Product Name: APVMA Approval No:

TITAN IPRODIONE AQUAFLOW 500 FUNGICIDE 65494/133751



Label Name:	TITAN IPRODIONE AQUAFLOW 500 FUNGICIDE
Signal Headings:	READ SAFETY DIRECTIONS BEFORE OPENING OR USING

Constituent Statements:	500 g/L IPRODIONE
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Statement of Claims:	For the control of certain fungal diseases on various crops and situations as specified in the Directions for Use table
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Net Contents:

Directions for Use:	This section contains file attachment.

Other Limitations:	

Withholding Periods:	WITHHOLDING PERIODS: Harvest
	ALMONDS, MACADAMIAS, MANDARINS, POME FRUIT, POTATOES, STONE FRUIT:
	NOT REQUIRED WHEN USED AS DIRECTED.
	BOYSENBERRIES, CELERY, RASPBERRIES, STRAWBERRIES, YOUNGBERRIES: DO
	NOT HARVEST FOR 1 DAY AFTER APPLICATION.
	BRASSICA LEAFY VEGETABLES, GRAPES, KIWIFRUIT, LETTUCE, TOMATOES AND
	PASSIONFRUIT: DO NOT HARVEST FOR 7 DAYS AFTER APPLICATION.
	PEANUTS: DO NOT HARVEST FOR 12 DAYS AFTER APPLICATION.

SOYBEANS: DO NOT HARVEST FOR 7 WEEKS AFTER APPLICATION.

BF	Grazing RASSICA LEAFY VEGETABLES, LUCERNE: DO NOT GRAZE OR CUT FOR STOCK OOD FOR 7 DAYS AFTER APPLICATION.
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Trade Advice:	EXPORT OF TREATED PRODUCE Growers should note that MRLs or import tolerances may not exist in all markets for produce treated with TITAN Iprodione Aquaflow 500 Fungicide. If you are growing produce for export, please check with TITAN AG Pty Ltd for the latest information on MRLs and import tolerances BEFORE using TITAN Iprodione Aquaflow 500 Fungicide
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General Instructions: MIXING Note: TITAN Iprodoine Aquaflow 500 Fungicide may be unstable in conditions where the pH is 7 or higher. It is therefore essential to check the pH of the spray solution before adding TITAN Iprodione Aquaflow 500 Fungicide. A suitable registered buffering agent may have to be added to bring pH down below 7. Add half the required water volume to the spray tank or vat with the agitation mechanism operating. Add the required volume of this product and then add additional water to the volume required. TURF NUTRITION This product acts very rapidly and where the turf is of a low nutritional status, a slight yellowing may be seen. This will be corrected by nitrogenous fertilizer application. Where possible, it is recommended that the fertilizer program should precede the fungicide application. APPLICATION Good disease control requires even, thorough coverage of the target area. Application should be made using appropriate spray equipment additional water volume may need to vary, depending on the growth stage of the crop. Tree and Vine Crops Dilute Spraying: Use a sprayer designed to apply high spray volumes, up to the point of run-off and matched to the crop being sprayed. Set up and operate the sprayer to achieve even coverage throughout the crop canopy. Apply sufficient spray solution to cover the crop to the point of run-off may be determined by applying different test volumes, using different settings on the sprayer, from industry guidelines or expare advine. Add the amount of product specified in the Directions For Use table for each 100L of water. Spray to the point of run-off may be determined by applying different test volumes, using different settings on the sprayer, form industry guidelines ore expare advine. Add the amount of run-off will		
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For further information on concentrate spraying, users are advised to consult relevant industry guidelines, undertake appropriate competency training and follow industry Best Practices. COMPATIBILITY TITAN Iprodione Aquaflow 500 Fungicide is compatible with the following products: Aliette* WG, Bugmaster* Flowable, calcium chloride, chlorpyrifos 500 EC, copper oxychloride, dimethoate, Dithane*, Dithane* M-45, endosulfan, Kelthane* EC, maldison, metalaxyl, methomyl or parathion-methyl. When tank mixing products the order of mixing is determined by formulation type. As a guide the following mixing sequence is recommended. 1. Wettable powders 2. Suspension concentrates 3. Water dispersible granules 4. Suspo-emulsions (eg. TITAN Iprodione Aquaflow 500 Fungicide) 5. Soluble powders 6. Solutions 7. Emulsifiable concentrates 8. Soluble concentrates 9. Wetting agents and oils With any mixture, thoroughly agitate immediately before applying. It is not recommended to mix this product with more than one of the above chemicals in the tank. The use of a surfactant or spray oil is not recommended with TITAN Iprodione Aquaflow 500 Fungicide as it may result in crop damage to sensitive plants. DO NOT mix with fertilisers. Note: Mixing TITAN Iprodione Aquaflow 500 Fungicide with Aliette WG may
result in some settling out. As formulations of other manufacturer's products are beyond the control of TITAN AG Pty Ltd, all mixtures should be tested prior to mixing commercial quantities.

Resistance Warning:	FUNGICIDE RESISTANCE WARNING GROUP 2 FUNGICIDE TITAN Iprodione Aquaflow 500 Fungicide is a member of the dicarboximide group of fungicides. For fungicide resistance management the product is a Group 2 fungicide. Some naturally occurring individual fungi resistant to the product and other Group 2 fungicides may exist through normal genetic variability in any fungal population. The resistant individuals can eventually dominate the fungal population if these fungicides are used repeatedly. These resistant fungi will not be controlled by this TITAN Iprodione Aquaflow 500 Fungicide or other Group 2 fungicides, thus resulting in a reduction in efficacy and possible yield loss. Since the occurrence of resistant fungi is difficult to detect prior to use, TITAN AG Pty Ltd accepts no liability for any losses that may result from the	
	TITAN AG Pty Ltd accepts no liability for any losses that may result from the failure of this product to control resistant fungi.	

Precautions:

Protections:	PROTECTION OF CROPS, NATIVE AND OTHER NON-TARGET PLANTS DO NOT apply the product under weather conditions, or from spraying equipment that may cause spray drift onto nearby plants/crops, cropping lands or pasture. PROTECTION OF WILDLIFE, FISH, CRUSTACEANS AND ENVIRONMENT Toxic to aquatic organisms. DO NOT contaminate streams, rivers or waterways with chemical or used containers.
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 in a cool, well-ventilated area. DO NOT store for prolonged periods in direct sunlight. For Non-Refillable Containers: Triple rinse containers before disposal. Add rinsings to spray tank. DO NOT dispose of undiluted chemicals on-site. If recycling, replace cap and return clean containers to recycler or a designated collection point. If not recycling, break, crush, or puncture and deliver empty packaging to an approved waste management facility. If an approved waste management facility is not available, bury the empty packaging 500 mm below the surface in a disposal pit specifically marked and set up for this purpose, clear of waterways, desirable vegetation and tree roots, in compliance with relevant local, state or territory government regulations. Do not burn empty containers or product.
For Refillable Containers: Storage must be secure so that contents cannot be tampered with. All locks and/or seals must be in order. If locks or seals are broken prior to initial use then the integrity of this product cannot be assured. If this occurs TITAN AG Pty Ltd should be advised immediately. Empty contents fully into application equipment. Close all valves and return to point of supply for refill or storage. Disposal of spent dip: DO NOT dispose of unused dip solutions within or near the crop or orchard area. The spent dip should be evenly spread over flat land at a rate not exceeding 20,000L/ha. The disposal site must be dedicated to and adequately bunded (soil at least 115cm high). DO NOT dispose of unwanted spent dip in the same place repeatedly, as repeated depositions in one location may, over time, create a contaminated site. Site treatment /preparation beforehand is essential. Compacted or poor draining soils should be aerated or cultivated prior to application of spent dip. Addition of manure or composted materials to soils with low organic matter or nutrient levels will assist biodegradation of the chemical in the soil. A disposal area containing moist, fertile, freely draining soil (eg beneath a green crop or pasture) will enhance breakdown of iprodione following disposal

with soap and water. After each day's use, wash gloves, face shield and contaminated clothing	Safety Directions:	SAFETY DIRECTIONS May irritate the eyes. Avoid contact with eyes and skin. When opening the container and using the product wear cotton overalls buttoned to the neck and wrist (or equivalent clothing), elbow-length PVC gloves and face shield. If product on skin, immediately wash area with soap and water. After use and before eating, drinking or smoking, wash hands, arms and face thoroughly with soap and water. After each day's use, wash gloves, face shield and contaminated clothing	
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First Aid Instructions:	FIRST AID If poisoning occurs contact a doctor or Poisons Information Centre. Phone Australia 131126; New Zealand 0800 764 766
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First Aid Warnings:					
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DIRECTIONS FO	R USE				
1. TREE AND VI	NE CROPS				
RATE In the following table, all rates are given for dilute spraying. For concentrate spraying, refer to Crop/vine section.		ıg.	CRITICAL COMMENTS For all uses in this table: Apply by dilute or concentrate spraying equipment. Apply the same total amount of product to the target crop whether applying this product by dilute or concentrate spraying methods. Refer to Special instructions for the Tree Crops/Vines section		
CROP	DISEASE	STATE	RATE	WHP	CRITICAL COMMENT
Almonds	Blossom Blight, Brown Rot (Monilinia spp., Sclerotinia spp.)	ALL STATES	50mL/ 100L water	Nil	Apply first at full bloom and, if conditions are favourable for disease development, up to two subsequent applications can be made; at petal fall and up to four weeks after petal fall.
Boysenberries	Grey Mould (Botrytis cinerea)		100mL/ 100L water	1 day	Spray at 10% blossom and full bloom. For fruit protection, apply 2 to 3 weeks pre-harvest.
Grapes				7 days	 Good crop hygiene will aid in the control of disease. This use is subject to an CropLife fungicide resistance management strategy: 1. If three or fewer bunch rot sprays are applied in a season use only one spray per season containing TITAN Iprodione Aquaflow 500 Fungicide (or other Group 2 Fungicide). If four or more bunch rot sprays are applied in a season use no more than two sprays containing Group 2 fungicides, unless tank mixed with a registered multi-site (Group 2) fungicide. 2. Late season fungicide treatments should be applied before Botrytis infection reaches unacceptably high levels in the vineyard. 3. DO NOT apply more than two consecutive sprays from the same fungicide group, including from the end of one season to the next.
Kiwifruit	Botrytis Blight (Botrytis spp.)	NSW, VIC, WA only			Apply the spray to vines every 10 to 14 days ensuring that all fruit is thoroughly wet. Apply 3 applications at 10 to 14 day intervals from 10% bloom to petal fall for protection of flowers and young fruit.

					Apply a further 2 applications of TITAN Iprodione Aquaflow 500 Fungicide to control late season Botrytis.
Macadamias	Botrytis Blight (Botrytis spp.)	ALL STATES	50mL/ 100L water	Nil	Apply as thorough cover spray to flower racemes when they open. A follow up spray may be needed one week later if wet conditions persist during flowering. Remove nuts under trees prior to spraying.
Mandarins (non-bearing)	Alternaria Leaf Spot (Brown Spot) (Alternaria alternata)	QLD, NT, WA only	100mL/ 100L water		Apply to non-bearing trees of Murcott variety monthly from first flush in Spring until flushing ceases in the Autumn. Reduce intervals to fortnightly during periods of wet weather
Passionfruit	Alternata Spot (Brown Spot) (Alternaria spp., Alternaria passiflora)	QLD, NSW, NT, WA only		7 days	 This use is subject to an CropLife fungicide resistance management strategy: 1. Maintain a protective cover with protectant fungicide such as mancozeb. 2. Limit the use of TITAN Iprodione Aquaflow 500 Fungicide to strategic periods, i.e. before, during and after extended wet periods. 3. Always tank mix TITAN Iprodione Aquaflow 500 Fungicide with a protectant such as mancozeb. 4. DO NOT apply more than four TITAN Iprodione Aquaflow 500 Fungicide (or other Group 2 fungicide) sprays in a season.
Raspberries	Grey Mould (Botrytis cinerea)	ALL STATES		1 day	Spray at 10% blossom and full bloom. For fruit protection, apply at 2 to 3 weeks pre-harvest
Stone Fruit: Apricots, Cherries, Nectarines, Peaches, Plums	Orchard Spraying Blossom Blight (Monilinia fructicola, Monilinia laxa), Brown Rot (Monilinia fructicola, Monilinia laxa)	QLD, NSW, VIC, TAS, SA, WA only	50 to 75mL/ 100L water	nil	 For control of Blossom Blight, spray at 10% blossom, full bloom and petal/shuck fall. For control of subsequent Brown Rot in fruit, spray at 3 weeks and 1 week pre-harvest. Use higher rate under severe conditions of challenge or for single applications of TITAN Iprodione Aquaflow 500 Fungicide in the spray program. This use is subject to an CropLife fungicide resistance management strategy: 1. DO NOT apply more than 2 consecutive sprays of TITAN Iprodione Aquaflow 500 Fungicide or (other Group 2 Fungicides). 2. A post-harvest treatment should also be counted as an application.

BERRIES Youngberries	Grey Mould (Botrytis cinerea)	All States	100mL/100L water	1 day	 3. The last Blossom Blight spray and the first pre-harvest brown rot spray should be regarded as consecutive applications. 4. The spray program should be considered, and the strategy applied on a whole orchard basis. Spray at 10% blossom and full bloom. For fruit protection, apply at 2 to 3 weeks pre-harvest.
Strawberries	Grey Mould (Botrytis cinerea)	ALL STATES	1.0L/ha where spray volume is less than 1000L/ha OR 100mL/100L water where spray volume equals or exceeds 1000L/ha	1 day	 This use is subject to an CropLife fungicide resistance management strategy: 1. Apply a program of protectant fungicides during flowering. If conditions favour disease development during this period use TITAN Iprodione Aquaflow 500 Fungicide. 2. DO NOT apply more than two successive sprays of TITAN Iprodione Aquaflow 500 Fungicide (or other Group 2 Fungicide).
	ARVEST DIPPING		100ml /1001		To minimize the development of part how out onto handle furth
Pome Fruit: Apples, Pears	Post-harvest Dipping Storage Rots (Penicillium spp.) (Botrytis spp.) (Gloeosporium spp.)	ALL STATES	100mL/100L water	nil	 To minimise the development of post-harvest rots handle fruit carefully to avoid fruit injury and dip promptly after harvest. Remove any infected fruit from the packing house immediately and destroy. This use is subject to an CropLife fungicide resistance management strategy: For the last pre-harvest spray, use a fungicide with a different mode of action to the fungicide planned for use as a post-harvest treatment. Where alternative fungicide groups are available rotate to use as many different modes of action as possible. D0 NOT dispose of unused dip solutions as a spray to crops or orchards. D0 NOT dispose of unused dip solutions within or near the crop or orchard area.

Stone Fruit: Apricots, Cherries, Nectarines, Peaches, Plums	Post-harvest Dipping Brown Rot (Monilinia fructicola, Monilinia laxa), *Transit Rot (Rhizopus spp.)	QLD, NSW, VIC, TAS, SA, WA only	100mL/100L water	nil	 To minimise the development of post-harvest rots handle fruit carefully to avoid fruit injury and dip promptly after harvest. Remove any infected fruit from the packing house immediately and destroy. When dipping, allow sufficient time to thoroughly wet the fruit. Top up dip with 400mL TITAN Iprodione Aquaflow 500 Fungicide in 100L of water. A non-ionic wetting agent should be added. This use is subject to an CropLife fungicide resistance management strategy: 1. For the last pre-harvest spray, use a fungicide with a different mode of action to the fungicide planned for use as a post-harvest treatment. 2. Where alternative fungicide groups are available, rotate to use as many different modes of action as possible. 3. DO NOT dispose of unused dip solutions as a spray to crops or orchards. 4. DO NOT dispose of unused dip solutions within or near the crop or orchard area
Vegetables Brassica Leafy Vegetables: Bok Choy (Chinese White Cabbage, Chinese Chard), Pak Choy (Chinese White Cabbage, Chinese Chard), Choi Sum (Chinese Flowering Cabbage), Gai	Control of Sclerotinia (Sclerotinia sclerotiorum), Grey Mould (Botrytis cinerea), Alternaria Leaf Spot (Alternaria brassicae)	All States	1 L/ha	7 days (H, G)	Apply as two applications at 14 day intervals when conditions favour the disease. Apply using hollow cone or flat fan nozzles to give an even and thorough coverage. Apply in a minimum of 200 L/ha depending on crop size and density.

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	Celery	Sclerotinia Rot	ALL	1.0L/ha where	1 day	Commence spraying 1 to 2 weeks post-transplanting then every 2

	(Pink Rot) (Sclerotinia sclerotiorum)	STATES	spray volume is less than 1000L/ha		to 3 weeks. Use only 5 sprays
Lettuce	Sclerotinia Rot (drop) (Sclerotinia sclerotiorum, Sclerotinia minor) Grey Mould (Botrytis spp.)	TAS, WA only	1000L/ha OR 100mL/100L water where spray volume equals or exceeds 1000L/ha	7 days	 Spray should be directed to the stems at ground level and to the underside of lower leaves. This use is subject to an CropLife fungicide resistance management strategy: Apply TITAN Iprodione Aquaflow 500 Fungicide as a seedling drench soon after emergence. Apply a protectant fungicide as a high volume foliar spray before planting out, then TITAN Iprodione Aquaflow 500 Fungicide immediately after planting. Maintain cover with protectant fungicide sprays at 7-10 day intervals. If weather conditions favour Botrytis infection, tank mix the protectant with TITAN Iprodione Aquaflow 500 Fungicide. DO NOT apply TITAN Iprodione Aquaflow 500 Fungicide (or other Group 2 fungicides) more than 4 times per season, irrespective of the target disease.
Potatoes	Sclerotinia Rot (Sclerotinia sclerotiorum) Target Spot (Early Blight) (Alternaria solani)	ALL STATES	500mL to 1.0L/ha where spray volume is less than 1000L/ha OR 50 to 100mL/100L water where spray volume equals or exceeds 1000L/ha	nil	 Apply 2 sprays, once immediately before and once immediately after hilling-up. For most effective treatment, concentrate the spray at the base of the stems and surrounding soil surface, where the fungus is active. Use the higher rate where disease is severe. Ensure thorough coverage to the whole plant. Treatment is generally not required until after flowering. Use the higher rate where disease is severe. This use is subject to an CropLife fungicide resistance management strategy: 1. Limit use of TITAN Iprodione Aquaflow 500 Fungicide to periods when conditions favour disease development. 2. DO NOT apply more than four TITAN Iprodione Aquaflow 500 Fungicide (or other Group 2 fungicide) sprays in one season.

	Hypocotyl Rot (Black Scurf) (Rhizoctonia solani)		400mL/tonne seed material		 3. Apply no more than two consecutive sprays of a Group 2 fungicide TITAN Iprodione Aquaflow 500 Fungicide will protect emerging shoots from Hypocotyl Rot, improving overall germination. TITAN Iprodione Aquaflow 500 Fungicide may also reduce occurrence of Black Scurf on the harvested potatoes. Ensure good coverage of seed material and planting furrow. This can be achieved by applying TITAN Iprodione Aquaflow 500 Fungicide as a fine spray to the seed at the time of planting using spray equipment mounted on the planter, and nozzles located at three points on each planter row to ensure uniform coating of seed. DO NOT plant into waterlogged soils. A minimum water volume of 80L/tonne seed should be used.
Tomatoes	Sclerotinia Rot (Sclerotinia sclerotiorum) Grey Mould (Botrytis cinerea)	QLD, NSW, TAS, SA, WA only ALL STATES	1.0L/ha where spray volume is less than 1000L/ha OR 100mL/100L water where spray volume equals or exceeds 1000L/ha	7 days	Spray at 14 day intervals from transplanting and throughout period of disease pressure. Commence spraying 3 to 4 weeks after transplanting or at the onset of disease. Repeat treatment at 14 day intervals or when conditions favour spread of disease i.e. at trimming or deleafing. This use is subject to an CropLife fungicide resistance management strategy: 1. Alternate or tank mix TITAN Iprodione Aquaflow 500 Fungicide with a protectant such as chlorothalonil. Avoid applying two TITAN Iprodione Aquaflow 500 Fungicide (or other Group 2 fungicide) sprays in succession, unless tank mixed with a protectant. 2. DO NOT apply more than 4 TITAN Iprodione Aquaflow 500 Fungicide (or other Group 2 fungicide) sprays in a season
	Target Spot (Early Blight) (Alternaria Solani)	QLD, TAS, WA, NT only			Commence spraying 1 week post-planting. Use adequate water to give thorough coverage of plants. Use high volume spray equipment. This use is subject to an CropLife fungicide resistance management strategy: 1. Limit the use of TITAN Iprodione Aquaflow 500 Fungicide to

		periods when conditions favour disease development.
		2. DO NOT apply more than four TITAN Iprodione Aquaflow 500
		Fungicide (or other Group 2 fungicide) sprays in one season.
		Apply no more than two consecutive sprays of a Group 2
		fungicide.

FIELD CROPS

Lucerne	Lucerne Leaf Spot	Qld,	250mL to	7 days	Spray every 10 to 14 days when cool, damp weather favours the
	(Stemphylium	WA only	500mL/ha		disease. Use the higher rate under conditions of high disease
	botryosum)		where spray		pressure.
	Leptosphaerulina		volume is less than		Apply in at least 300L water/ha every 10 to 14 days when cool,
	Leaf Spot		1000L/ha		damp weather favours the disease. Use the higher rate under
	(Leptosphaerulina		OR		conditions of high disease pressure.
	trifolii)		25 to 50mL per		
			100L water		
			where spray		
			volume equals		
			or exceeds		
			1000L/ha		
Peanuts	Sclerotinia Rot	QLD,	1.0L/ha	12	Apply when disease first appears. Repeat if necessary. Use a high
	(Sclerotinia	WA only	OR	days	volume of water to ensure good coverage of foliage and stem at
	sclerotiorum,		220mL/100L		ground level.
	Sclerotinia minor)		water (spot		DO NOT mix TITAN Iprodione Aquaflow 500 Fungicide with a
			application)		foliar fungicide due to the different target positions on the plant
Soybeans	Black Leaf Blight	NSW,	1.0L/200 to	7	If disease is present on leaves apply an initial spray at early pod
	(Arkoola nigra)	WA only	400L water	weeks	set (pods approximately 5mm long). An additional spray 14 days
			per ha		later may be required if wet seasonal conditions prevail.
ORNAMENTAL	S and TURF				
Ornamentals	Botrytis Blight	All States	100mL/100L	Nil	Spray at 14 day intervals commencing when the disease first
	(Botrytis cinerea)		water		becomes apparent and continuing until conditions no longer
					favour the disease. Spraying Saint paulia and Poinsettia flowers

				 may result in some petal scorch. Tepid water should be used and wet plants protected from direct sunlight. This use is subject to an CropLife fungicide resistance management strategy: DO NOT apply more than 2 consecutive sprays of a Group 2 fungicide.
Recreational Turf	Brown Patch (Rhizoctonia solani), Dollar Spot (Sclerotinia homoeocarpa) Brown Patch (Curvularia spp.)	All States Vic only	60 - 90 mL/10 -150 L water/100m2	Curative Program: Repeat treatment after 14 days. Use the higher rate under conditions of severe disease pressure. For Preventative Treatment: Apply as a monthly spray program. This use is subject to an CropLife fungicide resistance management strategy: DO NOT apply more than two consecutive sprays of TITAN IPRODIONE AQUAFLOW 500 FUNGICIDE (or other Group 2
	(Dreschlera spp.) (Fusarium culmorum) (Rhizoctonia solani)			fungicides), unless mixed with a protectant fungicide from Group 14, 28, M2, M3, M4 or M5.
	Fusarium Patch (Fusarium nivale)	All States	90 mL/ 10 - 150 L water/100m2	For Curative Treatment: Repeat treatment in 14 days. For Preventative Treatment: Apply as a monthly spray program. This use is subject to an CropLife fungicide resistance
	Leaf Spot (Dreschlera spp.)		60 mL/10 - 150 L water/100m2	management strategy: DO NOT apply more than two consecutive sprays of TITAN IPRODIONE AQUAFLOW 500 FUNGICIDE (or other Group 2 fungicides), unless mixed with a protectant fungicide from Group 14, 28, M2, M3, M4 or M5.
	Spring Dead Spot (Leptosphaeria spp.)*	NSW, SA, ACT only	65 mL/10 - 150 L water/100m2	For Preventative Treatment only: Apply as a monthly soil drench throughout the year. Water in thoroughly after application. * When used in a preventative program this product will limit the development of Leptosphaeria and improve the rate of turf recovery.
	Spring Dead Spot (Helminthosporium spp.) (Curvularia	Vic, WA, NT only		This use is subject to an CropLife fungicide resistance management strategy: DO NOT apply more than two consecutive sprays of TITAN

spp.)			IPRODIONE AQUAFLOW 500 FUNGICIDE (or other Group 2 fungicides), unless mixed with a protectant fungicide from Group 14, 28, M2, M3, M4 or M5.
Helminthosporium disease affecting leaf, crown and roots: (Black and White Helminthosporium Spot: Bipolaris spp., Drechslera spp., Exserohilum spp.)	All States	45 mL/10 - 150 L water/100m2	For Curative Treatment: Apply as a foliar spray and repeat application after 7 - 14 days. For White Spot symptoms on couch grass (Cynodon dactylon) only, use higher water volumes of 100 - 150 L of water per 100m2. For Preventative Treatment: Apply as a high volume foliar spray. Repeat applications at monthly intervals from February to May. This use is subject to an CropLife fungicide resistance management strategy: DO NOT apply more than two consecutive sprays of TITAN IPRODIONE AQUAFLOW 500 FUNGICIDE (or other Group 2 fungicides), unless mixed with a protectant fungicide from Group
			14, 28, M2, M3, M4 or M5.

NOT TO BE USED FOR ANY PURPOSE, OR IN ANY MANNER, CONTRARY TO THIS LABEL UNLESS AUTHORISED UNDER APPROPRIATE LEGISLATION.