25 Sept 2007 61064_39627_20L_front_MPL_VO1 297mm wide 4200mm high 100% A3

RECEIVED By Leslie Roberts at 8:54 am, Sep 28, 2007



ACTIVE CONSTITUENT: 600 g/L SIMAZINE



For the control of annual grasses and broadleaf weeds in orchards, vineyards, asparagus, berry fruit, gladioli, hops, chickpeas, faba beans, field lupins, almonds (SA only), TT canola and other crops as per the Directions for Use table.

IMPORTANT: READ THE ATTACHED LEAFLET BEFORE USING THIS PRODUCT APVMA APPROVAL N0:61064/20/0207

CONTENTS: 20L







08 August 2007 61064_39627_20L_rear_MPL_VO1 260mm wide 170mm high 100% A4



PRECAUTIONS **Re-entry Period**

DO NOT enter treated areas without protective clothing until spray has dried.

PROTECTION OF CROPS, NATIVE AND OTHER NON-TARGET PLANTS

DO NOT apply under weather conditions or from spraying equipment that may cause spray drift on to nearby susceptible plants/crops, cropping lands or pastures. DO NOT spray foliage of desirable plants. DO NOT make more than two applications in any one year in asparagus, berry fruit, citrus, almonds, gladioli, hops, roses, apples, pears or vineyards. DO NOT use near newly planted shrubs, young ornamentals and species with shallow roots. DO NOT plant to crops other than those recommended on this label for at least 9 months following application of this product up to 3.8L/ha. When application rates exceed 3.8L/ha, planting may not be possible for very long periods afterwards. Avoid deep cultivation of orchards, vineyards, asparagus, roses, berry fruits, and hops which may throw untreated soil over sprayed areas as this may seriously reduce weed control. Heavy rain following application prior to emergence may cause damage to chickpeas.

SAFETY DIRECTIONS

Avoid contact with eyes and skin. Do not inhale spray mist. Wash hands after use.

FIRST AID

If poisoning occurs, contact a doctor or Poisons Information Centre (Phone Australia: 131126).

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

For further information, refer to the Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS) which is available from the supplier or from our web site, www.sipcam.com.au

NOTICE TO BUYER

Sipcam Pacific Australia Pty Limited (Sipcam) shall not be liable for any loss, injury, damage or death whether consequential or otherwise whatsoever or howsoever arising whether through negligence, use under abnormal conditions or otherwise in connection with the sale, supply, use or application of this product. The supply of this product is on the express condition that the purchaser does not rely on Sipcam's skill or judgment in purchasing or using the product and every person dealing with this product does so at their own risk.

PROTECTION OF WILDLIFE, FISH, CRUSTACEANS AND ENVIRONMENT

DO NOT apply this product within 60m of natural or impounded lakes or dams. DO NOT use in channels or drains where roots of desirable plants may extend. Wash sprayer thoroughly with clean water after use. DO NOT contaminate dams, waterways or drains with the chemical or used containers. This product is very highly toxic to algae and aquatic macrophytes.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Store in the closed original container, in a cool well ventilated area. DO NOT store for prolonged periods in direct sunlight. Triple or preferably pressure rinse containers before disposal. Add rinsings to the spray tank. DO NOT dispose of undiluted chemicals on site. If recycling, replace cap and return clean containers to recycler or designated collection point. If not recycling, break, crush, or puncture and bury empty containers in a local authority landfill. If no landfill is available, bury the container below 500 mm in a disposal pit specifically marked and set up for this purpose clear of waterways, desirable vegetation and tree roots. Empty containers and product should not be burnt. For refillable containers: Empty contents fully into application equipment. Close all valves and return to point of supply for refill or storage.

Batch No:

Date of Manufacture:

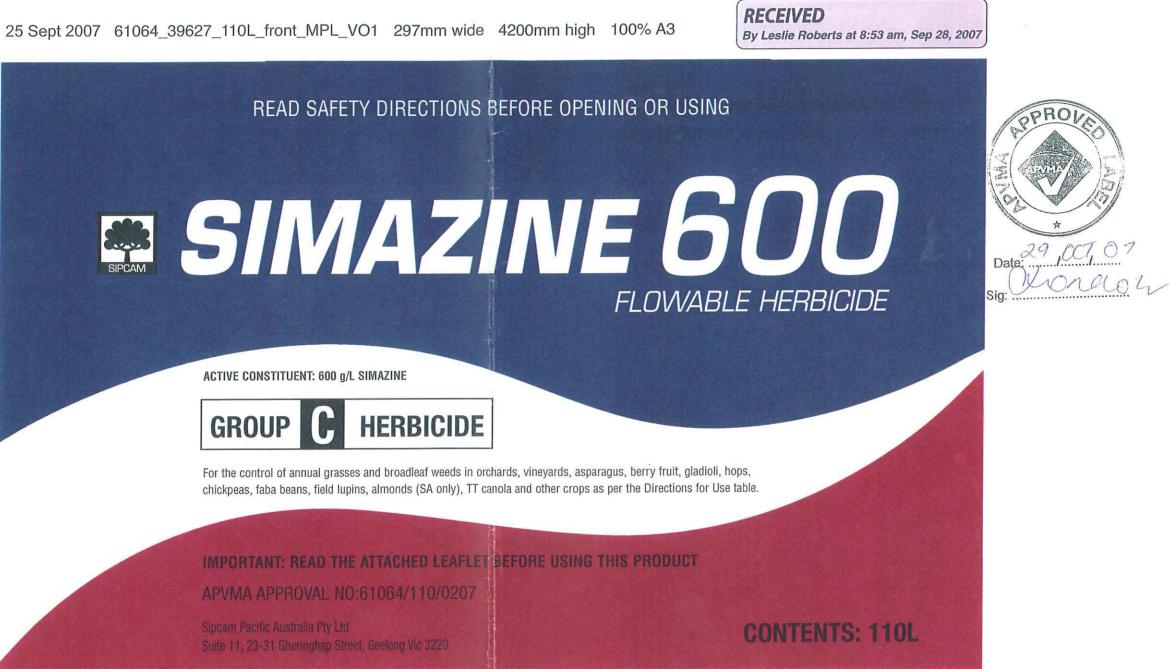
RECEIVED

By Skye Warren at 8:51 am, Aug 21, 2007

This product is NOT classified as a Dangerous Good under the Australian code for the transport of dangerous goods by road and rail

For specialist advice in an emergency only, call 1800 033 111, all hours Australia wide





08 August 2007 61064_39627_110L_rear_MPL_VO1 260mm wide 170mm high 100% A4



PRECAUTIONS Re-entry Period

DO NOT enter treated areas without protective clothing until spray has dried.

PROTECTION OF CROPS, NATIVE AND OTHER NON-TARGET PLANTS

D0 NOT apply under weather conditions or from spraying equipment that may cause spray drift on to nearby susceptible plants/crops, cropping lands or pastures. **D0 NOT** spray foliage of desirable plants. **D0 NOT** make more than two applications in any one year in asparagus, berry fruit, citrus, almonds, gladioli, hops, roses, apples, pears or vineyards. **D0 NOT** use near newly planted shrubs, young ornamentals and species with shallow roots. **D0 NOT** plant to crops other than those recommended on this label for at least 9 months

SAFETY DIRECTIONS

Avoid contact with eyes and skin. Do not inhale spray mist. Wash hands after use.

FIRST AID

If poisoning occurs, contact a doctor or Poisons Information Centre (Phone Australia: 131126).

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

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following application of this product up to 3.8L/ha. When application rates exceed 3.8L/ha, planting may not be possible for very long periods afterwards. Avoid deep cultivation of orchards, vineyards, asparagus, roses, berry fruits, and hops which may throw untreated soil over sprayed areas as this may seriously reduce weed control. Heavy rain following application prior to emergence may cause damage to chickpeas.

PROTECTION OF WILDLIFE, FISH, CRUSTACEANS AND ENVIRONMENT

DO NOT apply this product within 60m of natural or impounded lakes or dams. **DO NOT** use in channels or drains where roots of desirable plants may extend. Wash sprayer thoroughly with clean water after use. **DO NOT** contaminate dams, waterways or drains with the chemical or used containers. This product is very highly toxic to algae and aquatic macrophytes.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

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Date of Manufacture:

Batch No:

RECEIVED By Skye Warren at 8:52 am, Aug 21, 2007

This product is NOT classified as a Dangerous Good under the Australian code for the transport of dangerous goods by road and rail

For specialist advice in an emergency only, call 1800 033 111, all hours Australia wide



For the control of annual grasses and broadleaf weeds in orchards, vineyards, chickpeas, faba beans, field lupins, asparagus, berry fruit, gladioli, almonds (SA Anny) for use in rinazine olerant canola and other crops as per the directions for use table.

GROUP C HERBICIDE

SIMAZINE 600

ACTIVE CONSTITUENT: 600g/L SIMAZINE

READ SAFETY DIRECTIONS BEFORE OPENING OR USING

Received	by Sk	NP
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CROP/ SITUATION	WEEDS CONTROLLED		RATE PER PER	CRITICAL COMMENTS
Canola – (Triazine Tolerant varieties only) Pre emergence	Capeweed, Charlock, Clover, Corn Gromwell, Doublegee, Fumilories, Geraniums, Ivy-leal	All	HECTARE 100L 1.7 to 3.3L	This use is subject to an Integrated Weed Management Strategy for the use of triazine herbicides in triazine tolerant canola.
ria entregence only	Constantia, vyrean Speedveil, London, Rockel, Muslands, Tumpe, Paleetenor's Guese, Shepherd's Pures, Silve Grass (Vulpia). Suppression of Annual Ryegrass, Barley Grass, Brome Grass, Wild Dats and Wild Radish			See General Instructions: Integrated Weed Management Strategy for TT- Canola. Can be applied up to a week before sowing or post-sowing pre-emergence (ideally incororated by harrows). For best results apply to bare moist soil, after immediately before seeding or as a pre-emergence tradiment al or within 7 days of plantially block seeding or the days of planting. Sufficient rainfall (20-30 mm) to well the soil Invough the weed root zone is necessary within 2-3 weeks of application. Application should not be made to ridge of or excessively clockly soil. When applied before seeding, incorporate to a depth of 5 cm.
Faba Beans	Annual rye grass, Barley Grass, Brome grass,	NSW, ACT,	1.7 to 2.1L	Apply either pre-seeding or immediately post sowing which is preferred on light
	Capeweed, Corn Gromwell (Sheep Weed), Deadnettle, Furnitories, Geranium, Ivy-leal Speedwell, Medics, Mustards, Paradoxa Grass, Saffron Thistle, Soursob, Volunteer Canola, Wiroweed Suppression of Wild	Vič, SA. WA only		sens: Sow the ergy at least teen teen, Use the lower rate on light soits and the higher rate on heavier soils. Application should not be made to ridged or excessively doddy soil. Beet results are obtained it significant rainfall (20- 30mm) is received within 2-3 weaks of sowing. DO NOT use rates higher than 1.7L/ha on soils with pH 6.0 and above as unacceptable crop damage may occur.
	Oats		830mL to 1.25L plus 1L of trifluralin (400g/L)	Apply to bare moist soil and incorporate to a depth of 5 cm just prior to sowing. Incorporate willin 4 hours of application. Use the mixiure where Wild Oats and Annual Ryegrass are a problem. Application should not be made to ridged or excessive (clody soil. For reliable results significant rainfall (20-30mm) is necessary within 2-3 weeks of sowing.
Chickpeas	Dead nettle, Indian Hedge Muslard, Lesser Swinecress, Milk Thisle, Prickly leituce, Purple Gooseloot, Shepherd's Purse, Turnip Weed, Wireweed Suppression ol: Black bindweed and Paradoxa grass	Qid, NSW, ACT, SA only	1.25L plus 1.5L Flowable Prometryn (500g/L)	Apply immediately post-planting, Application should not be made to nidged or excessively cloded solit. Best results are obtained if 20-30mm rain is received within 2-3 weeks of sowing.
	Milk IhisIte (Common Sow IhisIte), Indian Hedge Mustard, Turnip weed, and suppression of Prickly Lettuce, Shepherd's Purse and Wireweed	Old, NSW, ACT, Vic, SA only	1.25 lo 1.7L	For best results apply to bare moist soits, immediately post-planting. Sufficient raindat (20-30mm) to well the soit through the weed root zone is necessary within 2 to 3 weeks of application. Application should not be made to ridged or excessively cloddy soit. Use the lower rate on light sandy soits.
	Annual ryegrass, Barley Grass, Capeweed, Com Gromwell, Furnitoria, Rough Speedwell, Rough Poppy, Mustards, Turnips, Volunieer Canola (nol linazine tolerant vanieties), Wireweed and suppression ol Brome Grass and Wild Dats	Old, NSW, ACT, Vic, SA, WA only	830mL to 1.7L plus 1L of Trilluralin (400g/L)	Apply to bare moils soil and incorporate to a depth of Sem just prior to sowing, incorporation should be made within 4 hours of application. Use this mixture when Annual Hyegrass and Wild Oats are a major problem. Sufficient ratioal (20-30mm) to well the soil through the week root zone is necessary within 2 to 3 weeks of application. Application should not be made to ridged or excessively cloddy soil. Use the lower rate on light sandy soils.
	Capeweed, Clover, Dock, Doublegee, Mustard, Radish, Self Sown Cereals, Silver Grass, Turnip and suppression of Barley Grass, Ryegrass and Wild Oats	WA	830mL to 1.7L	For best results apply to bare moist soils, immediately before seeding or as a pre- emergeni treatment at or within 7 days of planing. Sufficient raintall (20-30mm) to well the soil through the weed root zone is necessary within 2 to 3 weeks of application. Results can be variable it seasonal
				conditions are dry prior to sowing, and chick peas are sown into a dry or low moisture seedbed. Application should not be made to ridged or excessively cloddy soil. Use the lower rate on light sandy soils. When applied before seeding, incorporation by the sowing operation should not be greater than 5cm. Use 830mL to 1.25L on tighter soils in the Northern Agricultural areas, and up to 1.7L on heavier soil types. DO NOT use in whitish or grey sands.
Dams, Tanks. Troughs	Filamentous Blue-Green algae	n WA only	3.3mL per 1000mL of water	Mix in a convenient amount of water and apply when algae development is first noticed.
Lupins	Annual rye grass, Barle Grass, Capewed, Corr Grornwel, Funifores, Geranum, kry-leal Speedwell, Nukards, Paletson's Curse, Stephend's Purse, Turnip, Winet, Nukards, Suppression d'. Brone Grass, Soursob, Wild Oats	ACT, Vic, Tas. S/ only	Light Solis: 1.25 to 1.72 Loam Solis: 2.1 to 3.3L	May be applied up to a week before sowing or post-sowing pre-emergent (preferably incorporated by harrows) Best results are achieved when application is made to bare moist soil and when significant ran (20-30mm) to wel the soil hurough the weed root zone in Results in the solution of the solution of the solution of the solution of the emergent of the solution of the solution of the solution of the solution of the solution are sown into a dry or low moisture seed bed, heavy, intense ranital following application may cause crop damage. DO NOT apply to ridged or excessively dbidby root.
				Apply 50 to 100L spray per ha. Use tank mix of Simazine 6005C and 1L/ha trilluralin (400g1), where Wild Oats or Annual Ryegrass are the major the problem. Incorporate the tank mixture 6 a depth of Scm just prior to sowing. Incorporation of the tank mixture should be made within 4 hours of application.
Lupins - where no weeds are present at time of sowing	Dock, Doublegee,	WA only	Light Soils: 830mL to 1.7L Gravely Loam	Best results are obtained if application is made to bare moist soil either immediately before seeding or as a pre- emergent treatment at or within 7 days of planting. Sufficient rainfail (20-30mm) is necessary to well the soil to the weed root

	Geelong VIC 3220 APVMA Approval No.: 61064/0207	THIS BOOKLET IS PART OF THE LABEL SIPCAM PACIFIC AUSTRALIA PTY LIMITED Suite 11, 23-31 Gheringhap Street,
	DIRECTIONS FO	R USE:
	CROP/ SITUATION	WEEDS CONTROI
	Canola – (Triazine Tolerant varieties only) Pre emergence or post sowing pre emergence only	Capeweed, Charlo Clover, Corn Grom Doublegee, Furnitic Geraniums, Ivy-lea Speedwell, Londor Rocket, Mustards, Turnips, Paterson' Curse, Silver Gras (Vulpia).

				be made within 4 hours of application.	
Lupins - whare no weeds are present at lime of sowing	Cappwend, Clover, Dock, Doublepee, Mustard, Radiat, Self- Sown Correals, Silver Grass, Turnip Suppression of: Burley Grass, Brone Grass, Ryegrass, Wild Oats	WA only	Light Solts: 830mL to 1.7L Gravely Loam Solts: 1.7 to 2.5L	Best results are obtained if application is made to bare moist soil eiliber immediately before seeding or as a pre- emergent treatment al or wultion 7 days of planting. Sufficient rainfail (20-30mm) is necessary to will ite soil to the weed root zone within 2-3 weeks of application. Results can be variable if seasonal conditions are dry proto to sowing and lupins are sown into a dry or low moisture seed bed. Application should not be made to ridged or excessively clouded soil When applied before seeding. Incorporation by the sowing operation should not be greeter than Som. Use 830mL to 1.25L has on yellow sands and 1.7Lha on other types.	
			830mL to 1.7L plus 1.5L trifluralin (400g/L)	For best results apply the tark mix to bere motist call and incorporate to a tepth of 5 cm just prior to sowing. Application should not be made to ridged sol. Incorporation should be made within 4 hours of application only. Use hits tank muture where Wild Dats and Annual Pyegrass are lite major problem. Sulficient raintal (20-30mm) to wet the soli to the weet root acree is necessary within 2-3 weeks of application, Results may be variable it associate conditions are (ry prior to sowing and lupins are sown into a dry or low molsure seed bed. Use 830mL to 1.25L /ha on yellow sands and 1.7L/ha on other types.	

DIRECTIONS FOR USE:

	DIRECTIONS FOR	USE:						
	CROP/	WEEDS CONTROLLED	STATE	BAT		CRITICAL	COMMENTS	
	SITUATION Lupins - where weeds are present at lime of sowing	Caparweed, Clover, Dock, Doublegee, Mustard, Radiah, Selt- Sown Carenals, Silver Grass, Turrip Suppression of: Barley Grass, Brome Grass, Ryegrass, Wild Oats	WA only	PER HECTARE 830mL to 1.25L plus a knockdown herbicide at its recommen ded label rate	PER 100L	For best re moist soil 1 where the o conservatio rainfall (20- lhe soil to 1 weeks of a variable if a prior to sow dry or tow r Use the low emerged (c higher rate within 2 we	sulls apply to made to bare to 6 days prior to seeding zop will be sown under a in tillage system. Sulficient 30mm) is necessary to wel he weed root zone within 2-3 pplication. Results can be easonal conditions are dry wing and lupins are sown into a molsture seed bd. wer rate if weeds have been r more than 2 weeks and the when application is made ets of uved emergence.	
	Sub Clover - established lucerne and perennial grass paslures	Rat's Tail lescue, Vulpia (Silver grass)	WA only	625mL to 830mL		DO NOT us Apply within sub-clover of good soi grasses an occur. Ensis sub clover the lower n DO NOT us within 3 we 6000 Flowal other herbi- .walting.agg	ee on whilish or gréy sands, n 19 weeks of amergane of and grasses, Under conditions I maîture control (o dollar) d some broadleal weeks may ret hat there is good stand of present before spraying. Use ale on light textured soits, se with torcadleal herbicides eks of using Signam Simazine her, D NOT tank mix with cites, or add crop oils or ontsDA.NOT.vee, on, medica	PPROVE
		Rai's Tail Fescue, Squirrel Tail Fescue, Sand lescue, Vulpia (Silvergrass)	NSW, ACT, Vic, SA, Tas anly	830mL to 1.3 L		while spray occur. Apply 6-11 the pasture trifoliate fet results are young, well plants. Sor occur espe DO NOT a lower rates Apply unde following a DO NOT a infestations clover allow the Simazi DO NOT a broadleaf v application	ving as crop damage may 2 weeks after emergence of , but not before the 3rd 4 slage of sub-clover. Best obtained from application to 1 grazed, actively growing ne damage to sub-clover may cially at the higher rates. phy to sardy solb clover may ically at the higher rates. Timel sole clovel in the sub-clover mest sole clovel into phy to shards sole that is mouth be controlled and sub ved to recover before applying ne 600 Flowable . veed control for 3 weeks after veed control for 3 weeks after	Date: 29,007,07 Sig: Monetou
		Rat's Tail Fescue, Squirrel Tail Fescue, Sand fescue, Vulpia (Silvergrass)	NSW, ACT, Vic only	830mL to 1.25L plus 100 to 160mL paraquat (250g/L)		the pasture trifoliate lea results are young, wel plants. How can improv	D weeks after emergence of , but not before the 3rd al stage of sub-clover. Best obtained from application to I grazed, actively growing vever, the addition of paraquat e the control of well I plants. Add a non-ionic	
			SA only	625mL to 830mEpto: 100 to 160mL paraquat (250g/L)	3	surfaciant Under com control of c broadleaf v DO NOT a lower rates Apply unde following a DO NOT a infestations clover allo Simazine 6 250 is appl DO NOT a broadleaf v	at 0.2% (v/v) (200mL/100L). Jianos of good soit moisture weeds may occur. paylo to sandy soils and use the on light lastured soils. or moist conditions; rain pplication enhances results. pply to brases plants. Insect is should be controlled and sub- ved to recover before 400 Flowable plus Paraquat lied. pply any herbicides for pply any herbicides for pply any herbicides for	
				-		application		
	DIRECTIONS FOR	R USE:						
	CROP/ SITUATION	WEEDS CONTROLLED	STATE		E	PER 15L	CRITICAL COMMENTS	
e.	Almonds Established for at least 3 years Apples and Pears	Annual Ryegrass, Annual Thislifes, Barley Grass, Bindy-eye, Brome Grass, Capeweed, Chickweed, Common Sow Thisle, Creeping Oxalis, Fathen, Geranium, Ivy-leal	SA only	HECTARE	100L 95 to 185mL	RNAPSACK 21 Io 38 mL	Apply to bare moist soil immediately after cuttivation before wead emergence, Lower rates (825m Lo 1.4L/ha) can be used in combination with other pre- emergence herbicides to improve broadleal wead	
		Speedwell, Nutlies, Potato Weed, Powell's Amaranth, Red Root Amaranth, Red Shank, Shepherd's Purse, Sim Amaranth, Turnips (not NSW), Wild Mustard, Wild Oats, Winter Grass, Wirewed (not Tas) Suppression of: Soursob	QId only NSW, ACT, Vic, Tas, SA, W/ only	5.8L 2.7 to 3.8 L	- 135 to 185mL	- 25 to 38mL	Apply to bare moist soil. Use the highest rate on heavier soils.	
	Asparagus Berry Fruits established al least 12 months – Boysenberries, Currants, Loganberries,		All States	1.9 to 3.8L	•	-	Apply to bare moist soil alter last cultivation and before spear emergence. Use the highest rates on heavy soil and for control of Wild Oats Apply to bare moist soil on established plants only. Do not apply to foliage or when fruit is present. Use the highest rate to control Wild Oats.	•
	Raspberries Citrus established for at least 12 months Gladioli			1.8L	95 to 185 mL 95mL per	21 to 38 mL 21 mL per	Apply to bare moist soil immediately after cultivation before weed emergence. Apply to bare moist soil after planting. High rates may	
	Hops			1.9 to 3.8L	approx 500-sqm	-	cause crop damage on sandy soils low-in-organic-matter. Apply to bare moist soil in late whiler before hop emergence. Hops should be covered by 50mm of soil.	-
	Roses established at least 12 months Vines		NSW, ACT, Vic, Tas, SA, W/	1.9 lo 3.8L 1.9 lo	95 to 185 mL 95 to	21 to 38 mL 21 to	Apply to bare moist soil. Use the highest rate on heavier soils. Use the lower rate on sandy	-
	established at least 3 years in Qld, NSW, Vic, SA, Tas and WA		Only Old only	3.8L 5.8L	185 mL	38 mL	alkaline soils.	
								10 10

NOT TO BE USED FOR ANY PURPOSE OR IN ANY MANNER CONTRARY TO THIS LABEL UNLESS AUTHORISED UNDER APPROPRIATE LEGISLATION.

WITHHOLDING PERIOD:

 WITHHOLDING PERIOD:

 Harvest: All crops:
 NOT REQUIRED WHEN USED AS DIRECTED

 Grazing: Canola:
 DO NOT GRAZE OR CUT FOR STOCK FOOD FOR 15 WEEKS AFTER APPLICATION.

 Sub-Clover:
 DO NOT GRAZE OR CUT FOR STOCK FOOD FOR 21 DAYS AFTER APPLICATION.

 DO NOT CUT FOR STOCK FOOD FOR 21 DAYS AFTER APPLICATION.

 Chickpase:
 DO NOT GRAZE OR CUT FOR STOCK FOOD FOR 9 WEEKS AFTER APPLICATION

 Faba beans:
 DO NOT GRAZE OR CUT FOR STOCK FOOD FOR 8 WEEKS AFTER APPLICATION

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

This product is a pre-emergent and herbicide which selectively controls certain annual and perennial weeds in the situations as listed in the directions for use table. It can also be used to control weeds in Triazine Tolerant Canola varieties. Established perennial species will not be salialactorily controlled. Since the product mainly enters weeds through their nots, its effectiveness depends on rainfall or imgalion after application to move it down into the root zone. Duration and effectiveness of control depends on the amount of chemical applied, soil type, rainfall, weed species and other conditions. When ausceptible weeds start to appear uniformly, the Simazine 600 Flowable residue has probably dissipated. Best results are achieved if the product is applied to bare moist sol.

Mixing Selling may occur after storage for some weeks. Sir the product or invert the container prior to use in case selling has occurred in storage. Pour the liovable into the spray val through a strainer to remove any dry particles or liakes, which can occasionally occur under hot storage conditions. Add the full quantity of Sipcam Simaane 600 Flowable to the partially litide symp tark while agaitains, Fill tark and agaite to ensure through mixing. Continue agliation during spraying. Agliate vigorously from the boom if allowed to stand. Reseat part used container immedialey.

Compatibility This product is compatible with diuron flowable. It can also be mixed with glyphosate, imazethpyr, paraquat, diquat or paraquat/diquat mixtures provided the mixture is agitated vigorously.

TT-Canola: Application DO NOT apply to TT-canola by aircraft. Apply only with a low boom spray with a 60m buller downwind of treated licids to natural or impounded lakes or dams, and a 20m buller zone for any, sink hole, intermittent or paremial stream. Apply only to areas where run-off is unlikely to occur or where run-off may be captured by farm earthworks.

INTEGRATED WEED MANAGEMENT STRATEGY FOR TT CANOLA An Integrated Weed Management Strategy for TT Canola (the Strategy) has been developed with the assistance of "the Canola Association of Avarianta: The Strategy continger streammentalismer, measures and options for weed" management including management of herbicide resistance in weed populations. The strategy is available from Stocan and the Canola Association of Austrata, Argorgam has been developed that outlines sound agronomic practices and integrated weed management practices designed to optimise the performance of TT canola. It is advised that consultation of WM be undertaken with an accredited agronomist prior to the use of this product on TT canola

To avoid Triazine carry-over: On acid solis (pH less than 6.5) - The maximum rate of use Sipcam Simazine 600 Flowable Herbicide or Sipcam Atrazine 600 Flowable Herbicide or a combination of the two products to be applied to the crop during the growing season is 3.3 L/ha. On alkaline solis (pH greater than 6.5) - The maximum rate of use Sipcam Simazine 600 Flowable Herbicide or Sipcam Mixizine 600 Flowable Herbicide or a combination of the two products to be applied to the crop during the growing season is 1.7 L/ha. Post-emergence use - It is recommended that Sipcam Simazine 600 Flowable Herbicide only be used, and at rates of 1.7 L/ha or less, on both acid or alkaline solis.

Resistant Weeds Warning



Sincam Sinnazine 600 Flowable Herbicide is a member of the Hiazims group of herbicides. Sipcam Sinazine 600 Flowable Herbicide has the inhibitor of photosynthesia al photosystem II mode of action. For weed resistance management Sipcam Sinazine 600 Flowable Herbicide is a Group O Herbicide and other Group O L Herbicides may exist through moral genetic variability in any weed notability. The resistant invikiduals can eventually dominate the weed population if these herbicides as a used repeatedy. These resistant weeds will not be controlled by Sipcam Sinazine 600 Flowable Herbicides are used repeatedy. These resistant weeds will not be controlled by Sipcam Sinazine 600 Flowable Herbicides are used repeatedy. These resistant weeds will not be controlled by Sipcam Sinazine 600 Flowable Herbicides or any other Group C herbicide. Since the occurrence of resistant weeds is difficult to detect prior to use, Sipcam Pacilic Australia Pty Limited accepts no flobility for any losses that may result from the failure of Sipcam Simazine 600 Flowable Herbicide to control teststant weeds.

Resistant Weeds Reporting Grovers should callect plant or seed samples where weeds that are normally susceptible to atrazine and simazine may be resistant, get them lested and seek professional advice.

To minimise herbicide resistance Avoid dry sowing in heavily weed inlested paddocks. Wail for a weed germination after the opening rains in weedy paddocks. Use a pre-plant knockdown or cultivation. No weeds should be allowed to survive at this stage. Adapt the weed control program to the anticipated weed spectrum and pressure: Broadleat Weeds and Ryegrass: Use Sipcam Simzaine 600 Flowable Herbicide or Sipcam Atrazine 600 Flowable Herbicide pust filluratin pre-emergence. A follow-up with a Group A herbicide (if ryegrass is susceptible) or Sipcam Atrazine 600 Flowable Herbicide may be necessary. Broadleat Weeds onny: Use Sipcam Atrazine 600 Flowable Herbicide post-emergence. DO NOT use Sipcam Simzaine 600 Flowable Herbicide or Sipcam Atrazine 600 Flowable Herbicide it the area to be treated had a trazine herbicide applied to it last season. Waich for escapes, especially in paddocks with a long history of Group C herbicide use. DD NOT use Group C herbicides in consecutive years.

PRECAUTIONS

Re-entry Period DO NOT enter treated areas without protective clothing until spray has dried

PROTECTION OF CROPS, NATIVE AND OTHER NON-TARGET PLANTS DO NOT apply under weather conditions or from spraying equipment that may cause spray drilt on to near

PROTECTION OF WILDLIFE, FISH, CRUSTACEANS AND ENVIRONMENT DO NOT apply this product within 60m of natural or impounded takes or dama DO NOT use in channels or drains where roots of desirable plants may extend. Wash sprayer thoroughly with clean water after use, DO NOT contaminate dams, waterways or drains with the chemical or used containers. This product is very highly toxic to algue and aquatic macrophytes.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Store in the closed original container, in a cool well ventilated area. DO NOT store for prolonged periods in direct sunlight. Triple or preferably pressure rinse containers before disposal. Add rinsings to the spray tank. DD NOT dispose of undituted chemicals on site. If recycling, replace cap and return clean containers to recycler or desinated collection point.

dispose of undiluted chemicals on site. If recycling, replace cap and return clean containers to recycler or designated collection point. If not recycling, break, crush, or puncture and bury empty containers in a local authority landlik. If no landlik is available, bury the container below 500 mm in a disposal pil specifically marked and set up for this purpose clear of waterways, desirable vegetation and trene roots. Empty containers and product should not be burni. For retillable containers: Empty contents fully into application equipment. Close all valves and return to point of supply for retill or storage.

SAFETY DIRECTIONS

act with eyes and skin. Do not inhale spray mist. Wash hands after use.

FIRST AID

If poisoning occurs, contact a doctor or Poisons Information Centre (Phone Australia: 131126).

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

For further information, refer to the Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS) which is available from the supplier or from our web site, www.sipcam.com.au

NOTICE TO BUYER

Spram Pacific Australia Ply Limited (Spcam) shall not be liable for any lots, injury, damage or death whether consequential or otherwise whatsoever or howsoever arising whether through negligence, use under abnormal conditions or otherwise in connection with the safe, supply, use or application of this product. The supply of this product is on the express condition that the purchaser does not rely on Spcam's skill or judgment in purchasing or using the product and every person dealing with this product does so at their own risk.