CAUTION

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN
READ SAFETY DIRECTIONS BEFORE OPENING OR USING

ACCENSI

Atrazine 500 Flowable Herbicide



ACTIVE CONSTITUENT: 500 g/L ATRAZINE

GROUP C HERBICIDE

A pre-emergent and post-emergent herbicide for the control of annual grasses and broadleaf weeds in a range of crops and *Pinus radiata* plantations and for use in triazine tolerant canola as per Directions for Use table.

Label:

IMPORTANT: READ THE ATTACHED LEAFLET BEFORE OPENING OR USING

Leaflet:

IMPORTANT: READ THIS LEAFLET BEFORE OPENING OR USING

Contents:

5L -10L, 20L -1000L

ACCENSI Pty Ltd ABN 94 079 875 184 60-76 Potassium Street, Narangba Qld 4504 Ph: (07) 3897 2000

APVMA Approval No.:

64182 / 59877



Batch Number

Date of Manufacture

DIRECTIONS FOR USE:

RESTRAINTS: DO NOT apply to waterlogged soil.

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DO NOT apply if heavy rains or storms that are likely to cause run-off are forecast within two days of application.

DO NOT irrigate to the point of run-off for at least two days after application.

DO NOT use as a pre-emergence application in Sorghum, Broom Millet or Saccaline during the wet season in the northern irrigation areas of Western Australia.

DO NOT apply product to any drainage line. Drainage lines show evidence of the action of periodically flowing water (for example, gravel, pebble, rock and sand bed, scour hole or nick point) and/or an incised channel at least 30 cm deep.

DO NOT handle, mix, apply or conduct testing operations in areas susceptible to run-off where drainage results in rapid entry into waterways, particularly where no specific and effective action has been taken to prevent run-off into waterways. These areas may include areas mounded perpendicular to the contour, roads, access tracks, snig tracks, and compacted log dumps.

TT-Canola: DO NOT use or apply this product post-emergence on raised beds or where furrows have been created in soil for the purposes of holding or channelling water.

Soil moisture: The product requires rainfall or irrigation to move it down through the soil into the weed root zone to make it effective. Sufficient rain or irrigation to thoroughly wet the soil through the weed root zone should occur or be made within 10 days after spraying.

CROP AREAS

SITUATION & CROP	WEEDS CONTROLLED	STATE	Control of the Contro		CRITICAL COMMENTS
Broom millet, Sorghum (Forage Sorghum) Irrigated and Dryland	Amaranthus (Amaranthus spp.), Annual Ground Cherry (Physalis spp.), Barnyard Grass (Echinochloa crus-galli), Blackberry Nightshade (Solanum nigrum), Black Bindweed (Polygonum convolvulus) (Old, NSW only), Bladder Ketmia, Burrs,	All States			Dryland Areas: Use as a pre-plant or pre-emergence treatment only where grasses are likely to be the main problem. Another application (post-emergence) may be required under dry conditions where long term weed control is required or additional weed control is required because of heavy rainfall or prolonged wet conditions or because dry weather follows sowing and spraying, and weed and grass growth occurs. For post-emergent use, add a non-ionic surfactant.
	Caltrop (<i>Tribulus terrestris</i>), Crowsfoot Grass, Dwarf Marigold, Fathen (<i>Chenopodium album</i>),			followed by 2.5 L/ha	Dryland Areas: Pre-emergence followed by post-emergence, blanket application. DO NOT apply to very sandy soils. For post-emergence use, add a non-ionic surfactant.
Lovegrass (<i>Eragrostis curvula</i>), Mintweed (<i>Salvia reflexa</i>), Paddy Melon (<i>Cucumis</i> spp.), Parthenium Weed, Pigeon Weed, Pigweed, Plains Grass.			(n. patiente), françois esp. 460, 11	Dryland Areas: Use post-emergence only for the control of annual grasses. Escapes of Pigweed may occur at rates below 4.5 L/ha (Qld only). Add a non-ionic surfactant.	
				Dryland Areas: Use post-emergence for control of broadleaf weeds. Blanket application. Refer to Method of Application Table. Add a non-ionic surfactant.	
	Potato Weed (<i>Galinsoga parviflora</i>), Sesbania Pea, Spring Grass,		Light Soil		Irrigated Areas (Not MIA): Post-emergence only. DO NOT use on light sandy soil.
Sunflowers (<i>Helianthus a</i> Thornapple (<i>Datura</i> spp.)	Summer Grass (<i>Cenchrus ciliaris</i>), Sunflowers (<i>Helianthus annuas</i>), Thornapple (<i>Datura</i> spp.),		Medium Soil	by 2.5 to 3.5 L/ha	Irrigated Areas (Not MIA): Pre-plant or pre-emergence followed by post-emergence. Use a higher rate where grasses are a major problem.
1	Wild Oats (Avena fatua),		Heavy Soil	3.5 L/ha	Post-emergent: Add a non-ionic surfactant.
	Wireweed (Polygonum aviculare)		Medium Soil	L/ha	Irrigated Areas: Pre-emergence or pre-plant only (NOT MIA). Use the higher rate where grasses are a major problem. For control of
			Heavy Soil	6.0 L/ha	Parthenium Weed apply a maximum of 6 L/ha/year. Post-emergent: Add a non-ionic surfactant.
Irrigated and Dryland Maize and Sweet Corn	As above	All States	Light and Medium Soil		Use this rate where broadleaf weeds are problem. May be applied by low volume boom or by air. Post-emergent: Add a non-ionic surfactant.
			Medium and heavy Soil	6.0 L/ha	Use this rate where grass weeds are problem. May be applied by low volume boom or by air. Post-emergent: Add a non-ionic surfactant.

ACCENSI ATRAZINE 500 FLOWABLE HERBICIDE Page 2 of 8 FILENAME: RLP V1

CROP AREAS - continued

SITUATION & CROP	WEEDS CONTROLLED	STATE	SOIL TYPE	RATE L/ha	CRITICAL COMMENTS
Irrigated and Dryland Sorghum	Parthenium Weed	Qld only	All Soils	2-4 L/ha	Apply as a pre-emergent blanket spray. Add 100 mL/100 L non-ionic surfactant (100%) to the spray mixture. Apply a maximum 6 L/ha/year.
	Black Pigweed, Sesbania Pea			2 L & 500 mL 2,D-4 (500 g/L)	Post-emergence.
Sugar cane	Giant Sensitive Plant alone or in association with Blue Top, Barnyard Grass, Budda Pea, Cobbler's Pegs, Crowsfoot Grass, Flannel Weed, Pigweed, Sida Retusa, Sesbania, Stinking Passion Vlne, Summer Grass, Thickhead Vines, Wild Rose			4 to 6 L/ha	Avoid spraying weeds under stress. Apply to moist soil and when rain is likely to occur within 10 days. Use a pre-emergent spray if grass weeds are a problem. Use as a post-emergent spray if broadleaf weeds are a problem. Broadleaf weeds should be actively growing and no more than 4-6 true leaves at time of application. If grass weeds are present at time of application apply a recommended post-emergent herbicide. Use the higher rate for longer residual control.
Lucerne (established more than 1 year)		All States		1.1 L/ha	Apply by low volume boom spray to first germination of seedlings at 5 to 8 cm high. Use 140 to 170 litres of spray mixture/ha. DO NOT TREAT LUCERNE STANDS UNDER ONE YEAR OLD.
Maize & Sorghum	Black Pigweed	Central	1	2 L/ha	Pre-emergence.
		Qld only		630 mL or 2 L/ha	Post-emergence: Use the lower rate for seedlings (2 true leaves). For plants up to 3 cm in diameter use higher rate. Add a non-ionic surfactant (see table section (d)).
Lupins – weed free seed bed	Capeweed, Clovers and Medics, Doublegee, Mustard, Turnip, Wlld Radish, Wireweed Suppression of annual grass weeds	WA only		500 mL-1 L plus 500 mL-1 L Simazine 500 g/L Herbicide	DO NOT use on whitish or grey sands. Apply the tank mixture to bare moist soil immediately before or at seeding. Incorporation of the tank mixture by the sowing operation should not exceed 5 cm. Sufficient rainfall to wet the soil through the weed root zone is necessary within 2-3 weeks of application. Results with the tank mixture can be variable if seasonal conditions are dry prior to sowing and lupins are sown into a dry or low moisture seedbed. Apply a minimum of 750 mL/ha ACCENSI Atrazine 500 Flowable Herbicide plus 750 mL/ha of Simazine 500 g/L Flowable on yellow sands. Apply 1 L ACCENSI Atrazine 500 Flowable Herbicide plus 1 L/ha of Simazine 500 g/L Herbicide on all other soil types. Note: Some early crop phototoxicity may be observed, particularly on yellow sands carrying native pear and pine vegetation.
Grass seed crops Established seed crops of Sirocco Phalaris, Demeter Fescue, Currie Cocksfoot	Brome Grass (<i>Bromus unioloides</i>)	All States		1.8 to 2.2 L/ha	Apply to low volume boom spray after the Autumn break when Brome Grass is emerging.
Seedling Signal Grass and <i>Panicum maximum</i>	Billygoat Weed (Blue Top), Crowsfoot Grass, Cobbler's Pegs (Bidens piluosa), Fleabane, Lovegrass (Eragrostis curvula), Mexican Poppy, Rhodes Grass (Chloris gayana), Setaria, Sida spp., Solaria spp., Stinking Roger, Thickhead, Wild Hops, Wild Radish (Raphanus raphanistrum), Woolly Top	Qld only		4.5 to 6.0 L/ha	Pre-emergent: Apply immediately after planting to moist soil before weeds or crop germinate. Use the lowest rate on <i>Panicum maximum</i> seed crops and the highest rate on Signal Grass when grasses are likely to be a major problem. Note: Damage may occur to <i>Panicum maximum</i> where application is made under cool moist conditions. Guinea Grass, Panics and Summer Grass are not controlled.

CROP AREAS - continued

SITUATION & CROP	WEEDS CONTROLLED	STATE	SOIL TYPE	RATE L/ha	CRITICAL COMMENTS	
Seedling Ryegrass crops, Seed crops	Toad Rush (<i>Juncus bufonis</i>), Winter Grass (<i>Poa annua</i>)	Vic only	All Soils	900 mL to 1 L/ha	Use the lower rate at 2-3 true leaves and the higher rate at tillering.	
Established Ryegrass seed crops	Barley Grass (Hordeum Ieporinium), Docks, Loosestrife (Lythrum hyssopifolia), Soft Brome (Bromus mollis), Sorrel (Rumex acetosella), Silver Grass, Toad Rush (Juncus bufonis), Winter Grass (Poa annua)	Vic only			and conditions are becoming cooler, around late May to mid June. Note: Some crop damage may occur on sandy soils or if crop is water stressed. DO NOT apply nitrogen prior to spraying.	
Fallow area maintenance prior to sowing wheat, peas, upins	Broadleaf weeds and grasses	Vic only		1.2 to 1.6 L/ha	Apply late July to mid September for May-June sowing. Use the higher rate for a 14 month fallow and apply in February/April before Autumn rains.	
	As for Sorghum weed control	Qld,	1	1 L OR 6 L	Apply to moist soil when rain imminent and prior to the	
or Sorghum Crop in Conservation tillage system	Parthenium Weed	NSW only		6 L	germination of weeds and grasses. If seedling weeds are prestank mix with Glyphosate (360 g/L). Use the lower rate when short term control of weeds is required or where crop will foll sorghum control in the rotation.	
reas prior to planting	Amaranthus (Amaranthus spp.), Annual Ground Cherry (Physalis spp.), Barnyard Grass (Echinochloa crus-galli), Blackberry Nightshade (Solanum nigrum), Black Bindweed (Polygonum convolvulus), Bladder Ketmia, Burrs, Caltrop (Tribulus terrestris), Crowsfoot Grass, Dwarf Marigold, Fathen (Chenopodium album), Lovegrass (Eragrostis curvula), Mintweed (Salvia reflexa), Paddy Melon (Cucumis spp.), Parthenium Weed, Pigeon Weed, Plains Grass, Potato Weed (Galinsoga parviflora), Sesbania Pea, Summer Grass (Cenchrus ciliaris), Sunflowers (Helianthus annuas), Thornapple (Datura spp.), Wild Oats (Avena fatua), Wireweed (Polygonum aviculare)	Qld, NSW only		3.6 to 6.5 L/ha	Apply pre-plant to moist soil or when rain is imminent and prior to germination of weeds. May be tanked mixed with recommended knockdown herbicides if weeds are present. Use the lower rate when short term control is required, or if wheat crop is to be planted following the sorghum crop. For Parthenium Weed apply a maximum of 6 L/ha/year.	

CROP AREAS - continued

SITUATION & CROP	WEEDS CONTROLLED	STATE	RATE Per Hectare	CRITICAL COMMENTS
Canola — (Triazine Tolerant varieties only) Pre-emergence or post sowing pre-emergence only	Capeweed, Charlock, Clover, Corn Cromwell, Doublegee, Fumitories, Geraniums, Ivy-leaf Speedwell, London Rocket, Mustards, Turnips, Paterson's Curse, Shepherd's Purse, Silver Grass (Vulpia). Suppression of Annual Ryegrass, Barley Grass, Brome Grass, Wild Oats and Wild Radish	All States	2 to 4 L	This use is subject to an Integrated Weed Management Strategy for the use of triazine herbicides in triazine tolerant canola. See General Instructions: Integrated Weed Management Strategy for TT-Canola. Can be applied up to a week before sowing or post-sowing preemergence (ideally incorporated by harrows). For best results apply to bare moist soil, either immediately before seeding or as a pre-emergence treatment at or within 7 days of planting. Sufficient rainfall (20-30 mm) to wet the soil through the weed root zone is necessary within 2-3 weeks of application. Application should not be made to ridged or excessively cloddy soil. When applied before seeding, incorporate to a depth of 5 cm.
Canola — (Triazine Tolerant varieties only) Post-emergence application	Annual Ryegrass (1-2 leaf stage only), Mustards, Wild Radish, Turnips		1 to 2 L	This use is subject to an Integrated Weed Management Strategy for the use of triazine herbicides in triazine tolerant canola. See General Instructions: Integrated Weed Management Strategy for TT-Canola. Apply to moist soil when weeds are actively growing. The addition of 0.5-1% v/v of crop oil will enhance post-emergence activity. Cold Water: Under cold water conditions (10°C or less), use Hasten* as a crop oil. DO NOT apply more than one post-emergence application.

FORESTRY AREAS

SITUATION & CROP	WEEDS CONTROLLED	STATE	RATE L/ha (All Soils)	CRITICAL COMMENTS
Pinus radiata plantations	Capeweed, Clovers, Mouse-eared Chickweed (Stellaria media), Ryegrass, Sand Brome (Bromus spp.), Silver Grass, Common Sow Thistle (Sonchus oleraceus), Spear Thistle seedlings, Yorkshire Fog (Holcus lanatus), Wild Oats (Avena fatua)	NSW, Vic, Tas, SA, WA only	9 L to 16 L/ha	Pre-planting: Graze the area heavily and apply the tank mixture no more than two weeks before planting by boom spray or aircraft. Post-planting: Apply the mixture either immediately after or within one month of planting by boom spray. Pines should be at least one month old when applying by aircraft. Apply before the Spring flush commences. Use the lowest rate where broadleaf weeds are a problem and the highest rate where grasses are a major problem. Note: For sandy soils which are highly erodible use a maximum of 9 L product/ha/year. For clay loams and heavier textured soils apply a maximum of 16 L product/ha/year.
Roadsides and rights of ways	Parthenium Weed	Qld only	6 L	Pre- and Post-emergent. Apply to moist soil, following germinating rains and when further follow up rain is imminent. Where germination has occurred, ensure application is made to seedling plants.

NOT TO BE USED IN ANY MANNER OR FOR ANY PURPOSE CONTRARY TO THIS LABEL UNLESS AUTHORISED UNDER APPROPRIATE LEGISLATION.

ACCENSI ATRAZINE 500 FLOWABLE HERBICIDE Page 5 of 8 FILENAME: _ _ _ RLP_V1

DATE: 21/01/14

WITHHOLDING PERIODS:

CANOLA – Pre-emergence application:

– Post-emergence application:

– Post-emergence application:

DO NOT GRAZE OR CUT FOR STOCK FOOD FOR 15 WEEKS AFTER APPLICATION.

DO NOT GRAZE OR CUT FOR STOCK FOOD FOR 6 WEEKS AFTER APPLICATION.

GRAZING – OTHER CROPS: DO NOT APPLY TO AREAS THAT WILL OR MAY BE GRAZED OR CUT FOR STOCKFEED WITHIN 28 DAYS OF APPLICATION.

HARVEST - ALL CROPS: NOT REQUIRED WHEN USED AS DIRECTED.

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

This product can be used both pre- and post-emergent to selectively control weeds in the crops listed in the Directions for Use Table and in *Pinus radiata* plantations. It can also be used to control weeds in Triazine Tolerant Canola varieties.

Established perennial species will not be controlled at the rates recommended. Duration and effectiveness of control depends on the amount of chemical applied, soil type, rainfall, weed species and other conditions.

Sufficient moisture (either rainfall or irrigation) is required to move the product into the root zone of weeds to make the product effective. This should occur within 10 days of application to ensure product effectiveness.

DO NOT apply more than 6 litres per hectare per year for all crops except forestry. DO NOT apply more than 9 litres per hectare per year in forestry situations in sandy soils and soils classed as highly erodible and not more than 16 litres per hectare per year for clay loams and heavier textured soils.

INTEGRATED WEED MANAGEMENT STRATEGY FOR TT CANOLA

The use of this product in TT Canola is subject to an Integrated Weed Management Strategy for the use of triazine herbicides in TT Canola, the strategy encompasses:

· Integrated Weed Management;

• the specific management of crop plant volunteers and outcrossing to other plants; and

triazine herbicide residue management (agronomic and environment).

Compliance with registered label directions and adoption of the principles outlined in the Strategy will assist with implementation of crop management practices that minimise the development of herbicide resistance in treated weeds; reduce the levels of triazine residues in the environment, and manage volunteer plants and outcrossing. Copies of the Strategy are available from ACCENSI representative or by contacting ACCENSI Pty Ltd on (07) 3897 2000.

Where specific information and farm management assessment is required to assist with application of Integrated Weed Management programs on-farm, particularly in adapting strategies to local conditions, then specific expert advice should be obtained from an appropriate agronomist, consultant, chemical supplier or Departmental adviser.

To minimise herbicide resistance:

 Avoid dry sowing in heavily weed infested paddocks. Wait for a weed germination after the opening rains in weedy paddocks. Use a pre-plant knockdown or cultivation. No weeds should be allowed to survive at this stage.

Adapt the weed control program to the anticipated weed spectrum and pressure:
 Broadleaf Weeds and Ryegrass: Use Simazine 500 g/L Herbicide or ACCENSI Atrazine 500 Flowable Herbicide plus trifluralin pre-emergence. A follow-up with a Group A herbicide (if Ryegrass is susceptible) or ACCENSI Atrazine 500 Flowable Herbicide may be necessary.
 Broadleaf Weeds only: Use ACCENSI Atrazine 500 Flowable Herbicide post-emergence.

DO NOT use Simazine 500 g/L Herbicide or ACCENSI Atrazine 500 Flowable Herbicide if the area to be treated had a triazine herbicide applied to it last season.
 Watch for escapes, especially in paddocks with a long history of Group C herbicide use.
 DO NOT use Group C herbicides in consecutive years.

Resistant Weeds Reporting

Growers should collect plant or seed samples where weeds that are normally susceptible to atrazine and simazine may be resistant, get them tested and seek professional advice.

To avoid Triazine carry-over:

On acid soils (pH less than 6.5) - The maximum rate of use Simazine 500 g/L Herbicide or ACCENSI Atrazine 500 Flowable Herbicide or a combination of the two products to be applied to the crop during the growing season is 4 L/ha.

On alkaline soils (pH greater than 6.5) - The maximum rate of Simazine 500 g/L Herbicide or ACCENSI Atrazine 500 Flowable Herbicide or a combination of of the two products applied to be applied to the crop during the growing season is 2 L/ha.

Post-emergence use - It is recommended that ACCENSI Atrazine 500 Flowable Herbicide only be used, and at rates of 2 L/ha or less, on both acid or alkaline soils.

WARNING

Sorghum, Broom Millet, Saccaline

Heavy rain immediately after application may result in excessive concentrations of herbicide in the seed furrow, encouraging crop injury. This is most likely to occur in pre-plant or pre-emergence applications using rates in excess of 3.6 L/ha. To avoid the likelihood of herbicide injury use technique (a), (b) or (d) in the Time of Application table. DO NOT use as a pre-emergence application in the wet season in the northern irrigation areas of Western Australia.

When sowing is made on the flat avoid application to ridged soil. Applying the total amount of product as a pre-emergence application will increase the risk of crop injury in the event of heavy rain after application.

ACCENSI ATRAZINE 500 FLOWABLE HERBICIDE Page 6 of 8 FILENAME: RLP V1

For post-emergence application add crop oil at the rate of 5.5 L/ha if grass weeds are a problem. Ensure that the mixture is continually agitated.

DO NOT apply mixtures of crop oil to stressed crops, inbred lines or breeding stock as injury may occur. In only broadleaf weeds are a problem, add 135 mL of a 100% non-ionic surfactant per 100 L of spray mixture.

DO NOT mix, load or apply this product within 20 m of any well, sink hole, intermittent or perennial stream.

Stir the product or invert the container prior to use in case settling has occurred in storage. Partially fill the spray tank with water and maintain agitation while adding the required quantity of ACCENSI Atrazine 500 Flowable Herbicide. Agitation should continue after filling and during spraying. If spray is allowed to stand, agitate thoroughly before resuming spraying.

COMPATIBILITY

This product is compatible with Glyphosate 360 and Glyphosate 450, paraguat, paraguat/diguat mixtures and amitrole. It is advisable that a small scale compatibility test be carried out prior to tank mixing with other products. In sugar cane only, the addition of Sodium 2,4-D will assist in short term suppression of Nutgrass and other sedges.

Application can be made by low volume boom or by aircraft (except in TT Canola).

Suggested minimum volumes of spray mixture per hectare are:

Pre-plant / Pre-emergence Boom:

551

Post-emergence Pre-plant / Pre-emergence

110 L

Air:

15 L

Post-emergence

22 L

Application can be made as an overall spray or as a band spray. Minimum band with should be 30 cm. DO NOT use human flaggers in aerial spraying, unless protected by engineering controls such as enclosed cabs.

TT Canola - DO NOT apply TT Canola by aircraft. Apply only with a low volume boom sprayer with a 60 m buffer zone downwind of treated fields to natural or impounded lakes or dams, and a 20 m buffer zone for any well, sink hole, intermittent or perennial stream. Apply only to areas where run-off is unlikely to occur or where run-off may be captured by farm earthworks.

Incorporation (Pre-plant and at sowing application)
This product acts mainly by root absorption. Its effectiveness depends on the occurrence of rainfall or irrigation to move it down into the weed root zone. Sufficient rain or irrigation to thoroughly wet the soil through the weed root zone should occur or be made immediately after application to provide appropriate weed control. Delay in activation of this product may result in some weed growth. In flood or furrow irrigation situations complete and continued activation of the product due to a thin hard band of dry soil on the surface during or after irrigation. Mechanical incorporation after application, using light harrows to incorporate the product into the soil not more than 4 cm deep is required to ensure the irrigation water activates the product. Always apply the product to an even unridged seedbed.

Time of Application

For dryland and irrigated Sorghum, Broom Millet, Saccaline, Maize and Sweet Corn

TYPE OF APPLICATION	CRITICAL COMMENTS	INCORPORATION
(a) Pre-plant application followed by Post- emergence application	Apply after establishment of the seed bed and up to two weeks prior to sowing. Application should be made preferably to moist soil. If using this technique on irrigated crops then Post-emergence application must be made as soon as possible after crop emergence and development of 2-3 leaves.	If applied to dry soil, lightly harrow to incorporate the product into the soil not more than 4 cm deep. Should weeds develop after a pre-plant
(b) Pre-emergence followed by Post- emergence application	followed by Post- preferably to moist soil. If using this technique on irrigated crops then a Post-emergence application	
(c) Pre-emergence application	Apply at or immediately after planting before crop and weeds emerge. Preferably apply to moist soil.	untreated soil over the sprayed areas and seriously reduce weed control.
(d) Post-emergence application	Application should be made when the weeds are not more than 1 cm high and the crop is at the 2-3 leaf stage. Soil should be moist and irrigation or rain should follow application. Always add a non-ionic surfactant (100%) at the rate of 135 mL per 100 L spray for all Post-emergence applications.	

Note: Should weeds develop after a Pre-plant or Pre-emergence application a shallow cultivation may assist control. Avoid deep cultivation which may throw untreated soil over the sprayed area, as this may seriously reduce weed control.

ACCENSI ATRAZINE 500 FLOWABLE HERBICIDE Page 7 of 8 FILENAME: RLP V1

DATE: 21/01/14

RESISTANT WEEDS WARNING

ACCENSI Atrazine 500 Flowable Herbicide is a member of the triazines group of herbicides. ACCENSI Atrazine 500



Flowable Herbicide has the inhibitor of photosynthesis at photosystem II mode of action. For weed resistance management ACCENSI Atrazine 500 Flowable Herbicide is a Group C Herbicide. Some naturally occurring weed biotypes resistant to ACCENSI Atrazine 500 Flowable Herbicide and other Group C herbicides may exist through normal genetic variability in any weed population. The resistant individuals can eventually dominate the weed population if these herbicides are used repeatedly. These resistant weeds will not be controlled by ACCENSI Atrazine 500 Flowable Herbicide or any other Group C herbicide.

Since the occurrence of resistant weeds is difficult to detect prior to use, ACCENSI Pty Ltd accepts no liability for any losses that may result from the failure of ACCENSI Atrazine 500 Flowable Herbicide to control resistant weeds.

RE-ENTRY PERIOD

DO NOT enter treated areas without protective clothing until spray has dried.

PROTECTION OF LIVESTOCK

When treating native pasture, keep stock off for 14 days while this product takes effect

PROTECTION OF WILDLIFE, FISH, CRUSTACEANS AND ENVIRONMENT

DO NOT contaminate streams, rivers or waterways with the chemical or used containers. This product is very highly toxic to algae and aquatic macrophytes. DO NOT apply within 60 m of natural or impounded lakes or dams.

DO NOT use in channels or drains.

DO NOT apply under meteoroglocial conditions or from equipment which could be expected to cause drift of this product or spray mix into adjacent areas, particularly wetlands, waterbodies or water courses.

DO NOT mix/load or apply product within 20 m of any well, sink holes, intermittent or perennial streams or river.

PROTECTION OF CROPS, NATIVE AND OTHER NON-TARGET PLANTS

DO NOT apply or drain or flush equipment on or near desirable trees or other plants or on areas where their roots may extend or in locations where the chemical may be washed or moved into contact with their roots.

DO NOT spray foliage of desirable plants.

DO NOT apply high rates of application to heavier soils if roots of desirable shrubs and trees are near the surface.

DO NOT use near newly planted shrubs, young ornamentals or species with shallow roots.

DO NOT plant crops other than those recommended on this label for at least 6 months following treatments at rates up to 2.5 litres per hectare and for 18 months following treatments of 2.5 to 6.0 litres per hectare.

DO NOT use in meteorological conditions or from spraying equipment which could be expected to cause spray drift onto nearby susceptible plants, crops, pastures or crop land.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Store in the closed, original container in a well-ventilated area, as cool as possible out of direct sunlight. Triple or preferably pressure rinse containers before disposal. Add rinsings to spray tank. DO NOT dispose of undiluted chemicals on site. If recycling, replace cap and return clean containers to recycler or a designated collection point. If not recycling, break, crush or puncture and bury empty containers in a local authority landfill. If no landfill is available, bury the containers below 500 mm in a disposal pit specifically marked and set up for this purpose, clear of waterways, desirable vegetation and tree roots. Empty containers and product should not be burnt.

SAFETY DIRECTIONS

Avoid contact with eyes and skin. DO NOT inhale spray mist. When preparing the spray and using the prepared spray wear cotton overalls buttoned to the neck and wrist (or equivalent clothing) and a washable hat, elbow-length PVC gloves. After use and before eating, drinking or smoking, wash hands, arms and face thoroughly with soap and water. After each day's use, wash gloves.

FIRST AID

If poisoning occurs contact a doctor or Poisons Information Centre. Phone Australia 13 11 26.

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

Additional information is listed in the Material Safety Data Sheet which can be obtained from the supplier.

CONDITIONS OF SALE: The use of ACCENSI Atrazine 500 Flowable Herbicide being beyond the control of the manufacturer no warranty expressed or implied is given by ACCENSI Pty Ltd regarding its suitability, fitness or efficiency for any purpose for which it is used by the buyer, whether in accordance with the directions or not and ACCENSI Pty Ltd accepts no responsibility for any consequence whatsoever resulting from the use of this product.

For Refillable Containers: Storage must be secure so that contents cannot be tampered with. All locks and/or seals must be in order. If locks or seals are broken prior to initial use then the integrity of this product cannot be assured. If this occurs ACCENSI Pty Ltd should be advised immediately. Empty contents fully into application equipment. Close all valves and return to point of supply for refill or storage.

ACCENSI ATRAZINE 500 FLOWABLE HERBICIDE Page 8 of 8 FILENAME: _ _ _ RLP_V1

DATE: 21/01/14