas without protective clothing until spray has dried.

PROTECTION OF CROPS, NATIVE AND OTHER NON-TARGET PLANTS

DO NOT apply under weather conditions or from spraying equipment which may cause spray to drift onto nearby susceptible plants/crops, cropping lands or pastures.

DO NOT apply product, or drain or flush equipment on or near desirable trees or other plants or on areas where their roots may extend or in locations where the chemical may be washed or moved into contact with their roots.

Crop Rotation

DO NOT plant crops other than those recommended on this label for at least 6 months following treatments at rates up to 1.4 kg/ha and for 18 months following treatments of 1.4 to 3.3 kg/ha.

PROTECTION OF WILDLIFE, FISH, CRUSTACEANS AND ENVIRONMENT

DO NOT apply this product within 60 m of natural or impounded lakes or dams. **DO NOT** use in channels and drains. **DO NOT** apply under weather conditions or from spraying equipment which may cause drift of this product or spray mix onto adjacent areas, particularly wetlands, waterbodies or watercourses. **DO NOT** contaminate streams, rivers or waterways with the chemical or used containers. This product is very highly toxic to algae and aquatic macrophytes.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Store in the closed, original container in a dry, cool, well ventilated area out of direct sunlight.

10 kg Box.

Shake box contents into spray tank until the box is empty. **DO NOT** dispose of undiluted chemicals on site. Puncture and bury empty containers in a local authority landfill. If no landfill is available, bury the containers below 500 mm in a disposal pit specifically marked and set up for this purpose clear of waterways, desirable vegetation and tree roots.

Empty containers and product should not be burnt.

15kg Bag

Shake bag contents into spray tank until the bag is empty. **DO NOT** dispose of undiluted chemicals on site. Puncture or shred and bury empty containers in a local authority landfill. If no landfill is available, bury the containers below 500 mm in a disposal pit specifically marked and set up for this purpose clear of waterways, desirable vegetation and tree roots.

Empty containers and product should not be burnt.

SAFETY DIRECTIONS

Avoid contact with eyes and skin. **DO NOT** inhale dust or spray mist. When preparing and using the prepared spray wear elbow length PVC gloves. After use and before eating, drinking or smoking, wash hands, arms and face thoroughly with soap and water. After each day's use wash gloves and contaminated clothing.

FIRST AID

If poisoning occurs, contact a doctor or Poisons Information Centre. Phone Australia 131 126.

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

Additional information is listed in the Material Safety Data Sheet.

CONDITIONS OF SALE

Conquest Agrochemicals Pty. Ltd. shall not be liable for any loss, injury, damage or death whether consequential or otherwise, whatsoever or whosoever arising whether through negligence or otherwise, in connection with the sale, supply, use or application of this product. The supply of this product is on the express condition that the purchaser does not rely on Conquest skill or judgement in the purchasing or using the same and every person using this product does so at his own risk absolutely. No representative of Conquest has the authority to add or alter these.

* Registered products.



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|----------------------------|---|
| APVMA Approval No: | 56276 |
| Application Number: | 43478 |
| File Name: | 56276_43478_leaflet_MPL_V3.pdf |
| Product Name: | Conquest Atrapest 900 WG Herbicide |
| Pack Size: | Leaflet |
| Dimensions: | 200mm x 650mm |
| Print Size: | A4 - 44% |
| | A3 - 63% |