CAUTION

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN
READ SAFETY DIRECTIONS BEFORE OPENING OR USING

ACCENSI

Glyphosate 450 K-Salt Herbicide

ACTIVE CONSTITUENT: 450 g/L GLYPHOSATE present as the POTASSIUM SALT



Non-selective herbicide for the control of many annual and perennial weeds as per Directions for Use table.

Label:

IMPORTANT: READ THE ATTACHED LEAFLET BEFORE OPENING OR USING

Leaflet:

IMPORTANT: READ THIS LEAFLET BEFORE OPENING OR USING

Contents: 5L-1000L



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APVMA Approval No.:

62301 / 59032



Batch Number

Date of Manufacture

RESTRAINTS: DO NOT disturb weeds by cultivation, sowing or grazing for six hours of daylight following treatment of annual weeds and seven days for perennial weeds to ensure herbicide absorption, unless specified otherwise in critical conditions.

CONSERVATION TILLAGE

-,, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -,			CRITICAL COMMENTS
AUSTRALIA	Annual Phalaris, Annual Ryegrass, Silvergrass, Winter Grass	400-800 mL pre-tillering 800 mL-1 L post-tillering 800 mL-1 L pre-tillering 800 mL-1.2 L	Rate Selection Use higher rates for advanced weed growth or when treating under cold/overcast conditions. Cultivation or planting may proceed from 1 hour of daylight after application to seedling annual weeds if a satisfactory seedbed can be created for crop germination and seedling
with full soil disturbance by	Calomba Daisy, Capeweed, Ooublegee/Spiny Emex, Fumitory, Volunteer Lupins, Volunteer Peas Amsinckia, Oock (seedling), Paterson's Curse, Saffron Thistle, Scotch Thistle, Spear Thistle,	post-tillering 400-800 mL less than 8 cm diam/height 800 mL-1.2 L greater than 8 cm diam/height 800 mL-1 L less than 12 cm diam/height 1 L-1.2 L greater than	establishment. Silvergrass When treating dense infestations of Silvergrass, add Wetter TX and use water volumes of 70 Uha or more and small droplets to improve coverage. Perennial Weeds ACCENSI Glyphosate 450 K-Salt Herbicide will provide seasonal control and reduction in plant numbers. Control of Skeleton Weed requires addition of full soil disturbance at planting.
	Variegated Thistle, Wild Turnip Perennial Phalaris, Skeleton Weed, Sorrel, Sub Clover	12 cm diam/height 1.2 L	In Tasmania, for perennial weeds use 1.2-2.4 U/ha.
crop or pasture with an implement that		1.2-1.6 L	Rate Selection Use the lower rate on young weets; increase to the higher rate where grasses reach full tillering or where broadleaf weeds commence stem elongation or budding. Use higher rates in Spring and under cold conditions. In Tasmania use 1.2-2.4 L/ha with the higher rate for control of perennial weeds. Pasture or Crop Establishment DD NOT sow into excessive trash. Excessive plant residues may be removed by grazing after treatment. Planting may proceed from 1 hour of daylight after application to seedling annual weeds if a satisfactory seedbed can be created for crop germination and seedling establishment. Aerial (or Surface) Seeding
disturbance dr prior to surface seeding of pastures	Couch, Oock, Erodium, Flatweed, Kikuyu, Plantain, Paspalum, Perennial-Phalaris, Sorrel, Sub Clover, Yorkshire Fog		Delay seeding until trash level is reduced to allow for satisfactory placement of broadcase seed on the soil surface. Bathurst Burr: For mature weeds use a higher rate. Bentgrass: Use a rate of 2 L/ha. Apply in late Spring following initiation of seed-head emergence. Follow up with full disturbance with a tyned implement 10-21 days after spraying. Couch: Use the higher rate on dense infestations. Apply sequential treatments during Summer and Autumn. Repeat application will be required for full control. For improved control, use in conjunction with cultivation. Kikuyu, Paspalum: Use the low rate for suppression, the high rate for control. Oock, Flatweed: Use the maximum rate for full control. Hoary Cress: Use at a rate of 1.2 L/ha. Treat from late rosette to early flowering. Silvergrass: When treating dense infestations of Silvergrass, add Wetter TX and use water volumes of 70 L/ha or more and small droplets to improve coverage. Soursob: Use at a rate of 1.2 L/ha. Treat at tuber exhaustion.

ACCENSI GLYPHOSATE 450 K-SALT HERBICIDE Page 2 of 11 FILENAME: _ _ _ _ RLP_V1

CONSERVATION TILLAGE - continued

SITUATION	WEEDS CONTROLLED	BOOM RATE / HA	CRITICAL COMMENTS
SOUTHERN	Poa Tussock	2.4-3.2 L	Timing
AUSTRALIA			Treat fresh regrowth (at least 14 days after heavy grazing) after Autumn break and before
		·	onset of heavy frosts. Sowing may start from 14 days after spraying.
To commence a			•
fallow		1	
OR	*		
Prior to planting a			
crop or pasture			
with an	'		
implement that			
gives minimal soil			
disturbance or			
prior to surface	*		
seeding of		,	
pastures			· ·
– continued			
Pasture topping	Annual Ryegrass	360-820 mL	Remove livestock prior to application to allow even regrowth. Use lower rate if grasses
,,, ,	Barley Grass, Brome Grass,	240-360 mL	are flowering and higher rate if at the milky dough stage.
	Capeweed, Silvergrass	240 000 IIIL	Apply to Capeweed and Calomba Daisy at flowering.
	L	700.41	DO NOT add Wetter TX.
	Calomba Daisy	360 mL	DO NOT apply to clover or medic crops intended for seed production.
Seed-head	Bentgrass	290-500 mL	Apply treatments late October to late November, before seedheads have emerged.
suppression	Johngrado	200 0002	Add Wetter TX. Use the higher rate where growth is excessive. Graze hard after spraying.
SDUTHERN	Serrated Tussock	3.2-4.8 L	Apply to actively growing and stress free plants. Best results May to October.
AUSTRALIA	Seriated Ideouck	3.2-4.0 L	
UPOLITACIA			Application: Boom spray volume of 70 L/ha or more is recommended to improve plant
NSW, ACT, VIC.	ł		coverage. Also see Aerial Equipment.
TAS only			Surfactants: Addition of 200 mL of Wetter TX to 100 L of spraying solution may improve
IAG OHIY			control of Serrated Tussock.
For control/			Site Preparation: Burning of Serrated Tussock 10-12 months before spraying or
Suppression prior			slashing/heavy grazing (cell grazing) 2 weeks before spraying is essential for good
to establishing			results.
CLODS DI			Note: Serrated Tussock is almost indigestible and prolonged exposure can lead to
improved pasture			starvation and death of stock.
species			
openina			Rates: Use lower rate on Serrated Tussock regrowth after burning (no residual dead
		· ·	foliage). Use higher rate on Serrated tussock that has been slashed or grazed (may
	<u> </u>		contain some residual dead follage).
For prevention of	Serrated Tussock	600 mL-1 L	Apply to actively growing and stress free plants. Best results obtained during mid
seed head			September – mid October, Apply prior to any seed head emergence. Also see Aerial
emergence and			Equipment.
seed formation			Surfactants: Addition of 200 mL of Welter TX to 100 L of spraying solution may improve
			results.
		1	Rates: The lower rates will be less damaging to desirable pasture species. If seed head
			emergence is imminent, then higher rates will give better results.
			considering is intrinsered right trades will also nerrel testing.
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CONSERVATION TILLAGE - continued

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NORTHERN AUSTRALIA In fallow or prior to planting a crop. Cotton: Shielded Sprayers	Paradox Grass, Volunteer Cereals, Wild Oats	400-800 mL 600-800 mL	Rate Selection Use the lower rates on young weeds and increase to the higher rate where weeds are dense or well developed. Dense infestations of some weeds e.g. Barnyard Grass, Liverseed (Urochloa) Grass may need follow up treatments for complete control. Tank Mixtures Read and follow all label directions, restraints, plant-back and withholding periods, regional use restrictions and safety directions for the lank mix products. Tank mixes with atrazine may give unacceptable knockdown control of certain weeds. DO NOT apply the tank mix for control of Barnyard Grass, Liverseed Grass or Milk Thistle. Ammonium sulphate may enhance knockdown weed control where tank mixtures of atrazine are used. Shielded Sprayers Apply ACCENSI Glyphosate 450 K-Salt Herbicide to weeds growing between crop rows
	Bladder Ketrnia, Button Grass, Camel (Afgan) Melon, Caustic Weed, Columbus Grass, Liverseed Grass, Mexican Poppy, Native Millet, New Zealand Spinach, Noogoora Burr, Pigweed (up to 25 cm diam.), Spear Thistle, Stinking Goosefoot, Thornapple (Datura), Turnip Weed, Wild/Prickly Lettuce, Wireweed Prickly Paddy Melon	770 mL-1.6 L plus 80 mL Garlon 600/invader*	using a shielded sprayer. DO NOT apply in cotton less than 20 cm high. DO NOT allow spray or spray drift to contact any part of the cotton plant as severe injury may result. Pasture or crop establishment DO NOT sow into excessive trash. Excessive plant residues may be removed by grazing after treatment. Planting may proceed from 1 hour of sunlight after application to seedling annual weeds if a satisfactory seedbed can be created for crop germination and seedling establishment. DO NOT add crop oil.
	Climbing Buckwheat (less than 12 leaves), Couch, Johnson Grass Nutgrass (<i>Cyperus rotundus</i>)	1.6-2.4 L 2.4 L followed by 2.4 L	Use the higher rate on plants at the flowering/seedhead stage. For Johnson Grass apply to plants with a minimum of 3D cm new growth. For long term control of Couch and Johnson Grass, repeat applications will be required. Make first application to actively growing plants when the majority of plants have reached at least the 6-8 leaf stage but preferably later. Allow for maximum re-emergence before retreating.
SUGAR CANE Inter-row Spraying	Annual and Perennial grasses and broadleaf weeds	1.5-6 L	Apply to weeds growing between crop rows using a ground based hooded and shielded sprayer. Apply at early growth stage of crop, before formation of the cane. Apply no more than 3 applications, to a maximum of 12 L/ha per crop. DO NOT allow spray or spray drift to contact any part of the crop as severe injury may result.
SUGAR CANE Ratoon spray out Qld, NSW only	Sugar cane ratoon regrowth	4.B-7.2 L	Apply under good growing conditions to actively growing rations 60-120 cm tall. DO NOT apply if plants are under stress from low moisture or water logging. Use the lower rate for suppression or where cultivation is to follow. Use higher rate for control.
Sorghum control	Grain-sorghum (pre-harvest)	1.2-1.6 L	DO NOT apply if crop is under stress from low moisture, frost, cold or waterlogging. Apply when grain moisture is less than 25%. Use the higher rate where the crop has produced significant number of late tillers or where following crops will be established without further treatment. DO NOT apply to crops intended for seed production. Treatment may increase potential for crop lodging.
	Grain-sorghum (post-harvest)	800 mL-1.6 L	Slashed/grazed stubble. Apply when fresh regrowth is at least 20 cm high. Use the higher rate on standing stubble or where regrowth from slashed sorghum has advanced beyond 50 cm in height.

CONSERVATION TILLAGE - continued

SITUATION	WEEDS CONTROLLED	BOOM RATE / HA	CRITICAL COMMENTS
Cotton pre-harvest	Bathurst Burr, Noogoora Burr, Winter annual weeds	1-2 L	Treatments may be applied alone or in tank mix with Dropp or Harvade. Apply when at least 60% of bolls are open. When tank mixed with defoliants, a slightly higher proportio of cotton leaf may be retained particularly where higher rates are used and conditions are unfavourable for defoliation.
PRE-HARVEST APPLICATION To reduce viable seed set of weeds in: Field Peas (Pisum sativum), Faba Beans (Vicia faba)	Annual Ryegrass (Lolium rigidum)	390-820 mL	Use lower rate if Ryegrass is flowering and higher rate if Ryegrass is at milky dough stage. Application should be made at or after crop maturity. Application before this time may significantly reduce yields (in practice losses in excess of 25% can occur). Apply when the average seed moisture content is below 30%. For Faba Beans, this is indicated by the pods going black, and for Field Peas by the pods going yellow. 00 NDT harvest within 7 days after application. 00 NOT use on crops intended for seed or sprouting.
PRE-HARVEST APPLICATION As harvest aid and weed control: Wheat (Trificum aestivum)	Annual Weeds	1.1-2.2 L	Apply to mature crop from late dough stage (28% moisture) onwards. The higher rate windle required when crops are heavy and leaf shading effects may occur. DO NDT harvest within 7 days after application. DO NOT use on crops intended for seed or sprouting. Where wheat is grown in rotation with any herbicide tolerant crops, management should be consistent with implementation of any management plan for herbicide tolerant crops.
PRE-HARVEST APPLICATION To desiccate a crop as a harvest aid and weed control: ADZUKI BEANS CHICKPEAS COWPEA FABA BEANS FIELD PEAS LENTILS MUNGBEANS SOYBEAN (Application to crops intended for seed production or for sprouting may reduce germination percentage to commercially unacceptable levels.)	Annual Weeds	820 mL-2.2 L	Apply with boom or by air. Use higher rates where crops or weeds are dense and where faster desiccation is required. Application should be made at or after crop maturity. Chickpeas and Lentils: Apply when physiologically mature and less than 15% green pods. Soybean: Apply only after seed pods have lost all green colour and 80-90% of leaves have dropped. Mungbeans / Adzuki and Cowpea: Apply to mature crops when pods are brown/black Field Peas: Apply when seeds turn yellow and average seed moisture content is below 30%. Faba Beans: Apply when pods turn black and average seed moisture content is below 30%. DO NOT harvest within 7 days of application. Speed of crop desiccation is dependent on crop stage, growing conditions and weather conditions during and after application.

DATE: 01/01/13

CONSERVATION	TILLAGE
SITUATION	WEEDS CONTROLLE

Litchi, Mango, Monstera-fruit, Nuts (including Almond, Pecan, Macadamia, Pistachio and Walnut), Olives, Pawpaw, Persimmons, Pome Fruit, Rasphernes, Stone

Fruit, Tea, Vineyards.

SITUATION	WEEDS CONTROLLED	BOOM RATE / HA	CRITICAL COMMENTS		
PRE-HARVEST APPLICATION	Annual Weeds	600 mL-1.35 L plus 5 g Ally Herbicide	Apply by boom or by air. Apply when chickpeas are physiologically mature and less than 15% of green pods are present.		
To desiccate crop as harvest aid and weed control:			Use higher rates where crops or weeds are dense and where faster desiccation is required.		
CHICKPEAS			DD NOT harvest within 7 days of applications. Speed of desiccation is dependent on crop stage, growing conditions and weather		
(Application to crops intended for seed			conditions during and after application.		
production or for sprouting may reduce					
germination percentage to					
commercially unacceptable llevels.)		,			
			CAD ADDI IOATIDA OUCO// ICT DECODE HOMO		
SHUALION	SITUATION		d Woody weeds section below for most appropriate rate.		
GENERAL WEED (CONTROL	For the control of many grasses and broadleaf weeds.			
	For general weed control in domestic areas (home		ater.		
	gardens), commercial, industrial and public service		vely growing.		
	I buildings and other farm situations. Is refer to the appropriate weeds		and uniform wetting of foliage.		
controlled table.	is telet to the appropriate weeds	VISIDIE SYMPTOMIS MAY IAKE	s from 3 to 1 days to develop.		
AGRICULTURAL A	REAS	ACCENSI Glyphosate 450 K	K-Salt Herbicide may be used for control of annual, perennial and woody weeds as directed,		
	Aditional office Affects		in agricultural land prior to sowing of any edible or non-edible crop, but not prior to transplanting tomato seedlings.		
DRY DRAINS AND	DRY DRAINS AND CHANNELS ONLY		DD NOT apply to weeds growing in or over water. DO NDT spray across open bodies of water, and DD NOT allow spray to enter the water, DO NOT allow water to return to dry channels and drains within 4 days of application.		
FORESTS	FORESTS		(-Salt Herbicide may be used prior to establishment of nurseries, for site preparation prior		
		to planting and amongst established trees using a directed or shielded spray, or using selective wiper equipment.			
		DD NDT allow wiper surface to contact any part of the tree. DD NDT allow spray or spray drift to contact foliage or			
NDN-AGRICULTURAL AREAS		green bark of desirable trees, since severe injury may result. ACCENSI Glyphosate 450 K-Salt Herbicide does not provide residual weed control. For residual control ACCENSI			
Around buildings, commercial and industrial areas,			bicide may be tank mixed with certain residual herbicides.		
domestic and public service areas, rights-of-ways.		See Tank Mixtures/Comp	atibility.		
TREE AND VINE C	TREE AND VINE CROPS		lded spray or using wiper equipment. 00 NOT apply as a spray near trees or vines less		
Avocado, Bariana, Blueberries, Citrus Fruits, Custard			y are effectively shielded from spray and spray drift. DO NOT allow wiper surface to		
Apples, Duboisia,	Figs-Oessert, Guava, Hops, Kiwifruit,	contact any part of the tree	e, vine or palm.		

hand-gun or knapsack to avoid application to the crop.

Citrus fruit, Nuts, Olives, Pome fruit & Vineyards: 00 NOT allow spray or spray drift to contact green bark or stems, canes, laterals, suckers, fresh wounds foliage or fruit.

Hops: Apply in Winter, prior to crop emerging from dormancy.

Tea: Apply a maximum of 3.2 L/ha by shielded boom or directed off-centre nozzle or 400 mL/100 L by directed

All other crops: D0 NOT allow spray or spray drift to contact any part of the plant including the trunk.

CAUTION: Where split bark on Kiwifruit and green stems on Pawpaw occur, extreme care is required.

WEEDS CONTROLLED	RATE	CRITICAL COMMENTS
Amaranth, Bathurst Burr, Barley Grass, Brome Grass, Barnyard Grass, Caltrop, Canary Grass, Capeweed, Chickweed, Cobblers Peg, Deadnettle, Doublegee, Fumitory, Ground Cherry, Hedge Mustard, Lesser Swinecress, Liverseed Grass, Mintweed, Noogoora Burr, Paradoxa Grass, Paterson's Curse, Pigweed, Potato Weed, Ryegrass, Saffron Thistle, Silvergrass, Sow Thistle, Spear Thistle, Spiny Burrgrass, Spurge, Sub Clover, Thornapple, Wild Mustard, Wild Qats, Wild Turnip, Winter Grass, Variegated Thistle, Volunteer Cereals	Boom: 1.6-2.4 L/ha Handgun: 400-580 mL per 100 L Knapsack: 60-85 mL per 15 L	Apply to weeds whenever they are not subject to stress due to drought or frost. Use higher rate on weeds over 15 cm in height or diameter or where dense weed cover limits spray coverage. Use higher spot spraying rate when applying less than 5 L spray per 100 sqm. ACCENSI Glyphosate 450 K-Salt Herbicide does not provide residual weed control. Repeat treatments may be necessary to control later germinating weeds. For residual control of annual weeds, ACCENSI Glyphosate 450 K-Salt Herbicide may be tank mixed with certain residual herbicides. See Tank Mixtures in the General Instructions for directions. OD NOT use an atrazine tank mix for control of Bamyard Grass or Liverseed Grass.
Phalaris, Plantains, Poa Tussock, Prairie Grass, Qld Blue Grass, Red-leg Grass, Rhodes Grass, Rope Twitch, Sorrel, Soursob, Yorkshire Fog	Handgun: 570-800 mL per 100 L Knapsack: 85-120 mL per 15 L	Control of established perennials is best obtained when plants are at the seedhead stage. In general best control of Winter growing perennials is obtained with application during Winter-Spring. Best control of Summer growing perennials is obtained with application late Summer and Autumn. For Nutgrass in cultivated situations apply sequential low rate treatments when Nutgrass has a minimum of 6-8 leaves. Use the higher rate in uncultivated situations. For Rhodes Grass, Rope Twitch, Prairie Grass, Old Blue Grass, Johnson Grass, Kangaroo Grass, Kikuyu, Redleg Grass, Paspalum and Sorrel, use the higher rates only.
Blady Grass, Bracken, Couch, Guinea grass, *Paragrass, Silverleaf Nightshade, *Water couch *Use on Dry Orains and Channels ONLY (See Use Situations critical comments above).	Boom: 7.2 L/ha Handgun: 1.05 L or 1.6 L per 100 L Knapsack: 160 or 240 mL per 15 L	For Bracken add Pulse at 200 mL/100 L spray mix. Best control of Couch in WA and SA is obtained with Spring treatment. Most effective control of Couch in eastern states is obtained with Summer and Autumn treatments. In cultivated situations, use sequential treatments of 2.3-5.2 L/ha for control. Only use higher rate for handgun and knapsack for Silverleaf Nightshade.
Weed, Gorse, Groundsel Bush, Lantana, Mistflower	Handgun: 400-800 mL per 100 L Knapsack: 60-120 mL per 15 L	Apply to actively growing plants. 00 NOT apply to drought stressed plants. Further treatment may be necessary to restrict seedling re-establishment. Bamboo: Apply when foliage/regrowth is 1-2 m tall, use higher rate only. Bitou Bush/Boneseed: Apply higher rate on bushes greater than 1.5 m. 8est results are achieved when treated at peak flower during Winter. Boxthorn: Minimum rate is 560 mL for handgun and 85 mL for knapsack. Groundsel Bush: Apply higher rate on bushes greater than 2 m. DO NOT apply in Winter. Minimum rate is 560 mL for handgun and 85 mL for knapsack. Gorse: Always add Pulse at 200 mL/100 L of spray mix, use higher rate only. Lantana: Use higher rate only. Addition of Pulse (200 mL/100 L) may improve control. Boxthorn, Gorse, Lantana: Removal of bushes (after complete brownout), pasture improvement or further treatment are recommended to control seedlings and/or regrowth.

ACCENSI GLYPHOSATE 450 K-SALT HERBICIDE Page 7 of 11 FILENAME: _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ RLP_V1

WEEDS CONTROLLED		CRITICAL COMMENTS
		Apply to actively growing plants. Removal of bushes (after complete brownout), pasture
	800 mL-1.05 L per 100 L	improvement or further treatment are recommended to control seedlings and/or
Bush, Sweet Briar, Willow (less than 2 m)		regrowth.
		Blackberry: Apply from flowering to leaf fall, use higher rate on old dense infestations
	120-170 mL per 15 L	greater than 2 m high. In Tasmania, do not treat bushes bearing mature fruit.
		Chinese Scrub: Use higher rates on bushes greater than 1 m.
		Eucalyptus spp: Add Pulse at 200 mL/100 L of spray mix.
		Hawthorn: Apply from flowering to leaf fall, use higher rates on bushes greater than 2m.
		Pampas Grass: Allow regrowth to reach 1m, best results – apply after flowering.
		Sifton Bush: Use higher rates on bushes greater than 1 m.
1		Sweet Briar: Apply from late flowering to leaf fall, use 1-1.65 L/100 L and
		180-240 mL/15 L; use higher rates on bushes greater than 1.5 m.

NOT TO BE USED FOR ANY PURPOSE, OR IN ANY MANNER, CONTRARY TO THIS LABEL UNLESS AUTHORISED UNDER APPROPRIATE LEGISLATION.

WITHHOLDING PERIODS: WHEAT AND LEGUMES: ALL, OTHER USES:

DO NDT HARVEST FOR 7 DAYS AFTER APPLICATION. NOT REQUIRED WHEN USED AS DIRECTED.

PRODUCT INFORMATION

ACCENSI Glyphosate 450 K-Salt Herbicide is a non-volatile, non selective, water soluble liquid herbicide for the control of annual and perennial grasses and broadleaf weeds in a wide range of agricultural and non-agricultural use situations. ACCENSI Glyphosate 450 K-Salt Herbicide may be used for weed control on agricultural land prior to sowing any edible or non-edible crop but not prior to transplanting tomate seedlings. When applying this product prior to transplanting crops into plastic mulch, care must be taken to remove residues of this product from the plastic prior to transplanting. Residues can be removed by 2 cm of natural rainfall or by applying water via a sprinkler irrigation system.

ACCENSI Glyphosate 450 K-Salt Herbicide is absorbed by plant foliage and green stems, it is inactivated in the soil and does not provide residual weed control. ACCENSI Glyphosate 450 K-Salt Herbicide moves through the plant from the point of contact to and into the root system, initial visible effects on annual weeds take 3-7 days but may not be noticeable for 2 to 3 weeks under cool cloudy conditions or on some perennial weeds.

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

RESISTANCE WEED WARNING

ACCENSI Glyphosate 450 K-Salt Herbicide is a member of the Glycines group of herbicides. ACCENSI Glyphosate 450 K-Salt Herbicide has the inhibition of EPSP synthase mode of action. For weed resistance management, ACCENSI Glyphosate 450 K-Salt Herbicide is a Group M

GROUP M HERBICIDE

Herbicide. Some naturally occurring weed biotypes resistant to ACCENSI Glyphosate 450 K-Salt Herbicide and other Group M herbicides may exist through normal genetic variability in any weed population. The resistant individuals can eventually dominate the weed population if these herbicides are used repeatedly. These resistant weeds will not be controlled by ACCENSI Glyphosate 450 K-Salt Herbicide or other Group M herbicides.

Since the occurrence of resistant weeds is difficult to detect prior to use, ACCENSI Pty Ltd accepts no liability for any losses that may result from the failure of ACCENSI Glyphosate 450 K-Salt Herbicide to control resistant weeds.

CROP ESTABLISHMENT

ACCENSI Glyphosate 450 K-Salt Herbicide is recommended for control of emerged weeds prior to crop establishment. Cultivation and/or planting operations which provide conditions suitable for crop emergence and establishment are required following herbicide application. Where heavy weed growth is present or soil conditions are unsuitable, planting should be delayed to allow for decay of weeds and/or development of more favourable soil conditions for the formation of a suitable seedbed. Incorporation of green or decaying vegetation may retard crop emergence under cold, wet conditions. Vegetation may be reduced by grazing and weed decay may be assisted by cultivation to leave trash on the surface.

MIXING

ACCENS! Glyphosate 450 K-Salt Herbicide mixes readily with water. Reduced results may occur if water is used containing suspended clay or organic matter e.g. from dams, streams or irrigation channels, or high levels of calcium, magnesium or bicarbonate ions.

DO NOT mix, store or apply this product in galvanised steel or unlined steel containers or spray tanks, since a highly flammable gas mixture may be formed. Use stainless steel, aluminium, brass, copper, fibreglass, plastic or plastic lined containers or spray tanks. Spray tanks, pumps, lines and nozzles should be thoroughly rinsed with clean water following application. Ensure that the sprayer is free of any residues of previous spray materials prior to mixing. Use spray solutions promptly as a gradual loss of activity may occur over a period of days following spray preparation.

MIXING INSTRUCTIONS

- 1. Fill the spray tank 1/3 to 1/2 full with clean water and start agitation.
- 2. Where ammonium sulphate is recommended, add liquid Spraymate Liase at 2 L/100 L spray solution and mix thoroughly.
- 3. Add recommended herbicide/insecticide/additive to the spray tank and mix thoroughly.
- 4. Add ACCENSI Glyphosate 450 K-Salt Herbicide and the remaining water. Mix thoroughly.
- 5. Add surfactant, if required, near the end of the filling process to minimise feaming.
- 6. Always maintain adequate agitation during application and use the tank mix promptly.

Clean all equipment after use by washing thoroughly with clean water.

TANK MIXTURES

ACCENSI Glyphosate 450 K-Salt Herbicide may be tank-mixed with the following herbicides, insecticides and adjuvants. Read and follow all label directions, restraints, plantback and withholding periods, and safety directions for the tank-mix products. In multiple product tank mixes, a minimum of water volume of 50 L/ha is recommended and local advice should be sought. Correct mixing order is important as is good in-tank agitation when application/spraying is occurring.

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Tank Mixtures - Herbicides

2,4-D ester, 2,4-D IPA, atrazine flowable or granular, carfentrazone, chlorsulfuron, dicamba, imazapic, LVE MCPA, metsulfuron-methyl oryzalin/trifluralin, oxyfluorfen, pendimethalin, simazine flowable or granular, sulfometuron methyl, triasulfuron, tri-allate, triclopyr, tribenuron.

The addition of oxyfluorfen at 75 mL/ha to recommended rates of ACCENSI Glyphosate 450 K-Salt Herbicide prior to planting winter cereals will improve the knockdown of certain weeds.

Tank Mixtures - Insecticides

This product is compatible with the following insecticides: Imidan*, Le-Mat*, Lorsban* 500, Perfekthion* EC 400, Pirate* 300, Karate*, Sumithion* ULV, Talstar* and emulsifiable concentrates of dimethoate and fenitrothion. Other insecticides have not been tested.

Adiuvants - Wetter TX

Wetter TX is recommended for the control of Silver Grass and Annual Ryegrass in late Winter and Spring, Wetter TX is not a general purpose surfactant and should only be used where recommended.

Rate: 200 mL/100 L spray solution.

Adjuvants – Pulse Penetrant

Pulse Penetrant is recommended for the control of Bracken and many woody weeds.

Rate: 200 mL/t 00 L spray solution.

Adiuvants - Spraymate Liase (Ammonium Sulphate)

Spraymate Liase may be used as an adjuvant to alleviate the adverse effects of high levels of calcium, magnesium and bicarbonate ions in water. Add Spraymate Liase to water first at 2 L/100 L spray solution.

APPLICATION

Boom Equipment

For boom application, a spray volume of BD L/ha or less is recommended for optimum performance. Nozzles and pressure settings should be selected to deliver a MEDIUM or MEDIUM-CDARSE size droplet at the target (BCPC – British Crop Protection Council Standard). The use of nozzles and/or pressure settings that produce VERY FINE or FINE droplets should be avoided as these are prone to loss or drift. In multiple product tank mixes, a minimum water volume of 5D L/ha is recommended and local advice should be sought. Correct mixing order is important as is good in-tank agitation when application is occurring.

For shielded applications a spray volume of 80 L/sprayed ha is recommended using nozzle types and pressure settings to deliver a CDARSE (BCPC) size droplet at the target. Crop damage may result if spray drift occurs through incorrect nozzle and/or pressure selection, inadequate shielding and/or wind strength, high evaporation rates or excessive ground speed.

Wiper Equipment

Wiper equipment (e.g. Ropewick, canvas, felt or carpet applicators) may be used to apply ACCENSI Glyphosate 450 K-Salt Herbicide. Avoid contact with desirable vegetation. Operate wiper equipment a minimum of 10 cm above the crop or pasture. Weeds should be at least 15 cm above the crop or pasture at time of application. Speed of travel should be no greater than 8 km/h. Best results are achieved at lower speeds and where two applications are made in opposite directions (double pass). Where weeds are of variable height, or occur in dense infestations or clumps, some plants may not be contacted by the herbicide solution. In these cases repeat treatment may be necessary. RATE: Mix B40 mL ACCENSI Glyphosate 450 K-Salt Herbicide with 2.3 litres clean water. Adjust flow rate to suit equipment.

Aerial Equipment

ACCENSI Glyphosate 450 K-Salt Herbicide may be applied by aircraft for control of weeds in forests, cropland or pasture prior to establishment of crops, new pastures or new forest plantings and for pre-harvest applications to sorghum and cotton crops up to a maximum rate of 2.7 L/ha where specified by this label. DD NOT apply treatments by algorithm and cotton crops and pastures is likely to occur.

Apply treatments using boom or Micronair equipment using a spray volume not less than 20 L/ha and using settings to produce a median droplet diameter of 250-350 microns. Swath width should be set to take into account aircraft type, wind conditions and target height. Swath width will need to be reduced to avoid stripping under light wind conditions and/or application to tall, dense targets e.g. pre-harvest application, treatments in heavy crop stubble. Thoroughly wash aircraft, especially landing gear, after each day of spraying to remove herbicide residues.

Application on hilly terrain

Increase water volume to 30-80 L/ha and increase droplet diameter of output to at least 300 microns to optimise deposition of spray output onto weeds.

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Air temperature and relative humidity

DO NOT apply ACCENSI Glyphosate 450 K-Salt Herbicide by aircraft at temperatures above 30 deg C. Increase water volume output to at least 30 L/ha when temperatures rise above 25 deg C. Avoid application when relative humidity falls below 35%.

AVOID DRIFT

DO NOT apply treatments with spraying equipment or under weather conditions which are likely to cause spray drift onto nearby susceptible crops, pastures or other sensitive plants. DO NOT apply treatments under very light winds (less than 4 km/h) or inversion conditions or where wind speeds exceed 12 km/h.

APPLICATION CHECKLIST

- D0 NOT treat weeds under poor growing conditions due to moisture stress, waterlogging, severe frosting, insect damage etc. Reduced performance may also occur where weeds are covered with dust or silt.
- DO NOT add surfactants, adjuvants or other pesticides except as specifically directed on this label.
- Rain within 1 hour of application which causes run-off may require re-treatment. Rainfastness is reduced if weeds are not actively growing, under stress or conditions of low light intensity/darkness. The addition of Wetter TX may improve rainfastness on Winter annual weeds.
- A withholding period for grazing is not required. However, it is recommended that grazing of treated plants be delayed to ensure herbicide uptake. Certain plants such as Soursob, Variegated thistle, Sorghum and Johnson grass may be naturally toxic to stock when eaten in large quantities under certain conditions. Where plants are known to be toxic, grazing should be delayed until complete browning of treated plants has occurred.
- . Apply treatments to weeds which have at least one true leaf (broadleaf weeds) or two feaves (grasses) to provide an adequate surface area for heroicide uptake.
- If heavy grazing has occurred, allow regrowth to 6-8 cm before spraying and use the higher rates recommended.

PROTECTION OF CROP, NATIVE AND OTHER NDN-TARGET PLANTS

Avoid contact with foliage, green bank or stems, canes, laterals, suckers, fresh wounds, exposed non-woody roots, flowers or fruit of crops, desirable plants and trees, since sever injury or destruction may result.

DO NOT apply under weather conditions, or from spraying equipment, that may cause spray to drift onto nearby susceptible plants/crops, cropping lands or pastures.

PROTECTION OF WILDLIFE, FISH, CRUSTACEAN AND THE ENVIRONMENT

DO NOT contaminate dams, rivers or streams with the product or used container. DO NOT apply to weeds growing in or over water. DO NOT spray across open bodies of water.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Store in the closed, original container in a cool, well-ventilated area. DO NOT store for prolonged periods in direct sunlight.

DO NOT contaminate seed, feed or foodstuff. DD NOT re-use container for any purpose.

The method of disposal of the container depends on the container type.

Read the Storage and Disposal instructions on the label that is attached to the container.

For Non-Refillable Containers: Triple rinse containers before disposal. Add rinsings to spray tank. D0 NOT dispose of undiluted chemicals on-site. If recycling, replace cap and return clean containers to recycler or designated collection point. If not recycling, break, crush or puncture and deliver empty packaging to an approved waste management facility. If an approved waste management facility is not available bury the empty packaging 500 below the surface in a disposal pit specifically marked and set up for this purpose clear of waterways, desirable vegetation and tree roots, in compliance with relevant Local, State or Territory government regulations. D0 NOT burn empty containers or product.

For Refittable Containers: Storage must be secure so that contents cannot be tampered with. All locks and/or seals must be in order. If locks or seals are broken prior to initial use then the integrity of this product cannot be assured. If this occurs ACCENSI Pty Ltd should be advised immediately. Empty contents fully into application equipment. Close all valves and return to point of supply for refill or storage.

SAFETY DIRECTIONS

Will irritate the eyes. May irritate the nose and throat. Repeated exposure may cause allergic disorders. Avoid contact with eyes and skin. When opening the container, preparing spray and using the prepared spray, wear cotton overalls buttoned to the neck and wrist or equivalent clothing, elbow length PVC or nitrile gloves and face shield or goggles. If product in eyes, wash it out immediately with water. Wash hands after use. After each day's use, wash gloves, face shield or goggles and contaminated clothing.

FIRST AID

If poisoning occurs, contact a doctor or Poisons Information Centre. Phone Australia 13 11 26.

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

Additional information is listed in the MSDS which is available from the supplier upon request.

CONDITIONS OF SALE: The use of ACCENSI Glyphosate 45D K-Salt Herbicide being beyond the control of the manufacturer no warranty expressed or implied is given by ACCENSI Pty Ltd regarding its suitability, fitness or efficiency for any purpose for which it is used by the buyer, whether in accordance with the directions or not and ACCENSI Pty Ltd accepts no responsibility for any consequence whatsoever resulting from the use of this product.

* Other trademarks

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