

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Store in the closed, original container in a cool, well ventilated area. **DO NOT** store for prolonged periods in direct sunlight. **DO NOT** store need feedstuffs, fertilizers or seed. Triple or preferably pressure rinse containers before disposal. Add rinsings to the spray tank. **DO NOT** dispose of undiluted chemicals on site. If recycling, replace cap and return clean containers to recycler or designated collection point. If not recycling, break, crush, or puncture and bury empty containers in a local authority landfill. If no landfill is available, bury the containers below 500 mm in a disposal pit specifically marked and set up for this purpose clear of waterways, desirable vegetation and tree roots. Empty containers and product should not be burnt.

SMALL SPILL MANAGEMENT
Wear protective equipment (See Safety Directions). Apply absorbent material such as earth, sand, clay granules or cat litter to the spill.
Sweep up material for disposal when absorption is completed and contain in a refuse vessel for disposal (See Storage and Disposal section).
If necessary, wash the spill area with an alkali detergent and water and absorb as above the wash liquid for disposal.

SAFETY DIRECTIONS

Harmful if swallowed. Will irritate the eyes and skin. Avoid contact with eyes and skin. When preparing spray wear cotton overalls buttoned to the neck and wrists, a washable hat, elbow-length PVC gloves and a face shield or goggles. If product is in eyes, wash it out immediately with water. Wash hands after use. After each day's use, wash gloves, face shield or goggles and contaminated clothing.

FIRST AID
If poisoning occurs, contact a doctor or Poisons Information Centre (Phone 13 11 26). If in eyes, hold eyes open, flood with water for at least 15 minutes and see a doctor.

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET
For further information refer to the Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS), which can be obtained from the supplier.

CONDITIONS OF SALE

Conquest Agrochemicals Pty. Ltd. shall not be liable for any loss, injury, damage or death whether consequential or otherwise, whatsoever or whosoever arising whether through negligence or otherwise, in connection with the sale, supply, use or application of this product. The supply of this product is on the express condition that the purchaser does not rely on Conquest skill of judgement in the purchasing or using the same and every person using this product does so at his own risk absolutely. No representative of Conquest has the authority to add or alter these.

FOR SPECIALIST ADVICE IN AN EMERGENCY DIAL 1 800 033 111 24 hours Australia wide.

Batch No.

DOM

APVMA Approval No: 61863/5L/0507



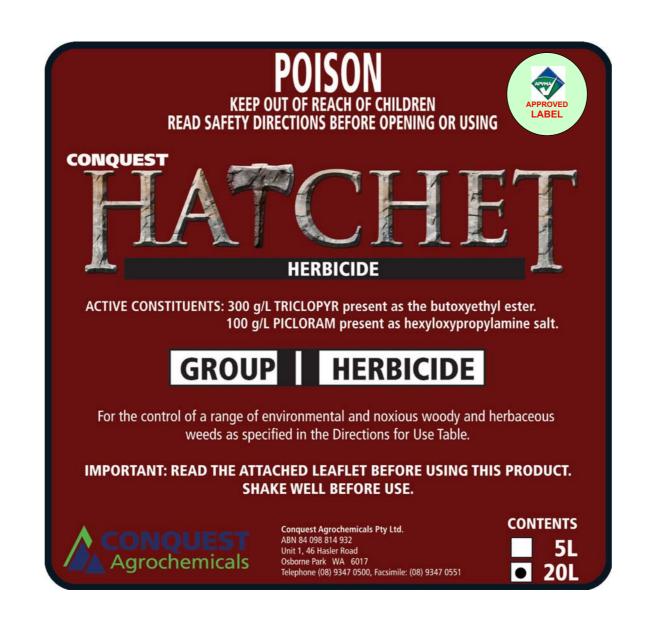




RECEIVED
By Leslie Roberts at 2:12 pm, Jan 11, 2008

APVMA Approval No:
Application Number:
Product Name:
Pack Size:
Dimensions:
Print Size:

APVMA Approval No:
Conquest Hatchet Herbicide
5L Label
145mm x 150mm
A4 - 100%



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Batch No.

APVMA Approval No: 61863/20L/0507







APVMA Approval No: 61893/20L/0507
Application Number: 41728
Product Name: Conquest Hatchet Herbicide
Pack Size: 20L Label
Dimensions: 145mm x 150mm
Print Size: A4 - 100%







Conquest Agrochemicals Pty. Ltd ABN 84 098 814 932 Unit 1, 46 Hasler Road Osborne Park, WA, 6017

Telephone (08) 9347 0500 Facsimile (08) 9347 0551 APVMA Approval Number: 61863/0507

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♦ CONQUEST Agrochemicals

- DIRECTIONS FOR USE
 RESTRAINTS:

 DO NOT apply to weeds which may be stressed (not actively growing) due to prolonged periods of extreme cold, moisture stress (water-logged or drought affected), poor nutrition, presence of disease, damage or previous herbicide treatment, as reduced levels of control may result.

 DO NOT spray if rain is likely within one hour or if foliage is wet from rain or dew.

 DO NOT burn off, cut or clear blackberry or other woody weeds for at least six months after spraying.

 DO NOT apply by aerial application in wind in excess of 15km/hr and air temperatures above 35°C.

 In areas prone to flooding, treatment should commence after any annual flooding as such areas flooded within 9 months following application may have reduced results.

AGRICULTURAL NON-CROP AREAS, COMMERCIAL AND INDUSTRIAL AREAS, FORESTS, PASTURES AND RIGHT-OF-WAYS

1. WOODY WEED SITUATIONS

Table A: High Volume Spraying See GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS - APPLICATION section for application method details.

WEEDS CONTROLLED	WEEDS GROWTH STAGE	STATE	RATE/100L WATER	CRITICAL COMMENTS
African boxthorn	Less than 2m tall	All States	500 mL	Apply when bushes have good leaf cover, growth and no leaf fall .
Angophora spp.	1 to 3m tall		350 mL	
Australian blackthorn	Less than 2m tall		500 mL	Apply from late spring to early autumn.
Banksia spp.	1 to 3m tall		350 mL	The state of the s
Biddy bush	Autumn when actively	ACT & NSW	500 mL	Add Conquest Wetter 1000 at 125mL/100 L of water for best results.
(Chinese shrub),(Sifton bush)	growing	only		
Blackberry in association with: Docks, Ragwort , Smartweed Thistles	Late spring to autumn	All States except NT	350 mL or 500 mL	Use the higher rate on plants that have been damaged by grazing stock or insects and on known difficult to kill blackberry. When herbicides other than Group I herbicides have been used, allow two season regrowth to occur before respraying with Conquest Hatchet herbicide.
Blue heliotrope	Flowering	NSW & Qld only	500 mL	Apply in a minimum spray volume of 1250L/ha
Brooms:	Spring to mid- summer	All States	250 mL	Apply as a thorough foliage spray
Cape, English Flax leaf, Montpellier	prior to pod formation Autumn to winter	except NT	350 mL	
Camphor laurel	Less than 2m tall	All States	330 IIIL	
campilor laurer	Above 2m tall	All States	500 mL	-
Casuarina spp.	1 to 3m tall		350 mL	
Chinese apple	Less than 2m tall	Qld & WA only	350 mL	Add Conquest Wetter 1000 at 100mL/100 L of water for best results.
Cockspur thorn	Spring to Autumn	ACT, NSW & Qld only		Apply as thorough foliage spray
Common sensitive plant	Any time when actively growing	NT, Qld & WA only	200 mL	To avoid leaves closing during application, spray plants while moving forward. Add Conquest Wetter 1000 at 100mL/100 L of water for best results
Crofton weed	Spring to autumn	ACT, NSW & Qld only	350 mL	Apply as thorough foliage spray.
Eastern cotton bush (Maireana microphylla)	Spring to autumn	NSW & Qld only	500 mL	Add Uptake* Spraying Oil at 500mL/100 L of water. Some bushes may require a follow up spray to control regrowth.
Eucalyptus spp.	Seedling and regrowth from small lignotubers, 1 to 3m tall	All States	350 mL or 500 mL	Apply the high rate where difficult to control species of Eucalyptus regrowth is present. Addition of an adjuvant may improve results- contact Conquest Agrochemical
Galenia	Fresh growth in spring to	NSW only	500 mL	Pty Ltd for details. Use 200L of spray mixture/ha
Giant bramble	summer Spring to autumn	NT, Qld & WA		Penetration of thick clumps may be difficult and respraying may be necessary
	1 to 1.5m tall	only All States	250 mL	Add Conquest Wetter 1000 at 100mL/100 L of water for best results. Spring and Summer treatment only. Add Conquest Wetter 1000 at 100
Gorse		except NT		mL/100 L of water for best results.
	Over 1.5m tall or autumn treatment		350 mL	Add Conquest Wetter 1000 at 100 mL/100 L of water for best results.
	Winter treatment		500 mL	Brownout may not be complete until summer. Add Conquest Wetter 1000 at 100mL/100 L of water for best results.
Groundsel bush (Baccharis halimifolia)	1 - 1.5m tall in spring to summer	All States except NT	250 mL	Apply as a thorough foliar spray.
	Over 1.5 m tall or autumn treatment		350 mL	
Green cestrum	Late spring to early autumn	ACT, NSW & Qld only	500 mL	One application may give satisfactory control. Any subsequent regrowth and seedlings must be resprayed at approximately 1 metre high.
Hawthorn	Less than 2m tall	All States		Apply from late spring to early autumn.
Horehound	Pre- flowering		350 mL	Apply as a thorough foliar spray.
Japanese sunflower		NSW & Qld only		
Lantana	Up to 1m tall in summer	All States		Add one of the following adjuvants, when using 350mL rate:
(Lantana camara) (Lantana montevidensis)	to autumn 1 to 2m tall in summer to autumn		500 or 750 mL	Uptake* Spraying oil @ 0.5% v/v. Pulse*. Thoroughly wet foliage, stems and soil around the base of the plants. Use higher rate on known harder to kill varieties.
Lion Tail (Leonotis nepetifolia)	Pre-flowering	Qld only	200 mL	Apply as a thorough foliar spray. Add Conquest Wetter 1000 at 100mL/100 of water for best results.
Limebush	Any time of the year with good leaf cover and soil moisture	NT & Qld only	350 mL	Penetration of thick clumps may be difficult and respraying may be required Addition of an adjuvant may improve results – contact Conquest Agrochemicals Pty Ltd for details.
Manuka	At flowering	Vic only	500 mL	For optimum results, add Pulse* Penetrant at 200mL/100 L of spray. Thoroughly wet foliage, stems and soil around the base of the plants.
Mesquite	Seedling, full leaf and	NSW, NT, Qld &	350 mL	DO NOT spray plants bearing pods. Add Conquest Wetter 1000 at 100
(Prosopis spp.) Prosopis velutina	flowering before podding	WA only Qld only	670 mL	mL/100L of water for best results.
Mistflower	Spring to autumn	ACT, NSW & Qld only		Apply as a thorough foliar spray.
Mother-of-millions Paddy's lucerne	Flowering Active growth	NSW & Qld only NSW only	500 mL	Add Conquest Wetter 1000 at 100mL/100L of water for best results. Plants that have been continually slashed or grazed over many seasons ma
Parkinsonia	Under 2m tall	NT, Qld & WA only	350 mL	be difficult to control and regrowth may occur. Add Uptake* Oil at 500mL/100L water. Avoid spraying under dry condition when plants are stressed or bearing pods. Thoroughly wet foliage.
Prickly pear (common) Smooth tree pear	Active phyllode growth	All States	500 mL	Apply as a thorough foliage spray. Regrowth may occur, so a follow-up application may be necessary.
Rubber vine (Not infected with rust)	Up to 1.5m tall at flowering	NT, Qld & WA only	350 mL	application may be necessary. Spray all leaves and stems just to the point of run off and thoroughly sprathe base of the plant. With larger, more dense stands regrowth may appear
(NOT IMECTED WITH FUST)	Dense stands greater than		500 mL	Subsequent control of any regrowth should be done by basal bark spraying
Siam weed	1.5m tall at flowering Active growth	Qld & WA only	350 mL	Add Conquest Wetter 1000 at 100mL/100 L of water for best results.
Sicklepod	Up to flowering	NT, Qld & WA only	200 mL	DO NOT apply to podding plants. Add Conquest Wetter 1000 at 100 mL/100 of water for best results.
St. John's wort	From flowering to early seed set	All States	500 mL	Late spring to early summer.
Sweet briar	Up to 1.5m tall	All States	350 mL	Add Conquest Metsulfuron 600 at 10g/100L water to obtain more reliable
		except NT	500 mL	results with the lower rate of Conquest Hatchet. Full leaf to ripe fruit prior to leaf fall. Thorough wetting including the crowless recompanded.
	Activoly growing plant	NT Old 9 M/A and	200 ml	is recommended.
Tahasaa uus - d	Actively growing plants	NT, Qld & WA only	300 mL 350 mL	Add Conquest Wetter 1000 at 100mL/100L of water for best results.
Tobacco weed	1 to 2m tall			I .
Tobacco weed Wattle (<i>Acacia</i> spp.) (except corkwood wattle)	1 to 3m tall	All States	330 IIIL	
Wattle (<i>Acacia</i> spp.)	1 to 3m tall Active growth, 0.5 to 1.0m tall	Qld only	350 to 500 mL	Use lower rate on seedlings 0.5m tall. Apply as a thorough foliar spray.

Table B: Aerial Application See GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS - APPLICATION section for application method details.

AGRICULTURAL NON-CROP AREAS, COMMERCIAL AND INDUSTRIAL AREAS, FORESTS, PASTURES AND RIGHT-OF WAYS				
WEEDS CONTROLLED	WEED GROWTH STAGE	STATE	RATE / ha	CRITICAL COMMENTS
Blackberry	Summer to autumn	NSW, Qld, SA, Vic & WA only	10L	Where herbicides other than Group I herbicides have been used, allow two seasons regrowth to occur before respraying with Conquest Hatchet. WARNING: Eucalyptus species up to 4 m may be killed if sprayed during this treatment. Mature trees which are 15 to 20 m tall may be partially defoliated but are likely to recover.
Gorse		Tas only		Helicopter application only
Cockspur thorn Crofton weed Lantana Mistflower	Late autumn	NSW, NT & Qld only (helicopter only)	1.5 L plus 6L Conquest Amine 625	Spray with calibrated equipment using the half overlap opposite pass technique applying a minimum spray volume of 150 L/ha. Follow-up respraying will be required.
Lantana			10L	Helicopter application only
Rubber vine (Not infected with rust)	When flowering	NT & Qld only (helicopter only)	3L to 5L	Use rates will depend upon the density and height of the rubber vine stand. The higher rate should be used on dense stands. However, complete coverage and penetration may be difficult. Follow-up respraying will be required. Any regrowth should be sprayed with a suitable basal bark herbicide.
St. John's wort	Flowering to early seed set (Nov-Jan)	NSW only	4L	Helicopter application only. Follow up spraying will be required in the following season.

	AGRICULTURAL NON-CROP AREAS ON FLOOD PLAINS					
WEEDS CONTROLLED	WEED GROWTH STAGE	STATE	RATE / ha	CRITICAL COMMENTS		
Parkinsonia	Seedlings 1 – 2m tall, or 12 - 24 months old	Qld and NT only (helicopter only)	3 L	Add Uptake* Oil at 1L/ha		

Table C: Controlled Droplet Application (CDA) See GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS - APPLICATION section for application method details.

AGRICU	AGRICULTURAL NON-CROP AREAS, COMMERCIAL AND INDUSTRIAL AREAS, FORESTS, PASTURES AND RIGHT-OF-WAYS				
WEEDS CONTROLLED	WEED GROWTH STAGE	STATE	RATE / ha	CRITICAL COMMENTS	
Blackberry in association with: Docks, Ragwort, St. John's wort, Thistles	Summer to autumn	All States except NT	,	One application may give satisfactory control but subsequent regrowth and seedlings should be re-sprayed after hardening off. Where herbicides other than Group I herbicides have been used, allow two seasons regrowth to occur before respraying with Conquest Hatchet.	

Table D: Low Volume High Concentrate Application Techniques (GAS POWERED GUN, SPRINKLER SPRAYER) See GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS - APPLICATION section for application method details.

see GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS - APPLICATION Section for application method details.						
AGRICU	AGRICULTURAL NON-CROP AREAS, COMMERCIAL AND INDUSTRIAL AREAS, FORESTS, PASTURES AND RIGHT-OF-WAYS					
WEEDS CONTROLLED	WEED GROWTH STAGE	STATE	RATE / 10L WATER	CRITICAL COMMENTS		
Blackberry	Late Spring to autumn	ACT, NSW, Qld, SA, TAS and WA only	335 mL	Apply to actively growing bushes which are able to be sprayed on all sides. For larger bushes, the high volume application technique is recommended.		
Camphor laurel Cockspur thorn Crofton weed	Less than 1.5m high	ACT, NSW and Qld only	500 mL			
Eucalyptus species	Seedlings up to 2m tall	All States	335 mL			
Mistflower	Less than 1.5m high	ACT, NSW and Qld only	500 mL			
Sweet briar	1.5m tall, full leaf to ripe fruit	NSW only		Gas powered Gun only : Apply to actively growing bushes not more than 1.5m tall that have not more than 5 stems from the crown.		
St. John's wort	During flowering to early seed set	NSW, Tas and Vic only		Gas powered Gun only: One application should provide control. Minor regrowth and seedlings may be re-treated the following summer.		
Wild tobacco tree	Less than 1.5m high	ACT, NSW and Qld only		Apply to actively growing bushes which are able to be sprayed on all sides. For larger bushes, the high volume application technique is recommended.		

Table E: Boom Application See GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS - APPLICATION section for application method details.

					ROVED
AGRICULTURAL NON-CROP AREAS, COMMERCIAL AND INDUSTRIAL AREAS, FORESTS, PASTURES AND RIGHT-OF-WAYS					BEL
WEEDS CONTROLLED	WEED GROWTH STAGE	STATE	RATE /ha	CRITICAL COMMENTS	
Galenia	Fresh growth during spring to summer	NSW only	5L	Rough mine sites will require adequate spray equipment such as nozzles for effective coverage.	boomless
Sicklepod	Up to flowering	NT and Qld only	3L	DO NOT apply to podding plants. Add Conquest Wetter 1000 at 100 of water.	mL/100L
St. John's wort	Flowering to early seed set (Nov-Jan)	NSW only	2 to 4 L	Use the higher rate on dense infestations and when longer residuis required.	al control
				Follow-up respraying will be required in the following season.	

2. FALLOW SITUATIONS

Table A: Boom Application

FALLOW					
WEEDS CONTROLLED	WEED GROWTH STAGE	STATE	RATE /ha	CRITICAL COMMENTS	
Blackberry nightshade - Suppression only	10 to 25 cm tall prior to flowering	NSW and Qld only	200 to 400 mL + 1.2L Conquest	FOR USE BY GROUND EQUIPMENT ONLY.	
Camel melon Prickly paddy melon Cucumber melon (Cucumis melo)	From 2 leaf to 50 cm diameter	+ Conquest Wetter 1000 L		Plants must be actively growing Use the lower rate on the smaller weeds, as specified in the weed growth stage (or up to 5cm diameter for <i>Polymeria pusilla</i>).	
Common sowthistle	From 8 leaf to flowering			Refer to Conquest Glyphosate 450 label for use of adjuvant	
Cow vine	From 2 to 5 leaf up to 15 cm diameter, prior to flowering	300 to 500 mL +		DO NOT plant susceptible crops for up to nine months after application, as specified in General Instructions – Minimum Re-cropping Periods - Black	
Lucerne (established)	Active growth, 15 to 25 cm high, during spring		Cracking Clay Soils, Northern NSW & Qld. Dry conditions after application will increase the re-cropping interval.		
Polymeria pusilla	2 to 12 leaf up to 20cm diameter, prior to flowering		200 to 400 mL + 1.2L Conquest Glyphosate 450 + Conquest Wetter		

Table B: Blanket Wiper Application
See GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS - APPLICATION section for application method details.

			FALLOW	
WEEDS CONTROLLED	WEED GROWTH STAGE	STATE	RATE /ha	CRITICAL COMMENTS
Bitterbark	From summer to end of	Hatchet to 4 parts	For use with blanket wipers only.	
(Alstonia constricta)	autumn			
				Follow up "missed" plants with a spot spray application. These will be obvious after 6 weeks.
				Blanket wiper application can be made in summer when plants are smaller but follow up spot spraying may be necessary.
			2% solution for spot spray (eg. 100 mL	Do not disturb (cultivate) the treated patches for at least 3 months. Best long term control is achieved when patches are left undisturbed for as long as possible after treatment (at least 6 months).
		Conquest Hatchet ir 5L water)	Spot spraying "missed" plants: thoroughly wet all stems and leaves without producing any solution run off. Avoid any spray reaching the soil surface.	

NOT TO BE USED FOR ANY PURPOSE, OR IN ANY MANNER, CONTRARY TO THIS LABEL UNLESS AUTHORISED UNDER APPROPRIATE LEGISLATION.

IN TASMANIA FOR BLACKBERRY:

ng mature or near mature fruit.

FOR NATIVE VEGETATION:

Use of Conquest Hatchet on native vegetation must be done in accordance with STATE and/or LOCAL legislation.

WITHOLDING PERIOD: NOT REQUIRED WHEN USED AS DIRECTED.

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

RESISTANCE WEEDS WARNING

GROUP HERBICIDE

Conquest Hatchet Herbicide is a member of the pyridines group of herbicides. Conquest Hatchet has the disruptors of plant cell growth mode of action. For weed resistance management, Conquest Hatchet is a Group I herbicide.

Some naturally-occurring weed biotypes resistant to Conquest Hatchet and other Group I herbicides may exist through normal genetic variability in any weed population. The resistant individuals can eventually dominate the weed population if these herbicides are used repeatedly. These resistant weeds will not be controlled by Conquest Hatchet or other Group I /herbicides. Since the occurrence of resistant weeds is difficult to detect prior to use, Conquest Agrochemicals Pty Ltd accepts no liability for any losses that may result from the failure of Conquest Hatchet to control resistant weeds. Strategies to minimise the risk of herbicide resistance are available. Contact your farm chemical supplier, consultant, local Department of Agriculture, or local Conquest Agrochemicals Pty Ltd representative.

MINIMUM RECROPPING PERIODS- Black Cracking Clay Soils, Northern NSW & Qld. Table A: Boom Application

Plant-back periods for crops following the application of Conquest Hatchet for rates up to 600 mL/ha							
RATE mL/ha	200	300	400	600			
CROP	CROP MONTHS						
Wheat	2	2	4	4			
Barley	2	2	4	4			
Canola	2	4	4	4			
Faba Beans	4	4	6	6			
Chickpeas	4	6	6	6			
Lucerne	6	9	9	9			

These plantback periods are based on a normal rainfall pattern. During drought conditions (or when the rainfall is less than 100 mm for a period of 4 months or greater) the plantback period may be significantly longer

Table G: Blanket Wiper Application

Plant-back periods for crops following blanket wiper application.						
	CROP	MONTHS				
Broadleaf crop		18				
Lucerne		6				
	l Th	is will allow any notential soil residues to dissinate if any and allow effective control				

NOTE: Before using Conquest Hatchet in tank mixes with other herbicides, check the plant-back information on all product labels. The most residual product with the longest plant-back period, will determine the time between spraying and planting.

Follow any regional restrictions, and all directions and restrictions on the label, for any chemical mixed with Conquest Hatchet (e.g 2,4,-D amine). Conquest Hatchet is compatible with the following herbicides: Amicide*625, Lantana* DP600, Brushkiller*/Associate*, Nufarm Glyphosate CT*, Roundup*CT, Credit* plus Bonus*

and Roundup PowerMAX* Conquest Hatchet is compatible with the following adjuvants, as per Directions for Use: Conquest Wetter 1000, Pulse*Penetrant, LI 700* and crop oils.

MIXING

Mix only with water.

Half fill the spray unit with water, and add the required amount of Conquest Hatchet. Add the remaining water with the agitator running. If required, then add spray oils or wetters (surfactants). Maintain mechanical or by-pass agitation in the spray tank during spraying. Only mix sufficient solution for immediate daily use and avoid storing.

APPLICATION

1. WOODY WEED SITUATIONS
Weeds need to be actively growing for herbicides to have optimum effect. Delay treatment until all regrowth has had time to grow approximately 1 metre in situations which have been bulldozed, slashed, burnt, ploughed or areas having a previous chemical treatment.

A. High Volume SprayingThorough coverage of foliage to the point of run-off is essential, however, avoid excess spraying which is wasteful of chemical. Hand Gun

Apply the recommended mix to give full coverage of leaves and stems through a No. 6 to 8 tip at 700 to 1500 kPa (400 to 500 kPa for St John's wort). A spray volume of 3000 to 4000 L per infested hectare of 1 to 2 metre high blackberry (30 to 40 L/100m2) should be used. Use 2000 L of spray mixture/ha of galenia infestation (i.e. 20L/100 m2) infested

Knapsack

A spray volume of 3 to 4 L/10m2 infested area should be used.

A spray volume of 2L/10m2 infested area should be used.

A spray volume of 2L/10m2 should be used for an area infested with galenia.

B. Aerial Application

Apply in 200 L of water/ha using an aircraft to apply 100L per pass on a double overlap pattern using nozzle configurations to produce droplets of 250 to 350 micron diameter. The potential for damage from drift can be greatly reduced by avoiding unsuitable spraying conditions and using spray pressure and nozzles to minimise the production of small droplets. **DO NOT** spray when wind exceeds 15 km/hr and /or air temperature reaches 35°C. C. Controlled Droplet Application (CDA) Results similar to high volume spraying can be obtained using Micron Herbi* or similar equipment. Select a nozzle to give a flow rate of 2 mL/sec and sweeping action of approximately 1m/sec to ensure a droplet density of 20/cm2. Use a marking agent, as recommended by the equipment manufacturers, to check spray coverage. Also, consult directions provided

D. Low Volume High Concentrate Application Techniques
Good control will be achieved, similar to high volume application, where bush size enables good coverage of entire bush. Use a marking agent, as recommended by the equipment

manufacturers, to check spray coverage.

Gas powered gunApply 50mL shots to obtain uniform coverage of 4 to 5 m2 of surface area of bush. This relates to 20 droplets/cm2 of leaf surface.

Sprinkler sprayer
This technique involves using a micro sprinkler that is connected to a hollow fibre glass rod attached to a pneumatic knapsack sprayer. Use at low pressures (50 to 200 kPa) and apply with a slow sweeping action over the top of the plants ensuring even coverage on the leaves

E. Boom Application Application in a minimum spray volume of 200 L/ha for galenia and St. John's wort and 600 L of water/ha for sicklepod. Flat fan nozzles are recommended, using pressure in the range of 200 - 300 kPa. Boom height must be set to ensure double overlap of nozzle patterns.

2. FALLOW SITUATIONS F. Boom Application Application of Conquest Hatchet in a minimum spray volume of 50 L/ha is recommended. Flat fan nozzles are recommended, using pressure in the range of 200 - 300 kPa. Boom height must be set to ensure double overlap of nozzle patterns.

Table G. Blanket Wiper Application
Blanket needs to be made from durable and wettable material with a rigid backing.
Blanket should be rigidly mounted behind motorised vehicle (eg. tractor, 4-wheel drive vehicle) and set low but never touching the ground. The chemical solution should be fed to the blanket at a flow rate sufficient to keep the blanket wet but not dripping. In thick patches the blanket may require more frequent solution recharge (re-wetting). Ideally, a scraper bar should be mounted at the front of the blanket in order to scrape or damage the bark (but not sever the stems) prior to the blanket wiping stems. This scraper may be mounted at the front of the vehicle. Two passes (in opposite direction) with the blanket increases the contact with the plant. Ground speeds of 10 - 15 kph are ideal for blanket wiping application.

CLEANING SPRAY EQUIPMENT

Rinsing
After using Conquest Hatchet empty the spray unit completely and drain the whole system. Thoroughly wash inside the unit using a pressure hose. Drain the spray unit, and clean any filters in the tank, pump, lines, hoses and nozzles. After cleaning the spray unit as above, quarter fill with clean water and circulate through the pump, lines, hoses and nozzles. Drain and repeat the rinsings procedure twice.

Before spraying cotton and other sensitive crops with equipment that has been used to apply Conquest Hatchet, see PROTECTION OF CROPS, NATIVE AND OTHER NON-TARGET PLANTS section. Wash the tank and rinse the system as above. Then quarter fill the tank and add an alkali detergent such as Spraymate Tank and Equipment Cleaner at 500 mL/100 L of water and circulate throughout the system for at least 15 minutes. Drain the whole system. Remove filters and nozzles and clean them separately. Finally flush the system with clean water and allow to drain.

Rinse water should be discharged onto a designated disposal area or, if this is unavailable, onto unused land away from desirable plants and watercourses.

PROTECTION OF CROPS, NATIVE AND OTHER NON-TARGET PLANTS

Crops succeptible to Conquest Hatchet include, but are not limited to: peas, lupins, lucerne, navy beans, peanuts, soybeans and other legumes, cotton, flowers, fruit, hops, ornamentals, shade trees and Pinus spp., potatoes, safflower, sugar beet, sunflowers, tobacco, tomatoes, vegetables and vines. Conquest Hatchet is damaging to susceptible crops during both growing and dormant periods. Grasses are normally unaffected and establish quickly after treatment. Picloram, one of the active constituents in this product can remain active in the soil for extended periods depending on soil type and application rate, rainfall, temperature, humidity, soil moisture and soil organic matter.

DO NOT apply under weather conditions, or from spraying equipment, that may cause spray to drift onto nearby susceptible plants/crops, cropping lands, pastures, waterways or native vegetation.

native vegetation.

DO NOT allow physical spray drift onto waterways, native vegetation and susceptible crops.

DO NOT apply close to, or in areas, containing roots of desirable vegetation, where treated soil may be washed onto areas growing (or areas to be planted with) desirable plants.

DO NOT apply on sites where surface water from heavy rain can be expected to run off to areas containing, or to be planted with susceptible crops or plants.

DO NOT move soil, which may have been treated to areas where desirable plants are to be grown.

Poisonous plants may become more palatable after spraying and stock should be kept away from these plants until they have died down. Many plants remain poisonous after death, and stock should not be allowed access, as there is a likelihood that they may graze the dead material. Such material should be burnt if possible.

PROTECTION OF WILDFISH, FISH, CRUSTACEANS AND ENVIROMENT

Store in the closed, original container in a cool, well - ventilated area. **DO NOT** store for prolonged periods in direct sunlight. **DO NOT** store need feedstuffs, fertilizers or seed.

Triple or preferably pressure rinse containers before disposal. Add rinsings to spray tank. **DO NOT** dispose of undiluted chemicals on site. If recycling, replace cap and return clean

containers to recycler or designated collection point. If not recycling, break, crush, or puncture and bury empty containers in a local authority landfill. If no landfill is available, bury the containers below 500 mm in a disposal pit specifically marked and set up for this purpose clear of waterways, desirable vegetation and tree roots. Empty containers and product should not be burnt

Wear protective equipment (See Safety Directions). Apply absorbent material such as earth, sand clay granules or cat litter to the spill. Sweep up material for disposal when absorption is completed and contain in a refuse vessel for disposal. (See storage and Disposal section). If necessary, wash the spill area with an alkali detergent and water and absorb as above the wash liquid for disposal.

SMALL SPILL MANAGEMENT

SAFETY DIRECTIONS Harmful if swallowed. May irritate the eyes and skin. Avoid contact with eyes and skin. When preparing spray, wear cotton overalls buttoned to the neck and wrists, a washable hat, elbow-length PVC gloves and a face shield or goggles. If the product is in eyes, wash it out immediately with water. Wash hands after use. After each day's use, wash gloves, face shield or goggles and contaminated clothing.

If poisoning occurs, contact a doctor or Poisons Information Centre (Phone 13 11 26). If in eyes, hold eyes open, flood with water for at least 15 minutes and see a doctor.

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

on refer to the Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS). Which can be obtained from the supplier.

CONDITIONS OF SALE
Conquest Agrochemicals Pty. Ltd. shall not be liable for any loss, injury, damage or death whether consequential or otherwise, whatsoever or whosoever arising whether through negligence or otherwise, in connection with the sale, supply, use or application of this product. The supply of this product is on the express condition that the purchaser does not rely on Conquest skill of judgement in the purchasing or using the same and every person using this product does so at his own risk absolutely. No representative of Conquest has the authority to add or after these.



APVMA Approval No:
Application Number:
Product Name:
Pack Size:
Dimensions:
Print Size:

A1728
Conquest Hat
Leaflet
200mm x 700
A4 - 41%

61893/0507 41728 Conquest Hatchet Herbicide Leaflet 200mm x 700mm A4 - 41% A3 - 58%