Company Name:

SINON AUSTRALIA PTY LIMITED



APVMA Approval No:

68930/100503

Product ID:

68930

Label Name:	TRAMPOLINE 480 SELECTIVE HERBICIDE
Signal Headings:	CAUTION
	KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN
	READ SAFETY DIRECTIONS BEFORE OPENING OR USING
Constituent	ACTIVE CONSTITUENT: 480 g/L TRIFLURALIN
Statements:	SOLVENT: 480 g/L LIQUID HYDROCARBON
Mode of Action:	GROUP D HERBICIDE
Statement of Claims:	A pre-emergence herbicide for the control of annual grasses and broadleaf weeds in horticultural and agricultural crops as per the Directions for Use Table.
Net Contents:	20L-1000L
,	
Name and Address:	Sinon Australia Pty Limited
	1.03/33 Lexington Drive
	Bella Vista NSW 2153 TEL: 02 8883 0239
	TEL. 02 0000 0200
Restraints:	
,	
	This section contains file attachment.
Directions for Use:	File Name: Trampoline 480 Selective Herbicide Directions For Use.docx File Size: 30873 bytes
Directions for Use:	

Withholidng
Periods:

WITHHOLDING PERIOD: NOT REQUIRED WHEN USED AS DIRECTED.

Trade Advice:

General

This section contains file attachment.

File Name: Trampoline 480 Selective Herbicide General Instructions.pdf

Resistance Warning:

Instructions:

RESISTANT WEEDS WARNING

28829 bytes

GROUP D HERBICIDE

File Size:

Trampoline 480 Selective Herbicide is a member of the dinitroaniline group of herbicides. Trampoline 480 has the inhibitors of tubulin formation mode of action. For weed resistance management Trampoline 480 is a Group D herbicide.

Some naturally occurring weed biotypes resistant to Trampoline 480 and other Group D herbicides may exist through normal genetic variability in any weed population. The resistant individuals can eventually dominate the weed population if these herbicides are used repeatedly. These resistant weeds will not be controlled by Trampoline 480 or other Group D herbicides.

Since the occurrence of resistant weeds is difficult to detect prior to use, Sinon Australia Pty Limited accepts no liability for any losses that may result from the failure of Trampoline 480 Selective Herbicide to control resistant weeds.

Precautions:

Protections:

PROTECTION OF CROPS, NATIVE AND OTHER NON-TARGET PLANTS

DO NOT use in high winds.

DO NOT exceed rates specified, to avoid crop damage.

DO NOT plant sensitive grasses such as oats, sorghum, millets, phalaris spp., ryegrass or wheat for 12 months following the use of this product except where wheat follows wheat or other winter crops.

DO NOT plant oilseed poppies when a detectable residue of Trifluralin is present in the soil. Levels as low as 0.02ppm may interact with other unfavourable factors (moisture, stress, disease etc.) to reduce poppy growth and vigour.

DO NOT apply to orchard and vineyards after first flush of growth or when residues can lodge on or in fruit.

Reduced germination of wheat and barley may occur due to a combination of the following circumstances and the use of this product:

- · Short coleoptile cultivars
- Use of seed dressings (except Vitavax)
- · Shallow or uneven seedling depth.

Drift Warning: DO NOT apply under meteorological conditions or from spraying equipment which could be expected to cause spray drift onto nearby susceptible plants, adjacent crops, crop lands or pastures.

PROTECTION OF WILDLIFE, FISH, CRUSTACEANS AND ENVIRONMENT DO NOT contaminate streams, rivers or waterways with the chemical or used containers.

Storage and Disposal:

Store in the closed, original container in a dry well-ventilated area, out of direct sunlight. Do not store below 5oC. Extended storage below 5oC can result in the formation of crystals on the bottom of the container. If crystallisation does occur, store the container on its side at room temperature and rock occasionally until crystals re-dissolve. Ensure any crystals are dissolved before adding to the spray tank.

This container can be recycled if it is clean, dry, free of visible residues and has the drumMUSTER logo visible. Triple or preferably pressure rinse containers before disposal. Dispose of rinsate by adding it to the spray tank. DO NOT dispose of undiluted chemical on site. Wash outside of the container and the cap. Store cleaned container in a sheltered place with cap removed. It will then be acceptable for recycling at any drumMUSTER collection point or similar container management program site. The cap should not be replaced but may be taken separately.

If not recycling, break, crush, or puncture and deliver empty packaging to an approved waste management facility. If an approved waste management facility is not available, bury the empty packaging 500mm below the surface in a disposal pit specifically marked and set up for this purpose clear of waterways, desirable vegetation and tree roots, in compliance with relevant Local, State or Territory government regulations. DO NOT burn empty containers or product.

For REFILLABLE containers: Empty contents fully into application equipment. Close all valves and return to point of supply for refill or storage.

Safety Directions:

Harmful if swallowed. Will irritate the eyes and skin. Repeated exposure may cause allergic disorders. Sensitive workers should use protective clothing. Avoid contact with eyes and skin. Do not inhale spray mist. When opening the container and using the prepared spray wear cotton overalls, buttoned to the neck and wrist, a washable hat, elbow length PVC gloves and face shield or goggles. After use and before eating, drinking or smoking, wash hands, arms and face thoroughly with soap and water. After each day's use, wash gloves, face shield or goggles and contaminated clothing.

First Aid Instructions:

If swallowed DO NOT induce vomiting. Give a glass of water. If poisoning occurs, contact a doctor or Poisons Information Centre (Phone: 13 11 26).

First Aid Warnings:

TABLE 1: FIELD CROPS

Situation & Crop	Weeds	State		ate/Soil Type		Critical Comments
			Light	Medium	Heavy	
Adzuki Beans Borlotti Beans Cowpeas Lablab Mung Beans Red Kidney Beans	See Weed Table A	NSW ACT QLD only	1.2 – 1.5 L/ha	1.5 L/ha	1.7 L/ha	Apply from 4 weeks up to just prior to sowing. Refer to Incorporation Table Notes 3, 4 or 5 for suitable method of incorporation.
Barley	See Weed Table B	QLD		800mL/ha		Apply to self-mulching and non self-mulching soils from 1-4 weeks before sowing. Sowing depth should be at least 5cm. Use cover harrows behind combine. Ground should be left flat. Refer to Incorporation Table Note 6 fo suitable method of incorporation.
	See Weed Table C Plus Brome Grass (suppression) Sand Fescue	SA only	1.25L/ha			Apply 1-4 weeks before sowing. Sowing depth should be at least 5cm. Use cover harrows behind combine. Ground should be left flat. DO NOT use pre-sowing on self-mulching soils as damage may occur from wheel tracking and poor control of wild oats. Refer to Incorporation Table Note 6 for method of incorporation.
Canola Safflower	See Weed Table D	All States	1.2 L/ha	1.5 L/ ha	1.7 L/ha	Spray between 4 weeks and just before sowing takes place. Refer to Incorporation Table Notes 6 or 11 for suitable method of incorporation.
Chickpea	See Weed Table B Plus Black Pigweed Climbing Buckwheat (Black Bindweed) (suppression)	QLD anly	1	1.25 — 1.7L/ha	3	Use 1.25L/ha when applying immediately prior to sowing. Use 1.7L/ha when applying to dry soil before the planting rain.
	Annual Ryegrass Deadnettles Wild Oats Wireweed (Hogweed)	VIC anly	800mL/ha plus 1.6L/ha Tri-allate 500g/L			Incorporate as per recommendations for wheat barley and triticale.
	See Weed Table E	SA only		1.25L/ha		Apply to level seedbed 0 to 4 weeks before sowing. Refer to Incorporation Table Note 6.
	See Weed Table A	NSW ACT only	1.2 – 1.5 L/ha	1.5 L/ha	1.7 L/ha	Apply from 4 weeks up to just prior to sowing. Refer to Incorporation Table Notes 3, 4 or 5 for suitable method of incorporation.
Cotton	See Weed Table D	QLD NSW ACT WA only	1.2 : L/ha	1.7 L/ha	2.3 L/ha	Spray between 6 weeks and just before sowing takes place. Refer to Incorporation Table Notes 1 and 2 for method of incorporation.

TABLE 1: FIELD CROPS (Continued)

Situation & Crop	Weeds	State	Ra	ate/Soil Typ	ie)	Critical Comments
	1	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	Light	Medium	Heavy	
Faba Beans	Annual Ryegrass Barley Grass Brome Grass (suppression) Capeweed, Corn Gromwell (Sheepweed) Fumitories Geranium Ivy Leaf Speedwell Mustards Soursob Turnips Wild Oats (Soil surface) Wireweed	SA WA only	800mL/ha plus 1.1kg/ha Simazine (900g/kg WDG)			Apply to bare moist soil and incorporate to a depth of 5cm just prior to sowing. Incorporation should be made within 4 hours of application. Application should not be made to ridged or excessively cloddy soil. For full reliable results, significant rainfall (20 or 30mm) is necessary within 2-3 weeks of application.
Legume Seed Crop Establishment -Annual Medics - Clover (Berseem,	See Weed Table D	NSW ACT SA WA VIC TAS only	1.2 – 1.7 L/ha		1.7 L/ha	Autumn Sowing — Use lower rates. Apply from 4 weeks to 7 days before sowing takes place. Refer to Incorporation Table Note 6 for method of incorporation. Spring Sowing — Use higher rates. Apply between 4 weeks and 3 days before sowing
Red, Strawberry, Sub and White)		All				takes place. Refer to Incorporation Table Note 6 for method of incorporation. In both cases, seedling disease, cold weather,
Establishment - Lucerne for hay and seed crop		States				excessive moisture, high salt concentrations and drought could weaken crop seedlings and damage could occur from the use of this product. Temporary crop suppression could result.
Lentils	Annual Phalaris Annual Ryegrass Wild Oats Wireweed	NSW ACT anly	800 mL/ha	1.21	√ha	Apply 1 to 4 weeks before sowing.
	Annual Ryegrass Barley Grass Canary Grass Fumitory – Red and White Rough Poppy Sand Fescue Wireweed	SA only		1.25L/ha		
Linseed	See Weed Table D	NSW ACT SA WA VIC only	1.2 L/ha	1.5 L/ha	1.7 L/ha	Spray 2-4 weeks before sowing. Sowing depth should be 1.3 to 2.5cm. Deeper sowing may result in some stand reduction. Refer to Incorporation Table Note 6 for method of incorporation.

TABLE 1: FIELD CROPS (Continued)

Situation & Crop	Weeds	State		Rate/Soil Ty		Critical Comments
			Light	Medium	Heavy	
Lupins	See Weed Table D	All States	1.2 L/ha	1.5 L/ha	1.7 L/ha	Spray between 4 weeks and just before sowing takes place. Refer to Incorporation Table Note 6 for method of incorporation. WA Only: Use higher rate for heavier stubble coverage. Stubble coverage above 40-50% ground cover can reduce weed control below acceptable levels. Refer to Incorporation Table Note 13 for method of incorporation.
	Annual Grasses and Broadleaf Weeds	NSW ACT VIC QLD only	1.	800mL/ha p .7kg/ha Sima (900g/kg Wí	izine PG)	Use a low volume boom applying 50-100 litres spray mixture per hectare. Apply to bare moist soil and incorporate to a depth of 5cm just prior to sowing the crop. Incorporate within 4 hours of application. Do not apply to a ridged soil.
	Annual Ryegrass (suppression) Capeweed Doublegee Radish Turnip Wild Oats (Soil surface)	WA only	1.25L/ha plus 560-830g/ha Simazine (900g/kg WDG) 1.25L/ha plus 1.1kg/ha Simazine (900g/kg WDG)			Rate for Yellow Sands. Refer to Incorporation Table Notes 11, 12 or 13.
	As above Plus Brome Grass (suppression)					Rate for all other soil types. Apply to bare moist soil and incorporate to a depth of 5cm just prior to sowing. Incorporation should be made within 4 hours of application. Application should not be made to ridged or excessively cloddy soil. For Simazine to be effective sufficient rainfall (20-30mm) to wet the soil through the weed root zone is necessary within 2-3 weeks of application. Results with Simazine can be variable if seasonal conditions are dry prior to sowing and Lupins are sown into dry or low moisture seed beds.
	Annual Ryegrass (suppression) Brome Grass Capeweed Doublegee Wild Oats (Soil surface) Wild Radish Wild Turnip		1.25L/ha plus 1.1kg/ha Diuron (900g/kg WDG)		ron	DO NOT use on white or grey sands as sew crop damage may result. Use tank mix of Diuron & Trifluralin where Annual Ryegrass present. Apply at pre-sowing stage when us incorporation method in Incorporation Table Note 13. For Post-sowing of pre-emergent application, ensure seed is adequately cove with soil. Refer to Incorporation Table Note
	See Weed Table E	SA only	1.25 - 1.7L/ha plus 1.25 - 1.7L/ha plus 1.1- 2.2kg/ha Simazine (900g/kg WDG)		ha	Spray between 4 weeks and just before sowing takes place. Refer to Incorporation Table Note 6 for method of incorporation.
	See Weed Table E Plus Capeweed Common Furnitory Geranium Ice Plant (suppression) Indian Hedge Mustard Sheepweed Shepherd's Purse Toadrush Soursob Turnips				mazine	Use a low volume boom applying 50-100 litres spray mixture per hectare. Apply to bare moist soil and incorporate to a depth of 5cm just prior to sowing the crop. Incorporate within 4 hours of application. Do not apply to a ridged soil.

TABLE 1: FIELD CROPS (Continued)

Situation & Crop	384		F	Rate/Soil Ty	pe	0-11
	Weeds	State	Light	Medium	Heavy	- Critical Comments
Navy Beans Peanuts	See Weed Table F See Weed Table D	All States WA QLD	1.2 L/ha	1.5 L/ha	1.7 L/ha	Spray between 4 weeks and just before sowing takes place. Refer to Incorporation Table Notes 3, 4 or 5 for suitable method of incorporation.
Peas	-	All States				Spray between 4 weeks and just before sowing takes place. Refer to Incorporation Table Notes 6 or 11 for suitable method of incorporation.
Pigeon Peas	Barnyard Grass Canary Grass Crowsfoot Grass Pigweed Redroot (Amaranthus) Spiny Burrgrass Summer Grass Wild Oats (Soil surface) Wireweed (Hogweed) Yellow Vine (Caltrop) (suppression) From seed only: Columbus Grass Guinea Grass Johnson Grass Liverseed Grass	NSW ACT only				Spray between 4 weeks and just before sowing. Refer to Incorporation Table Notes 3, 4 or 6 for suitable method of incorporation.
Soybeans	See Weed Table F	All States		1.7 L/ha	2.3 L/ha	Spray between 4 weeks and just before sowing takes place. Refer Incorporation Table 3, 4 or 5 for suitable method of incorporation.
Sugar cane	See Weed Table D	NSW ACT QLD only		2.3L/ha 3.0L/ha	•	Use lower rate for Early Season and higher rate for Late Season. Apply to plant cane after emergence to "out of hand" stage. Apply to ratoon cane immediately after harvest. Refer to Incorporation Table Notes 3, 7 or 10 for suitable method of incorporation.
Sunflowers		All States	1.2 L/ha	1.5 L/ha	1.7 L/ha	Spray between 4 weeks and just before sowing takes place. Refer to Incorporation Table Notes 3, 4 or 5 for method of incorporation.
Tobacco	Button Grass Crowsfoot Grass Love Grass Pigweed Red Natal Grass Rhodes Grass Summer Grass	QLD only	800 mL/ha	1.2 L/ha	-	Apply to soil 3-4 weeks prior to transplanting. The longer period to be used for applications made during June and July. Incorporate to a depth of 10cm.
	Crowsfoot Grass	NSW ACT only		1.2	L/ha	Apply to light sandy soil 14 to 21 days before transplanting. Do not incorporate to a depth greater than 6cm. Apply to loam (medium soil) 14 to 21 days before transplanting. DO NOT incorporate to a depth of greater than 6cm.

TABLE 1: FIELD CROPS (Continued)

Situation & Crop	Weeds	State	F	Rate/Soil Typ		Critical Comments
· .	Yveeds		Light	Medium	Heavy	Critical Comments
Vetch	Annual Ryegrass Brome Grass (suppression) Deadnettle Rough Poppy Speedwell Sheepweed Three Cornered Jack Wild Oats (Soil surface) Wireweed Yellow Burr Weed	SA WA only		1.7L/ha		Apply to level seedbed 0 to 4 weeks before sowing. Refer to Incorporation Table Note 6 for method of incorporation.
Wheat	See Weed Table B	QLD only		800mL/ha		On non self-mulching soils apply 1-4 weeks before sowing. Sowing depth should be at least 5cm. Use cover harrows behind combine. Ground should be left flat. On self-mulching soils, as above except apply more than 4 weeks before sowing to prevent crop damage. Refer to Incorporation Table Note 6 for method of incorporation.
Wheat Triticale	Annual Phalaris	NSW ACT only		800mL/ha plu ŋ/ha chlorsulfu		If possible, spray and incorporate into the soil in one operation. If this is not possible incorporation should take place within 4 hours of spraying. Delay may cause inferior weed control.
Wheat Barley Triticale	Annual Ryegrass Phalaris spp. Wireweed (Hogweed) Canary Grass Fumitory	NSW ACT WA Vic only Vic only WA only		800mL/ha		Pre-Sowing only: Apply 1-4 weeks before sowing. Sowing depth should be at least 5cm. Use cover harrows behind combine. Ground should be left flat. DO NOT use pre-sowing on self-mulching soils as damage may occur from wheel tracking and poor control of wild oats. Refer to Incorporation Table Note 6 for method of incorporation.
	Annual Ryegrass Canary Grass Phalaris spp. Wireweed (Hogweed)	Vic only				Pre-Sowing: Apply more than 4 weeks before sowing to prevent crop damage. Post Sowing (self-mulching soils): Apply within 2 days after sowing to well prepared seedbed. Refer to Incorporation Table Note 6 for suitable method of incorporation.
Wheat Rye Triticale	See Weed Table C	SA only				Apply 1-4 weeks before sowing. Sowing depth should be at least 5cm. Use cover harrows behind combine. Ground should be left flat. DO NOT use pre-sowing on self-mulching soils as damage may occur from wheel tracking and poor control of wild oats. Refer to Incorporation Table Note 6 for method of incorporation.

TABLE 2: FIELD CROPS PRE-SOWING OR INCORPORTED BY SOWING (IBS)

Situation & Crop	Weeds	State	Rate	Critical Comments
Chickpeas	Annual Ryegrass Fumitory Phalaris spp.	WA only	1.25 – 1.7L/ha plus 1.1kg/ha Simazine (900g/kg WDG)	Incorporate as per Incorporation Table Note 13.
Wheat, Barley, Triticale	Wireweed	WA SA VIC NSW ACT only	1.5 – 2L/ha	Use Higher Rate on lighter sandy and sandy loam soils. DO NOT use on heavy soils. Use with knife/blade point sowing equipment. Use higher rate for heavier stubble coverage. Stubble coverage above 40-50% ground cover can reduce weed control below acceptable levels. Refer to Incorporation Table Note 13 for method of incorporation.

TABLE 3: VEGETABLES, ORCHARDS AND VINEYARDS

Situation & Crop	Weeds	State		Rate/Soil Ty	pe .	Critical Comments
	vveeds	State	Light	Medium	Heavy	
Carrots	See Weed Table F	All	1.2	1.7	2.3	Spray between 4 weeks and just before sowing
		States	L/ha	L/ha	L/ha	takes place. Refer to Incorporation Table
Cauliflower	1	VIC				Notes 3, 4 or 5 for suitable method of
		QLD				incorporation.
	1	опіу				
Chicory		VIC				
	1	only	Į			
Green Beans		All	ĺ	1.5	1.7	
	1	States	ļ	L/ha	L/ha	
Orchards and		QLD	ĺ	1.7	2.3	Apply to new planting during pre plant
Vineyards		SA	-	L/ha	L/ha	cultivation. Apply to established crops in spring
		WA				after weeds and green manure crop has been
		VIC				ploughed into ground. Refer to Incorporation
		TAS				Table Notes 8 or 9 for suitable method of incorporation.
Direct Seeded	-	All				
Only:		States				Spray between 4 weeks and just before sowing takes place. Refer to Incorporation Table
Broccoli		States				Notes 3, 4 or 5 for suitable method of
Brussels						incorporation.
Sprouts						moorporagon.
Cabbage						· ·
Transplants	1					
Only:						
Broccoli						
Cabbage						
Cauliflowers						
Tomatoes						

NOT TO BE USED FOR ANY PURPOSE, OR IN ANY MANNER, CONTRARY TO THIS LABEL UNLESS AUTHORISED UNDER APPROPRIATE LEGISLATION.

WEED TABLES

Table A	Table B	Table C
Annual Ryegrass Barnyard Grass Caltrop Crab Grass Fumitory (suppression of) Paradoxa Grass (Canary Grass) Pigweed Redroot (Amaranthus) Wild Oats (Soil surface) Winter Grass	Annual Ryegrass Paradoxa Grass (Canary Grass) Wild Oats (Soil surface) Wireweed (Hogweed)	Annual Ryegrass Deadnettle (suppression of) Fumitory – Red & White Phalaris spp. Rough Poppy Wireweed Yellow Burr Weed

Table D	Table E	Table F
Black Pigweed (QLD only)	Annual Ryegrass	Annual Ryegrass
Crab Grass	Barley Grass	Barnyard Grass
Mossman River Grass (Innocent Weed)	Brome Grass	Caltrop (Bullhead, Yellow Vine)
Pigweed	Canary Grass	Canary Grass
Redroot (Amaranthus)	Cereal Oats	Crab Grass
Redshank (Prince of Wales Feather)	Deadnettle (suppression of)	Mossman River Grass (Innocent Weed)
Summer Grass	Fumitory – Red & White	Pigweed
Wild Oats (Soil surface)	Rough Poppy	Redroot (Amaranthus)
Winter Grass	Sand Fescue	Redshank (Prince of Wales Feather)
Wireweed (Hogweed)	Speedwell	Summer Grass
	Three Cornered Jack	Wild Oats (Soil surface)
From Seed only:	Wild Oats (Soil surface)	Winter Grass
Annual Ryegrass	Wireweed	Wireweed (Hogweed)
Barnyard Grass	Yellow Burr Weed	
Canary Grass		From seed only:
Caltrop (Bullhead/Yellow Vine)		Columbus Grass
Columbus Grass	1	Guinea Grass
Fumitory		Johnson Grass
Guinea Grass		Liverseed Grass (Urochloa)
Johnson Grass		
Liverseed Grass (Urochloa)		
Phalaris spp.		

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

THIS PRODUCT MUST BE INCORPORATED INTO THE SOIL WITHIN 4 HOURS OF APPLICATION.

INCORPORATION TABLE

Note	Situation	Critical Comments
1	Prior to furrowing out	Two workings at an angle required using Offset or Tandem disc harrows.
2	After furrowing out	Two workings required using Go-Devil discs or Lilliston cultivators set at 10cm depth.
3	Rotary Hoe	One working required at 5 – 7.5cm depth. Sugar Cane 7.5 – 13cm depth.
4	Offset or Tandem Disc Harrows (preferably with spiked harrows in tandem)	Two workings at an angle required at 7.5 – 15cm depth at 6.5 – 10km/hr.
5	Heavy Diamond or Stump Jump Harrows	Weighted 20 – 30kg per section at 10 – 13km/h speed. Then cross work with offset or tandem disc harrows set at 7.5 – 15cm depth at 6.5 – 10km/hr.
6	Weighted Heavy Diamond or Stump Jump Harrows	Weighted 20 – 30kg per section at 10 – 13km/hr. Cross work with combine at 5 – 7.5cm depth at 10 – 13km/hr.
7	Disc Ratoon Cultivator	Two workings required with discs and cultivator set at 7.5 – 13cm depth.
8	Offset or Tandem Disc Harrows	Set at 7.5 – 15cm depth. A second discing is required working in the opposite direction with discs set to throw treated soil into tree or vine row.
9	Rotary Hoe	One working required at 5 – 10cm depth
10	Offset Discs (Bumpers)	Two workings required at depth of 7.5 – 13cm.
11	Incorporation by Sowing (IBS)	On suitably prepared seedbed with heavy diamond harrows trailing or as a separate operation.
12	Post-sowing/Pre-emergence	Use heavy diamond harrows, cross working at right angles to the direction of sowing. Do not attempt this method of incorporation on poorly prepared, clumpy or cloddy soils.
	Incorporation by Sowing (IBS) with Knife or Blade Points	Use press wheels to avoid dragging treated soil back into the seed furrow. Maintain slow to moderate speed to ensure that soil throw is not into adjacent furrows.
13	(A knife or blade point is 12mm or less, has no wings, inverted T or blade, and is generally placed on a minimum 8 inch tyne spacing.)	Warning: Knife or blade point systems can result in poor weed control in the seed furrow as chemical displacement from this zone occurs. Stubble coverage above 40-50% ground cover can reduce weed control below acceptable levels.

MIXING

This product is an emulsifiable concentrate that mixes readily with water. Add the recommended amount of product to the spray tank while filling with water. Apply the prepared mixture at a rate of 70-450L of water/ha (broadcast basis) dependent on soil type.

Ensure adequate agitation is maintained throughout the spraying operation. Do not leave the prepared spray for long periods without agitation.

CONDITIONS FOR BEST RESULTS

This product must be thoroughly incorporated as recommended. Soil should be well worked and free of weeds at the time of application. Product effectiveness may be reduced by inadequate incorporation, high organic matter, excess clods, crop or trash residues, stones or other foreign matter and in areas of unnaturally high weed seed population such as header tracks or livestock rest areas.

Trifluralin is volatile and disappears from exposed surfaces. Rate of loss is increased by high temperatures, wind or warm moist soil. Under hot conditions, spray and incorporate into the soil in one operation, if possible. Delay in incorporation may cause inferior weed control. Use properly calibrated standard low-pressure (170-340 kPa) boom type sprayer with fan tips.

Integrated Weed Management

The use of Integrated Weed Management techniques, in conjunction with Trampoline 480, is always preferable. Agronomic practices that reduce the weed seed bank in the soil prior to the use of Trampoline 480 will result in higher weed control levels. Failure to use Agronomic and Integrated Weed Management practices that reduce the weed seed bank in the soil will result in higher weed seed populations. Paddocks with excessively high weed seed banks may have sufficient weed numbers surviving such that final weed control may be considered below a commercially acceptable level and additional herbicide treatments may be necessary. The use of Integrated Weed Management techniques will also reduce the potential for the development or survival of Group D herbicide resistant weed biotypes.

WILD OATS

Germinating wild oat seeds lying on the soil surface will be controlled. Therefore, specific wild oat control is only possible with shallow cultivation. Poor control will occur on self-mulching soils and all soil types where deep cultivation is practiced.

COMPATIBILITY

The following products are compatible with Trampoline 480:

Herbicides: Chlorsulfuron 750 WDG, Diuron 900 WDG, Metribuzin 750 DF, Paraquat 250, Simazine

900 WDG, Tri-Allate 500 EC, Triasulfuron 750 WDG

Insecticides: Chlorpyrifos 500 EC

TANK MIXTURES: Read and follow all label directions including restraints, spray drift restraints, mandatory no-spray zones, critical comments, withholding periods, regional use restrictions and safety directions for the tank mix products.

NOTE:

- 1. As products vary from manufacturer to manufacturer, a small-scale compatibility test should be carried out before mixing in the spray tank.
- 2. Observe any mixing sequence instructions for tank mix products.

EQUIPMENT MAINTENANCE AND USAGE

Spray tanks, pumps, lines and nozzles should be thoroughly rinsed several times with clean water after use. An equipment cleaning product such as Spraymate Tank and Equipment Cleaner is suitable for removing Trifluralin stains.