Product Name:

NOVAGUARD CHLORTHAL 750 WG HERBICIDE

APVMA Approval No: 68349/136490



abel Name: NOVAGUARD CHLORTHAL 750 WG HERBICIDE				
Signal Headings:	CAUTION			
	KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN			
	READ SAFETY DIRECTIONS BEFORE OPENING OR USING			
Constituent Statements:	ACTIVE CONSTITUENT: 750 g/kg CHLORTHAL-DIMETHYL			
Mode of Action:	GROUP 3 HERBICIDE			
	GROOF 3 HERBICIDE			
Statement of Claims:	For pre-emergence weed control in certain vegetable crops including: Onions, Beans, Cabbages, Cauliflowers, Potatoes, Carrots and for weed control in Strawberries, Cotton, Lawns and Ornamentals as specified in the directions for use table.			
Net Contents:	2 kg - 20 kg			
Restraints:				
Directions for Use:	This section contains file attachment.			
Other Limitations:				
Withholding Periods:	WITHHOLDING PERIOD: DO NOT GRAZE ANY TREATED AREAS OR CUT FOR STOCK FOOD.			

Trade Advice:	
General Instructions:	This section contains file attachment.
Resistance Warning:	RESISTANT WEEDS WARNING
	GROUP 3 HERBICIDE
	Novaguard Chlorthal 750 WG Herbicide is a member of the Benzoic acid group of herbicides. The product has the inhibitors of tubulin formation mode of action. For weed resistance management, the product is a Group 3 herbicide. Some naturally occurring weed biotypes resistant to the product and other Group 3 herbicides may exist through normal genetic variability in any weed population. The resistant individuals eventually dominate the weed population if these herbicides are used repeatedly. These resistant weeds will not be controlled by this product or other Group 3 herbicides. Since the occurrence of resistant weeds is difficult to detect prior to use, Novaguard Pty Ltd accepts no liability for any losses that may result from the failure of this product to control resistant weeds.
Precautions:	
Protections:	PROTECTION OF CROPS, NATIVE AND OTHER NON-TARGET PLANTS DO NOT apply under weather conditions or from spraying equipment which may cause spray to drift onto nearby susceptible plants/crops, cropping lands or pastures. PROTECTION OF WILDLIFE, FISH, CRUSTACEANS AND ENVIRONMENT DO NOT contaminate streams, rivers or waterways with the chemical or used containers.
Storage and Disposal:	STORAGE AND DISPOSAL Store in the closed, original container in a cool, well-ventilated area. Do not store for prolonged periods in direct sunlight. Triple-rinse containers before disposal. Add rinsings to spray tank. Do not dispose of undiluted chemicals on-site. If recycling, replace cap and return clean containers to recycler or designated collection point. If not recycling, break, crush, or puncture and deliver empty packaging to an approved waste management facility. If an approved waste management facility is not available, bury the empty packaging 500 mm below the surface in a disposal pit specifically marked and set up for this purpose, clear of waterways, desirable vegetation and tree roots, in compliance with relevant local, state of territory government regulations. Do not burn empty containers or product.
Safety Directions:	SAFETY DIRECTIONS Will irritate the eyes and skin. Avoid contact with eyes and skin. Do not inhale dust. If product on skin, immediately wash area with soap and water. If product in eyes, wash it out immediately with water. Wash hands after use. When opening the container and preparing spray wear cotton overalls over normal clothing, buttoned to the neck and wrist, a washable hat, elbow-length PVC gloves, goggles and disposable face mask (dust) covering mouth and nose. If applying by hand, wear cotton overalls over normal clothing, buttoned to the neck and wrist, elbow-length PVC gloves and disposable face mask (dust) covering mouth

neck and wrist, elbow-length PVC gloves and disposable face mask (dust) covering mouth and nose. After each day's use, wash gloves and goggles and contaminated clothing.

First Aid Instructions:	FIRST AID
	If poisoning occurs, contact a doctor or Poisons Information Centre. Phone Australia 13 11 26.
	If skin contact occurs, remove contaminated clothing and wash skin thoroughly.

First Aid Warnings:		
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DIRECTIONS FOR USE

Situation	Weeds C	ontrolled	State	Rate/	Critical
Cabbage,	Annual sedge	Cyperus spp.	All	ha 6-15	Comments Spray at time of
Broccoli,	Bamyard grass	Echinochloa spp.	States/	kg	seeding or
Brussels	Black bindweed.	Polygonum	Territories	_	transplanting. Use
sprouts,	Climbing buckwheat	convolvulus	remiones		lower rates on
Beans,	Blackberry nightshade	Solanum nigrum			lighter soils.
Snap beans,	Blue pimpemel	Anagelis arvensis var			Ingiliar conc.
Mung beans,	Caerulea	runagene arrenere var			
Soybeans,	Caltrop	Tribulus terrestris			
Castor beans	Canary grass	Phalaris canariensis			
Peas	Cape gooseberries	Physalis spp,	Qld, Vic,		Spray at time of
	Capeweed	Arctotheca calendula	SA, WA,		seeding. use
	Chickweed	Stellaria media	TÁS &		lower rate on
	Columbus grass	Sorghum almum	NT only		lighter soils.
Tumips,	Corn spurry	Spergula arvensis	All		
Radish,	Crowsfoot grass	Eleusine indica	States/		
Collards,	Crabgrass,	Digitaria sanguinalis	Territories		
Kale	Storksbill	Erodium spp.			
Mustard	Dandelion				
Greens,	Deadnettle	Lamium amplexicaule			
Turnips	Docks	Rumex spp.			
(greens and	Fescues	Festuca spp.			
roots)	Giant pigweed	Trianthema			
Onions,	portulacastrum				Spray at time of
Garlic	Green amaranth	Amaranthus viridis			seeding or transplanting.
	Heliotrope	Heliotropium			Can be sprayed
	europaeum				directly over
	Innocent weed	Cenchrus pauciflorus			transplants.
	Sand burr	Cenchrus tribuloides			Layby
	Johnson grass	Sorghum halepense			applications can
	Kidney grass	Dichondra repens			be made on
	Love grasses	Richardia brasiliensis			onions up to 14
	Mexican clover	Richardia brasiliensis			weeks after
	Mossman River grass	Cenchrus echinatus			planting or
	Mouse-ear chickweed	Cerastium glomeratum			transplanting.
	Petty spurge	Euphoria peplus			Should weeds
	Pheasants eye	Adonis microcarpa			emerge, weed or
	Pigeon grass	Setaria spp.			cultivate prior to
	Pigweed, Neverdie	Portulaca oleracea			sowing.
Potatoes	Prickly paddy melon	Cucumis myriocarpus			Spray at planting;
	Prince of Wales Feather Red natal grass	Rhynchelytrum repens			drag-off or lay-by
Sweet	Red flatal grass Redshank, Prince of				Spray of
potatoes	Wales Feather	Amaranthus cruentus			Spray at transplanting.
Yams	Ribgrass, Lamb's	Plantago lanceolata			Lay-by application
ıanıs	Tongue	ı ıarılayu iarilettiala			can be made up
	Rolypoly, Buckbush	Salsola kali			to 6 weeks after
	Ryegrass	Lolium spp.			trans planting.
Carrots	Salvation Jane,	Echium plantagineum	Qld, Vic,	11-	Spray at planting.
Januts	Paterson's curse	Lonium piantayineum	SA, WA,	15 kg	Use lower rate on
	Scarlet pimpemel	Anagallis arvensis	TAS, NT	15 kg	lighter soils.
Strawberries	Sow thistle, Milk thistle	Sonchus oleraceus	only	9-13	Apply at
(new	Spiny burr grass	Cenchrus pauciflorus	Jilly	kg	transplanting. Use
plantings)	Spiny emex,	Emex australis		ĸy	lower rate on
piaitiiigs)	Doublegee,				lighter soils.
	Threecornered Jack	•			iigiilei solis.
	Stagger weed	Stachys arvensis			
	2.2990	2.23.1,3 a. 1311010			

Situation	Weeds Controlled		State	Rate/ ha	Critical Comments
Strawberries (established plantings)	Stinging nettle Summer grass Toadflax Urochloa or Liverseed grass Wards weed Wild gooseberry,	Urtica urens Digitaria sanguinalis Kickxia Urochloa panicoides Vella annua Physalis viscosa	Qld, Vic, SA, WA, TAS, NT only	9-13 kg	Apply in autumn and early spring. Do NOT apply after first bloom. Can be sprayed over plants without injury.
Cotton	Apple of Peru Wintergrass	Poa annua	All States/ Territories	6-15 kg	Apply at time of planting. Use higher rate for areas under irrigation. Lay-by application can be made at 6-11 kg/ha but not after bolls open.
Lawns (established) Ornamentals			Qld, Vic, SA, WA, TAS, NT only	11- 15 kg	Apply to lawns in autumn and early spring to prevent winter grass and crab grass from germinating. DO NOT use on Bent grass lawns. DO NOT use on Bugle, Carnation, Geum, Mesembryanthem um, Pansy, Phlox, Sweet William or Telanthera

NOT TO BE USED FOR ANY PURPOSE, OR IN ANY MANNER, CONTRARY TO THIS LABEL UNLESS AUTHORISED UNDER APPROPRIATE LEGISLATION.

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

Spray before weed seeds germinate. For best results cultivate and seed or plant and then spray and water-in on the same day. DO NOT apply more than 3 days after cultivation. If weeds have emerged the crop should be weeded or cultivated and watered prior to application. The quantity applied can be reduced by spraying strips over the crop and using cultivation or other herbicides between the rows. The lower rate is effective on lighter soils depending on weeds to be controlled and period of control required whereas the higher rate is recommended for heavier soil types or if soil incorporation is required.

SOIL PREPARATION

Soil should be moist to the surface at the time of application. Soil must be thoroughly prepared to a fine even tilth, free of or low in trash. Seed or transplant within 24 hours of final cultivation. Spray immediately after seeding, transplanting or lay-by cultivation. Use sprinkler irrigation immediately after spraying or furrow irrigation until soil is wet. If rain is unlikely and sprinkler irrigation unavailable, shallow soil incorporation may improve effectiveness.

DO NOT incorporate more than 2.5 cm deep. Cultivation will reduce effectiveness and should be avoided for as long as possible after application.

MIXING

Mix the required quantity thoroughly with water and add to spray tank with agitation. Maintain agitation during spraying. Use 450 litres or more of water per hectare.

WEEDS NOT CONTROLLED

Some weed species are not effectively controlled by Novaguard Chlorthal 750 WG Herbicide. In many cases these specific weeds are highly susceptible to other herbicides and can be selectively controlled with these in some crops. Known species that are not controlled by Novaguard Chlorthal 750 WG Herbicide include Galinsoga (Potato weed), Mustard, Clover, Bathurst Burr, Fumitory, Wild Oats and Nut grass. The following is a more detailed list.

Common Name	Botanical Name	Common Name	Botanical Name
Annual ragweed	Ambrosia artemisiifolia	Noogoora burr	Xanthium pungens
Bathurst burr	Xanthium spinosum	Pep per cress	Lepidium spp.
Bellvine	Ipomoea plebeia	Potato weed	Galinsoga parviflora
Bitter cress, Lesser	Coronopus didymus	Prairie grass	Bromus unioloides
swine cress		Prickly lettuce	Lactuca serriola
Bladder ketmia	Hibiscus trionum	Shepherds purse	Capsella bursa-pastoris
Blue billygoat weed	Ageratum houstonianum	Slender celery	Apium leptophyllum
Charlock	Sinapis arvensis	Spear thistle	Cirsium vulgare
Cobblers pegs	Bidens pilosa	Starburr	Acanthospermum hispidum
Common cotula	Cotula australis	Stinking roger	Tagetes minuta
Fumitories	Fumaria spp.	Tares, Vetch	<i>Vicia</i> spp.
Hairy Jo-Jo	Soliva anthemifolia	Thornapples	Datura spp.
Indian mustard	Brassica juncea	Townsville lucerne	Stylosanthes humilis
Loosestrife	Lythrum spp.	Turnip weed	Rapistrum rugosum
Marshmallow	<i>Malva</i> spp.	Variegated thistle	Silybum marianum
Medics	Medicago spp.	Wild oats	<i>Avena</i> spp.
Mexican poppy	Argemone mexicana	Wild radish	Raphanus raphanistrum
Mexican tea	Chenopodium	Wild turnip	Brassica tournefortii
	ambrosioides		
Mint weed	Salvia reflexa		