

Product Name: AGOCEANIA BROMOXYNIL-MCPA SELECTIVE HERBICIDE  
APVMA Approval No.: 68371/142581



Label Name:	Agoceania Bromoxynil-MCPA Selective Herbicide
Signal Headings:	POISON KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN READ SAFETY DIRECTIONS BEFORE OPENING OR USING
Constituent Statements:	ACTIVE CONSITUENTS: 200 g/L BROMOXYNIL PRESENT AS THE OCTANOATE 200 g/L MCPA PRESENT AS THE ETHYL HEXYL ESTER SOLVENT: 343 g/L LIQUID HYDROCARBON
Mode of Action:	GROUP 6 4 HERBICIDE
Statement of Claims:	For the control of weeds in wheat, oats, barley, cereal rye, triticale, linseed, grass pastures and turf, as per the Directions for Use Table.
Net Contents:	5 L 20 L 200 L 1000 L
Restrains:	RESTRAINTS DO NOT spray if weeds are wilted by dry or cold weather or if crops are at a susceptible stage, or if rain is likely within 4 hours. DO NOT apply if frosts are imminent. DO NOT apply to diseased or frost affected crops or turf.
Directions for Use:	This section contains file attachment.
Other Limitations:	

Withholding Periods:	<p><b>WITHHOLDING PERIOD</b>  DO NOT HARVEST, GRAZE OR CUT FOR STOCK FOOD FOR 8 WEEKS AFTER APPLICATION.</p>
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Trade Advice:	
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General Instructions:	<p><b>GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS</b>  Before opening, carefully read Directions for Use, Precautionary and Protection Statements, Storage and Disposal, Safety Directions and First Aid Instructions.</p> <p><b>MIXING</b>  To ensure even mixing, half fill the spray tank with clean water and add the required amount of this product. Agitate thoroughly, and then add the remainder of water. Agitate again before spraying commences.</p> <p><b>APPLICATION</b>  DO NOT use rain-drop or air-induction nozzles as coverage of weeds may not be adequate.  Boom Sprayer: Calibrate the machine before use to ensure that the correct application rate is obtained. Check height of boom above the crop to ensure that the spray is evenly distributed.  Cereals: Apply 50 to 200 litres of water per hectare. A minimum of 160 litres and preferably 200 litres of water per hectare is recommended where the weed infestation is heavy or the crop cover is dense or when tank-mixing with diclofop-methyl herbicide. Complete coverage of weeds is essential.  Linseed: Apply a minimum of 220 litres of water per hectare.  Turf: Apply a minimum of 500 litres of water per hectare.  Aerial Application: Apply a minimum of 22 litres of water per hectare or 30 litres of water per hectare if tank-mixing with diclofop-methyl herbicide. Markers should always move upwind before aircraft passes overhead. Application by Micronaire equipment may give variable results.</p> <p><b>EQUIPMENT MAINTENANCE</b>  After use, wash application equipment thoroughly with equipment cleaner and rinse with clean water several times.</p> <p><b>COMPATIBILITY</b>  This product is physically compatible in the spray tank with one of the following herbicides or insecticides in wheat and barley only:  metsulfuron-methyl, dicamba, tralkoxydim, diclofop-methyl, MCPA, dimethoate, clorpyrifos and omethoate.  When mixed with metsulfuron or dicamba, DO NOT apply to cereals undersown with lucerne. When mixed with diclofop-methyl, DO NOT exceed 1.4 litres per hectare. Observe all instructions on the mixture partner label. As formulations of other manufacturers' products are beyond the control of Agoceania Pty Ltd, all mixtures should be tested prior to mixing commercial quantities.</p>
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Resistance Warning:	<p><b>RESISTANT WEEDS WARNING</b>  <b>GROUP 6 4 HERBICIDE</b>  Agoceania Bromoxynil-MCPA Selective Herbicide is a member of both the nitriles and the phenoxy groups of herbicides. Agoceania Bromoxynil-MCPA Selective Herbicide has both the inhibitors of photosynthesis at photosystem II and disruptors of plant cell growth mode of action. For weed resistance management Agoceania Bromoxynil-MCPA Selective Herbicide is a Group 6 and a Group 4 Herbicide. Some naturally-occurring weed biotypes</p>
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	<p>resistant to Agoceania Bromoxynil-MCPA Selective Herbicide and other Group 6 and Group 4 herbicides may exist through normal genetic variability in any weed population. The resistant individuals can eventually dominate the weed population if these herbicides are used repeatedly. These resistant weeds will not be controlled by this product or other Group 6 and Group 4 herbicides. Since the occurrence of resistant weeds is difficult to detect prior to use, Agoceania Pty Ltd accepts no liability for any losses that may result from the failure of Agoceania Bromoxynil MCPA Selective Herbicide to control resistant weeds.</p>
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Precautions:	
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Protections:	<p><b>PROTECTION OF CROPS, NATIVE AND OTHER NON-TARGET PLANTS</b>  DO NOT apply under weather conditions, or from spraying equipment, that may cause spray to drift onto nearby susceptible plants/crops, cropping lands or pastures. Avoid spray drift and vapour movement onto susceptible crops such as cotton, tobacco, tomatoes, vines, lupins, fruit trees and ornamentals. DO NOT apply by misting machines.  Note: Maximum daily temperatures at or above 20°C at application, or on days following treatment, may result in seedling mortality and established plants may be damaged.</p> <p><b>PROTECTION OF WILDLIFE, FISH, CRUSTACEANS AND ENVIRONMENT</b>  Dangerous to fish. DO NOT contaminate streams, rivers or watercourses with the chemical or used containers.</p> <p><b>PROTECTION OF LIVESTOCK</b>  Grazing Precaution  Sprayed weeds may become more palatable to stock and a higher intake of some weeds may result in stock poisoning and death from causes such as nitrate poisoning. Care should be taken especially where capeweed, Paterson's curse and variegated thistles predominate in the pasture. Avoid grazing with young or breeding stock. DO NOT graze horses or pigs on Paterson's curse and variegated thistles predominate in the pasture. If in doubt, contact your nearest Department of Agriculture.</p>
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Storage and Disposal:	<p><b>STORAGE AND DISPOSAL</b>  Store in closed, original container in a cool, well-ventilated area. DO NOT store for prolonged periods in direct sunlight. Triple-rinse containers before disposal. Add rinsings to spray tank. Do not dispose of undiluted chemicals on site. If recycling, replace cap and return clean containers to recycler or designated collection point. If not recycling, break, crush, or puncture and deliver empty packaging to an approved waste management facility. If an approved waste management facility is not available, bury the empty packaging 500 mm below the surface in a disposal pit specifically marked and set up for this purpose, clear of waterways, desirable vegetation and tree roots, in compliance with relevant local, state or territory government regulations. Do not burn empty containers or product.</p> <p><b>Refillable containers</b>  Store in the closed, original container in a cool, well-ventilated area. DO NOT store for prolonged periods in direct sunlight. Empty contents fully into application equipment. Close all valves and return to point of supply for refill or storage.</p>
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Safety Directions:	<p><b>SAFETY DIRECTIONS</b>  Product is poisonous if inhaled or swallowed. Attacks the eyes and will irritate the skin. Avoid contact with eyes and skin. DO NOT inhale spray mist. When preparing the spray and using the prepared spray, wear cotton overalls buttoned to the neck and wrist, a washable hat and elbow-length PVC gloves and face-shield or goggles. If product in eyes, wash it out immediately with water. After use and before eating, drinking or smoking, wash hands, arms and face thoroughly with soap and water. After each day's use, wash gloves, face shield or goggles and contaminated clothing.</p>
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First Aid Instructions:	FIRST AID If poisoning occurs, contact a doctor or Poisons Information Centre. Phone Australia 13 11 26, New Zealand 0800 764 766.
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First Aid Warnings:	
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## DIRECTIONS FOR USE

### RESTRAINTS

DO NOT spray if weeds are wilted by dry or cold weather or if crops are at a susceptible stage, or if rain is likely within 4 hours.

DO NOT apply if frosts are imminent.

DO NOT apply to diseased or frost affected crops or turf.

SITUATION & CROP	WEEDS CONTROLLED	WEED STAGE	STATE	RATE	CRITICAL COMMENTS
Wheat, Barley, Cereal rye, Oats and Triticale; Linseed; Grass Pastures	Amsinckia ( <i>Amsinckia</i> spp.), Capeweed ( <i>Arctotheca calendula</i> ), Chamomile ( <i>Matricaria matricarioides</i> ), Charlock ( <i>Sinapis arvensis</i> ), Corn Gromwell (Ironweed, Sheepweed) ( <i>Buglossoides arvensis</i> ), Fat Hen ( <i>Chenopodium album</i> ), Field Madder ( <i>Sherardia arvensis</i> ), Hexham scent (King Island Melilot) ( <i>Melilotus indica</i> ), Horned poppy ( <i>Glaucium flavum</i> ), Indian hedge mustard ( <i>Sisymbrium orientale</i> ), Lesser swinecress ( <i>Coronopus didymus</i> ), Mexican poppy ( <i>Argemone ochroleuca</i> ), Mintweed ( <i>Salvia reflexa</i> ), Paterson's curse (Salvation Jane) ( <i>Echium plantagineum</i> ), Rough poppy ( <i>Papaver hybridum</i> ), Saffron Thistle ( <i>Carthamus lanatus</i> ), Shepherd's Purse ( <i>Capsella bursa- pastoris</i> ), Slender thistles ( <i>Carduus tenuiflorus</i> , <i>C. Pycnocephalus</i> ), Tree hogweed ( <i>Polygonum patulum</i> ), Turnip weed (Giant Mustard) ( <i>Rapistrum rugosum</i> ), Wild Radish ( <i>Raphanus raphanistrum</i> ), Wild Turnip ( <i>Brassica tournefortii</i> ),	Plants up to the 6 leaf stage but no more than 50 mm in diameter	WA only	750 mL/ha	<p><b>CROP STAGE:</b> <b>Wheat, Barley, Cereal rye, Oats and Triticale:</b> 3 leaf to fully tillered stage (Z13 - Z30) for rates of 750 mL to 1.4 L/ha; 5 leaf to fully tillered stage (Z15 – 30) for rate of 2 L/ha (NSW, ACT, Vic, SA, WA, Tas only); or early tillering to fully tillered stage (Z21 – 30) (Qld only).</p> <p><b>Linseed:</b> 50 to 150 mm high. DO NOT apply to linseed by aircraft.</p> <p>For optimal control, apply only when the weeds are actively growing.</p> <p>In the early stages following spraying, temporary wilting of crop and pasture may occur. Crop scorch may occur, particularly on oats if treatment is delayed to later stages of growth. Refer to the General Instructions.</p> <p>Avoid application when maximum daily temperatures above 20° C occur for a few days after application. DO NOT apply to crops or pastures undersown with lucerne, clover or medics unless some damage is acceptable.</p> <p>* If spraying Black bindweed when wheat, barley, cereal rye, oats, triticale or linseed is more than 300 mm high, increase spray volume to 200 L/ha.</p>
			Qld, NSW, Vic, Tas, SA, NT & ACT only	1.4 L/ha	
		Plants up to the 8 leaf stage but no more than 75 mm in diameter	WA only	2 L/ha	
	Black bindweed* (Climbing buckwheat) ( <i>Fallopia convolvulus</i> ), Common peppergrass ( <i>Lepidium africanum</i> ), Mustards ( <i>Sisymbrium</i> spp.), Purple Calandrinia ( <i>Calandrinia mexziesii</i> )	Plants up to the 4 leaf stage but not more than 35 mm in diameter		1 L/ha	

SITUATION & CROP	WEEDS CONTROLLED	WEED STAGE	STATE	RATE	CRITICAL COMMENTS
Wheat, Barley, Cereal Rye, Oats and Triticale; Linseed; Grass Pastures	<i>Continued from previous page</i>	Plants up to the 6 leaf stage but not more than 50 mm in diameter	All States	1.4 L/ha	<i>Continued from previous page</i>
		Plants up to the 8 leaf stage but not more than 75 mm in diameter		2 L/ha	
	Fumitory ( <i>Fumaria</i> spp.), Three cornered Jack (Doublegee, Spiny emex), ( <i>Emex australis</i> )	Plants up to the 3 leaf stage but not more than 50 mm in diameter	Qld, NSW, ACT, Vic, Tas, SA only	1.4 L/ha	<p><b>CROP STAGE:</b>  <b>Wheat, Barley, Cereal rye, Oats and Triticale:</b> 3 leaf to fully tillered stage (Z13 - 30) for rates of 750 mL to 1.4 L/ha; 5 leaf to fully tillered stage (Z15 - 30) for rate of 2 L/ha (NSW, ACT, Vic, SA, WA, Tas only); or early tillering to fully tillered stage (Z21 – 30) (Qld only).</p> <p><b>Linseed:</b> 50 to 150 mm high. DO NOT apply to linseed by aircraft.</p> <p>For optimal control, apply only when the weeds are actively growing. In the early stages following spraying, temporary wilting of crop and pasture may occur.</p> <p>Crop scorch may occur, particularly on oats if treatment is delayed to later stages of growth. Refer to the General Instructions.</p> <p>Avoid application when maximum daily temperatures above 20°C occur, or are likely to occur for a few days after application. DO NOT apply to crops or pastures undersown with lucerne, clover or medics unless some damage is acceptable.  ^ Where Wireweed (Hogweed) occurs in red soils of low fertility, it has been found to be less susceptible. In these circumstances use 2 L/ha.</p>
		Plants up to the 4 leaf stage but not more than 60 mm in diameter	WA only	750 mL/ha	
		Plants up to the 5 leaf stage but not more than 75 mm in diameter	Qld, NSW, Vic, Tas, SA, NT, ACT only	2 L/ha	
		Plants up to the 6 leaf stage but not more than 85 mm in diameter	WA only	1.4 L/ha	
	Variegated thistle ( <i>Silybum marianum</i> ), Wireweed (Hogweed)^ ( <i>Polygonum aviculare</i> )	Plants up to the 4 leaf stage but not more than 35 mm in diameter	Qld, NSW, Vic, Tas, SA, NT, ACT only	750 mL/ha	
				1.4 L/ha	
		Plants up to the 6 leaf stage but not more than 50 mm in diameter	WA only	1.4 L/ha	
	Mountain sorrel ( <i>Oxalis acetosella</i> ), Three-horned bedstraw ( <i>Galium tricomutum</i> )	Plants up to the 6 leaf stage		750 mL/ha	
		Plants up to the 8 leaf stage		1.4 L/ha	
	Cleavers ( <i>Galium aparine</i> )	2 – 4 stem stage and 1 – 3 whorls of leaves per stem		750 mL/ha	

SITUATION & CROP	WEEDS CONTROLLED	WEED STAGE	STATE	RATE	CRITICAL COMMENTS
Wheat, Barley, Cereal rye, Oats and Triticale	Common sowthistle ( <i>Sonchus oleraceus</i> )	2 - 4 stem stage and 1 - 3 whorls of leaves per stem	WA only	750 mL/ha	Apply under good growing conditions. Avoid spraying when soil is dry. DO NOT spray under frosty conditions. In early stages following spraying, temporary wilting of the crop may occur. Avoid application when maximum daily temperatures above 20°C or are likely to occur for a few days after application. DO NOT apply to crops undersown with lucerne, clover or medics unless some damage is acceptable. <b>CROP STAGES:</b> <b>Wheat, Barley, Oats, Triticale:</b> 3 leaf to full tillering (Z13 – 30). Use as early as possible to avoid shading of weeds by the crop. Strictly for use on small weeds early in crop before shading out. If Group 2 resistance is suspected, or weeds have grown through a previous application of chlorsulfuron apply 2.1 L/ha. Use a minimum spray volume of 70 L/ha.
		Up to 4 leaves	Northern NSW and Qld only	1.4 L/ha	
		4 to 8 leaves		2/1 L/ha	
Turf, established Couch (incl. Queensland blue), Kikuyu, Paspalum, Buffalo, Fescue, Bent & Rye lawns	Bindy-eye, Jo-Jo (Onehunga), Cudweed, Dandelion, Catsear, Plantains, Thistles, Oxalis, Capeweed, Creeping buttercup, Fleabane, Clover (not Tas.)		All States	300 mL/100 L water  OR  60 mL/100 m <sup>2</sup>	Apply evenly over the area to be treated. DO NOT mow turf for 2 days after treatment.

**NOT TO BE USED FOR ANY PURPOSE, OR IN ANY MANNER, CONTRARY TO THIS LABEL UNLESS AUTHORISED UNDER APPROPRIATE LEGISLATION.**