

POISON

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN
READ SAFETY DIRECTIONS BEFORE OPENING OR USING

Conquest Bromo 200 SELECTIVE HERBICIDE



ACTIVE CONSTITUENTS: 200g/L BROMOXYNIL present as the n-octanoyl ester
SOLVENT: 616g/L LIQUID HYDROCARBON

GROUP	C	HERBICIDE
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Conquest Bromo 200 Selective Herbicide is for the control of weeds in wheat, oats, barley, cereal rye and triticale (alone or undersown), linseed, clover and lucerne pastures, turf, fallow, non-crop, roadsides and rights-of-way as specified in the Directions for Use table.

IMPORTANT: READ THE ATTACHED LEAFLET BEFORE USE

CONTENTS: 20 LITRES
(110L)

Conquest Crop Protection Pty Ltd.
ABN 84 098 814 932
Unit 1, 46 Hasler Road
Osborne Park WA 6017

Telephone (08) 9347 0500
Facsimile: (08) 9347 0551

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL:

Store in the closed, original container in a cool, well-ventilated area. Do not store for prolonged periods in direct sunlight.

Triple or preferably pressure rinse containers before disposal. Add rinsings to the spray tank. Do not dispose of undiluted chemicals on site. If recycling, replace cap and return clean containers to recycler or designated collection point.

If not recycling, break, crush, or puncture and bury empty containers in a local authority landfill. If no landfill is available, bury the empty containers below 500 mm in a disposal pit specifically marked and set up for this purpose clear of waterways, desirable vegetation and tree roots. Empty containers and product should not be burnt.

For refillable containers: Empty contents fully into application equipment. Close all valves and return to point of supply for refill or storage.

SAFETY DIRECTIONS:

Product is poisonous if inhaled or swallowed. May irritate the eyes and skin. Avoid contact with eyes and skin. Do not inhale spray mist. When preparing spray, wear elbow length PVC gloves and face shield. After use and before eating, drinking or smoking, wash hands, arms and face thoroughly with soap and water. After each day's use, wash gloves and face shield.

FIRST AID:

If poisoning occurs, contact a Doctor or Poisons Information Centre (Phone Australia 131126). If swallowed, do NOT induce vomiting. Give a glass of water.

CONDITIONS OF SALE

Conquest Crop Protection Pty. Ltd. shall not be liable for any loss, injury, damage or death whether consequential or otherwise, whatsoever or whosoever arising whether through negligence or otherwise, in connection with the sale, supply, use or application of this product. The supply of this product is on the express condition that the purchaser does not rely on Conquest skill of judgement in the purchasing or using the same and every person using this product does so at his own risk absolutely. No representative of Conquest has the authority to add or alter these.

In a Transport Emergency
Dial 000
Police, or Fire Brigade

FOR SPECIALIST ADVICE IN AN EMERGENCY
DIAL
1800 033 111
ALL HOURS AUSTRALIA WIDE

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Batch No:

DOM

APVMA Approval No: 58836/20/0804

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DIRECTIONS FOR USE:**RESTRAINTS:**

DO NOT apply by mister machines.

DO NOT apply if crops or weeds are stressed due to excessively dry or moist conditions.

DO NOT apply to diseased or frost-affected crops or if frosts are imminent.

DO NOT apply if rain is expected within three hours.

DO NOT apply to lucerne crops or clover based pastures or turf in temperatures above 20°C or when temperatures above 20°C may follow for some days after application.

Situation & Crop	Weeds Controlled	Weed Stage	State	Rate	Critical Comments
Wheat, Barley, Cereal Rye, Oats, Triticale, including those undersown with Clover, Lucerne or Medic (Vic only); Linseed, Clover or Lucerne Pastures; Lotus seed or forage crops (Qld only)	Amsinckia (<i>Amsinckia</i> spp.), Black Bindweed (Climbing Buckwheat), (<i>Fallopia convolvulus</i>), Capeweed (<i>Arctotheca calendula</i>), Chamomile (<i>Matricaria matricarioides</i>), Common Peppergrass (<i>Lepidium africanum</i>), Corn Gromwell (Ironweed, Sheepweed) (<i>Buglossoides arvensis</i>), Fat Hen (<i>Chenopodium album</i>), Field Madder (<i>Sherardia arvensis</i>), Lesser Swinecress (<i>Coronopus didymus</i>), Mountain Sorrel (<i>Oxalis acetosella</i>), Purple Calandrinia (<i>Calandrinia menziesii</i>), Saffron Thistle (<i>Carthamus lanatus</i>), Shepherd's Purse (<i>Capsella bursae-pastoris</i>), Three-horned bedstraw (<i>Gallium tricornutum</i>), Tree Hogweed (<i>Polygonum patulum</i>), Variegated Thistle (<i>Silybum marianum</i>)	Up to the 4 leaf stage or when plants are no more than 35mm in diameter	All States	1.4L/ha	<p>CROP STAGE: Wheat, Barley, Cereal Rye, Oats and Triticale: 3 leaf to full tillering (Z13-30). Linseed: 50 to 150 mm high. Lucerne and Clover: After seedlings have one trifoliolate leaf or before there is 150mm regrowth in established stands. Lotus: Apply post-emergence at least 4 weeks after sowing (crop seedlings with a minimum of 2-6 true leaves). APPLICATION: Refer to General Instructions. Avoid application when maximum daily temperatures above 20°C occur, or are likely to occur for a few days after application. Good coverage of the spray on the weed is essential. Apply only in the Autumn and Winter (mid April to end of August). For optimum control, apply only when the weeds are actively growing and before the weeds are shielded by the crop. CAUTION: Lucerne and Clover: This product will cause slight leaf burning of undersown lucerne and clover. DO NOT apply to Persian clover or Berseem clover. Linseed: DO NOT spray Linseed by aerial application. Lotus: Some initial scorching of leaves may occur in some cases. Medics: Application to some cultivars of medics may result in unacceptable crop damage in some situations. # Effective control of Patterson's Curse and Fumitories will only be obtained under good growing conditions. ## Where Wireweed is growing under stress, it has been found to be less susceptible.</p>
		Up to the 6 leaf stage or when plants are no more than 50mm in diameter		2.0L/ha	
		Mexican Poppy (<i>Argemone ochroleuca</i>), Three Cornered Jack (Doublegee, Spiny Emex) (<i>Emex australis</i>), Turnip Weed (Giant Mustard) (<i>Rapistrum rugosum</i>), Wild Radish (<i>Raphanus raphanistrum</i>), Wild Mustard (<i>Sisymbrium</i> spp.), Wild Turnip (<i>Brassica tournefortii</i>), Wireweed## (<i>Polygonum aviculare</i>), Paterson's Curse# (salvation Jane) (<i>Echium plantagineum</i>)	Up to the 4 leaf stage or when plants are no more than 50mm in diameter		
	Fumitories# (<i>Fumaria</i> spp.)		Qld, NSW, VIC, SA, WA & ACT only		

Wheat, Barley, Cereal Rye, Oats, Triticale, including those undersown with	Pheasant's Eye (<i>Adonis microcarpa</i>), Birds Eye (Carrot Weed) (<i>Cotula australis</i>)	Up to the 4 true leaf stage	SA only	700mL/ha	DO NOT use where undersown Medics occur.
		Greater than the 4 true leaf stage		1.4L/ha	
Clover, Lucerne or Medic (Vic only); Linseed, Clover or Lucerne Pastures; Lotus seed or forage crops (Qld only) (Continued)	Fireweed (<i>Senecio spp.</i>)	Prior to flower development	Qld, NSW, ACT only	1.4L/ha	Apply during the Autumn-Winter period when the weeds are young and actively growing.
		Early flowering stage		2.8L/ha	

Wheat, Barley, Cereal Rye, Oats, Triticale, including those undersown with Clover, Lucerne or Medics Clover Seed Crops	Amsinckia (<i>Amsinckia</i> spp.), Capeweed (<i>Arctotheca calendula</i>), Chamomile (<i>Matricaria matricarioides</i>), Charlock (<i>Sinapis arvensis</i>), Corn Gromwell (Ironweed, Sheepweed) (<i>Buglossoides arvensis</i>), Fat Hen (<i>Chenopodium album</i>), Field Madder (<i>Sherardia arvensis</i>), Hexham Scent (King Island Melilot) (<i>Melilotus indicus</i>), Horned Poppy (<i>Glaucium flavum</i>), Indian Hedge Mustard (<i>Sisymbrium orientale</i>), Lesser Swinecress (<i>Coronopus didymus</i>), Mexican Poppy (<i>Argemone ochroleuca</i>), Mintweed (<i>Salvia reflexa</i>), Purple Calandrinia (<i>Calandrinia menziesii</i>), Paterson's Curse (salvation Jane) (<i>Echium plantagineum</i>), Rough poppy (<i>Papaver hybridum</i>), Saffron Thistle (<i>Carthamus lanatus</i>), Shepherd's Purse (<i>Capsella burse-pastoris</i>), Slender Thistle (<i>Carduus tenuiflorus</i>), Turnip Weed (Giant Mustard) (<i>Rapistrum rugosum</i>), Wild Radish (<i>Raphanus raphanistrum</i>)	Up to the 5 leaf stage or when plants are no more than 50mm in diameter	WA only	750mL/ha PLUS 440mL 2,4-D Amine 625 per ha OR PLUS 700mL MCPA 500/ha	CROP STAGE: Cereals: 3 leaf to full tillered (Z13-30). Clover: Apply after clover seedlings have at least three trifoliolate leaves. APPLICATION: Refer to General Instructions. Avoid application when maximum daily temperatures above 20°C occur, or are likely to occur for a few days after application. Apply only in the Autumn and Winter (mid April to end of August). Apply only when the weeds are actively growing and before the weeds are shielded by the crop. CAUTION: Some damage and/or yield loss may occur in Olympic and Shortim wheat cultivars. DO NOT apply to Persian clover or Berseem clover. A slight burning of clover may occur. DO NOT use 2,4-D or MCPA tank mix if wheat, oats, barley or triticale are undersown with lucerne, clover or medics unless some damage is acceptable. This product may be tank mixed with diclofop-methyl for control of Annual Rye Grass and Wild Oats in wheat and barley only. DO NOT use 2,4-D or MCPA tank mix id using a tank mix with diclofop-methyl.
	Common Peppergrass (<i>Lepidium africanum</i>), Tree Hogweed (<i>Polygonum patulum</i>)		Vic, SA only	1.4L/ha PLUS 440mL 2,4-D Amine 625 per ha OR PLUS 700mL MCPA 500/ha	
	Black Bindweed (Climbing Buckwheat), (<i>Fallopia convolvulus</i>)	Up to the 8 leaf stage	Vic, SA only		

Wheat, Oats, Barley, Triticale, alone or with undersown lucerne or clover	Common Sowthistle (<i>Sonchus oleraceus</i>)				<p>APPLICATION: Refer to General Instructions. Avoid application when maximum daily temperatures above 20°C occur, or are likely to occur for a few days after application. Good coverage of the spray on the weed is essential. Apply only in the Autumn and Winter (mid April to end of August). For optimum control, apply only when the weeds are actively growing and before the weeds are shielded by the crop.</p> <p>CAUTION: Lucerne and Clover: This product will cause slight leaf burning of undersown lucerne and clover. DO NOT apply to Persian clover or Berseem clover.</p>
		Up to 4 leaves	Qld. Northern NSW only	1.4L/ha	<p>Strictly for use on small weeds early in crop before shading out.</p> <p>CROP STAGE: Wheat, Barley, Oats and Triticale: 3 leaf to mid tillering (Z13-23). Use a minimum spray volume of 70L/ha. If Group B resistance is suspected, or weeds have grown through a previous application of chlorsulfuron apply 2.1L/ha.</p>
		4 to 8 leaves		2.1L/ha	<p>CROP STAGE: Wheat, Barley, Oats and Triticale: 3 leaf to full tillering (Z13-30). This product may cause slight leaf burning of undersown lucerne and clover.</p>

Wheat, Barley, Oats and Triticale,	Three Cornered Jack (Doublegee, Spiny Emex) (<i>Emex australis</i>), Wireweed (<i>Polygonum aviculare</i>), Variegated Thistle (<i>Silybum marianum</i>)	Up to the 4 leaf stage or when plants are no more than 50mm in diameter	Qld, NSW Tas, SA, ACT only	1.4L/ha PLUS 440mL 2,4-D Amine 625 per ha OR PLUS 700mL MCPA 500/ha	CROP STAGE: 5 leaf to full tillering (Z15-30). Apply under good growing conditions. BOOM SPRAYING: Use a minimum of 220L spray per hectare on Black Bindweed when crop is greater than 300mm high. CAUTION: Some crop damage and/or yield loss may occur in Olympic and Shortim wheat cultivars. DO NOT use 2,4-D or MCPA tank mix if wheat, oats, barley or triticale are undersown with lucerne, clover or medics unless some damage is acceptable. DO NOT apply to medics (WA only). This product may be tank mixed with diclofop-methyl for control of Annual Rye Grass and Wild Oats in wheat and barley only. DO NOT use 2,4-D or MCPA tank mix id using a tank mix with diclofop-methyl. APPLICATION: Refer to General Instructions. Avoid application when maximum daily temperatures above 20°C occur, or are likely to occur for a few days after application.
	Fumitories (<i>Fumaria spp.</i>)		QLD, NSW, ACT Vic only		
	Wild Mustard (<i>Sisymbrium spp.</i>), Wild Turnip (<i>Brassica tournefortii</i>)		Qld, Vic only		
	Cleavers	2-4 stems + 1-3 whorls or leaves/stems	QLD, Vic, NSW, ACT Tas only	2.1L/ha PLUS 440mL 2,4-D Amine 625 per ha OR PLUS 700mL MCPA 500/ha	
	Three Cornered Jack (Doublegee, Spiny Emex) (<i>Emex australis</i>), Wireweed (<i>Polygonum aviculare</i>)	4-5 leaf stage	WA only QLD, Vic, NSW, ACT, SA, Tas only		
	Fumitories (<i>Fumaria spp.</i>)		QLD, NSW, Vic, SA, ACT, only		
	Black Bindweed (Climbing Buckwheat), (<i>Fallopia convolvulus</i>), Chamomile (<i>Matricaria matricarioides</i>), Fat Hen (<i>Chenopodium album</i>), Field Madder (<i>Sherardia arvensis</i>), Lesser Swinecress (<i>Coronopus didymus</i>), Mountain Sorrel (<i>Oxalis acetosella</i>), Purple Calandrinia (<i>Calandrinia menziesii</i>), Paterson's Curse (salvation Jane) (<i>Echium plantagineum</i>), Shepherd's Purse (<i>Capsella bursapastoris</i>), Three-horned bedstraw (<i>Gallium tricornutum</i> , Variegated Thistle (<i>Silybum marianum</i>)	5-8 leaf stage	All States		

Fallow and Non Crop	Cowvine or Peachvine (<i>Ipomoea lonchophylla</i>)	Up to 8 leaves	Qld, NSW, ACT only	1.4L/ha to 2.1L/ha	Use the low rate for small weeds up to 6 leaves. Complete coverage is essential, plants which are shaded by stubble will not be controlled. Application volumes above 50L/ha are recommended. The application of glyphosate will provide broader spectrum weed control where needed.
Pastures	Adonis (Pheasants Eye), Birds Eye (Carrot Weed)	Up to 4 leaves	SA only	700mL/ha	Apply in May-June. Medics may be severely scorched at the low rate and killed at the high rate. Do not apply to polymorpha medics. Avoid application to clover based pastures in temperatures over 20°C or when temperatures above 20°C may follow for some days after application, as seedling mortality may occur and established plants may be damaged.
		More than 4 leaves		1.4L/ha	
	Doublegee, Wild Radish	Up to 4 leaves	WA only	1.5L/ha	
	Matricaria	Up to 3 leaves		750mL/ha	
	Fireweed	Prior flower bud	Qld, NSW, ACT only	1.4L/ha	
Early flowering		2.8L/ha			
Pastures, Roadsides, Rights-of-way	African Daisy (<i>Senecio pterophorus</i>)	Up to and including the flowering stage	SA only	300mL per 100L water	The plants including the stems, must be thoroughly wet to the point of run-off. Apply when the plants are actively growing. Spraymate Activator should be added at 125mL per 100L of spray. A follow-up treatment may be necessary for large, well-established plants. Ensure overall coverage on weed seedlings.
	Boneseed/Bitou-bush (<i>Chrysanthemoides monillifera</i>)	Seedlings only	Vic, Tas only	160mL per 100L water	

Situation & Crop	Weeds Controlled	State	Rate			Critical Comments
Turf Established Couch, (including Qld Blue), Buffalo, Bent, Paspalum, Kikuyu, Fescue and Rye lawns	Bindy-eye (<i>Calotis hispidula</i>), Jo-Jo (Onehunga) (<i>Soliva pterosperma</i>), Cudweed (<i>Gnaphalium spp.</i>)	All States	6.0L/500 L water per ha	High Volume: 300mL per /100L	60mL per 100m ² per 15L knapsack	Apply evenly over the area to be treated. Do not mow turf for two days after treatment. A slight browning of grasses, especially Paspalum, may occur under hot conditions.

NOT TO BE USED FOR ANY PURPOSE, OR IN ANY MANNER, CONTRARY TO THIS LABEL UNLESS AUTHORISED UNDER APPROPRIATE LEGISLATION.

WITHHOLDING PERIOD:

DO NOT GRAZE TREATED CROPS OR CUT FOR STOCK FOOD FOR 8 WEEKS AFTER APPLICATION.

CROP HARVEST: NOT REQUIRED WHEN USED AS DIRECTED.**GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS:**

Before opening, carefully read Directions for Use, Precautionary and Protection Statements, Storage and Disposal, Safety Directions and First Aid Instructions. Use only at recommended growth stages of crops and weeds. Do not use on crops other than recommended.

Resistant Weeds Warning

GROUP	C	HERBICIDE
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Conquest Bromo 200 Selective Herbicide is a member of the nitrile group of herbicides. The product has the inhibitors of photosynthesis at photosystem II mode of action. For weed resistance management, the product is a Group C herbicide.

Some naturally occurring weed biotypes resistant to the product and other Group C herbicides may exist through normal genetic variability in any weed population. The resistant individuals can eventually dominate the weed population if these herbicides are used repeatedly. These resistant weeds will not be controlled by the product or other Group C herbicides.

Since the occurrence of resistant weeds is difficult to detect prior to use, Conquest Agrochemicals Pty Ltd accepts no liability for any losses that may result from the failure of this product to control resistant weeds.

Mixing Information

To ensure even mixing, half fill spray tank with clean water and add the required amount of this product. Agitate thoroughly, then add the remainder of the water. Agitate again before spraying commences.

Boom Sprayer

Apply 50 to 200 (WA 50 to 100 Litres) litres of water per hectare. Calibrate the machine before use to ensure that the correct application rate is obtained. Check height of boom above the crop to ensure that the spray is evenly distributed. A minimum of 160 litres and preferably 200 litres of water per hectare is recommended where the weed infestation is heavy or the crop cover is dense.

DO NOT use rain-drop or air induction nozzles as coverage of weeds may not be accurate.

Aerial Application

Apply a minimum of 22 litres of water per hectare. Markers should always move upwind before aircraft passes overhead. Application by micronair equipment may give variable results.

Equipment Maintenance

After use wash equipment thoroughly and rinse several times prior to re-use. Wash sprayer thoroughly with clean water after use. If using tank mixtures with 2,4-D Amine or MCPA 500 apply with equipment that will not be used in 2,4-D and MCPA susceptible crops, particularly cotton and vines.

Compatibility

This product may be mixed in the spray tank with one of the following herbicides and insecticides in wheat and barley only: Conquest Diclofop Methyl Selective Herbicide, Omethoate, Chlorpyrifos, Dimethoate, 2,4-D Amine, MCPA 500 Chlorsulfuron, Metsulfuron-Methyl, Diflufenican, Glyphosate, Propanil and Dicamba.

PROTECTION OF CROPS, NATIVE AND OTHER NON-TARGET PLANTS

DO NOT apply under weather conditions, or from spraying equipment, that may cause spray to drift onto nearby susceptible plants/crops, cropping lands or pastures.

Note: Maximum daily temperatures at or above 20°C at application, or on days following treatment may result in seedling mortality and established plants may be damaged.

PROTECTION OF LIVESTOCK

Low hazard to bees. May be applied at any time as recommended in the Directions for Use.

PROTECTION OF WILDLIFE, FISH, CRUSTACEANS AND ENVIRONMENT

Dangerous to fish. Do not contaminate streams, rivers or waterways with the chemical or used containers.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL:

Store in the closed, original container in a cool, well-ventilated area. Do not store for prolonged periods in direct sunlight. Triple or preferably pressure rinse containers before disposal. Add rinsings to the spray tank. Do not dispose of undiluted chemicals on site. If recycling, replace cap and return clean containers to recycler or designated collection point. If not recycling, break, crush, or puncture and bury empty containers in a local authority landfill. If no landfill is available, bury the empty containers below 500 mm in a disposal pit specifically marked and set up for this purpose clear of waterways, desirable vegetation and tree roots. Empty containers and product should not be burnt.

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FIRST AID:

If poisoning occurs, contact a Doctor or Poisons Information Centre (Phone Australia 131126). If swallowed, do NOT induce vomiting. Give a glass of water.

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