Product name: APVMA Approval No: PAPPUTTY Lethal Paste for Wild Canids 87580 / 140747



Label Name:	PAPPUTTY Lethal Paste for Wild Canids
Signal Headings:	DANGEROUS POISON
	KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN
	READ SAFETY DIRECTIONS BEFORE OPENING OR USING

Constituent	720 g/kg PARA-AMINOPROPIOPHENONE
Statements:	

Mode of Action:				
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Statement of Claims:	For use on Leg Hold traps for self-induced euthanasia of trapped wild canids.
	RESTRICTED CHEMICAL PRODUCT – ONLY TO BE SUPPLIED TO OR USED BY AN AUTHORISED PERSON.
	THIS PRODUCT MUST BE USED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE LABEL INSTRUCTIONS AND ANY RELEVANT DOCUMENTATION ISSUED WITH STATE/TERRITORY AUTHORISATION TO USE PAPP PRODUCTS.

Net Contents:	25 x 2.5 g / 62.5g
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Restraints:	Only for use by persons authorised by the relevant government authority. Note: Relevant Government Authority means the State or Territory Government Authority responsible for authorising people to possess and use products containing 4- Aminopropiophenone (PAPP).
	Only for use on leg-hold traps in accordance with the directions for use.
	DO NOT place more than 4 treated traps per 1 square km.
	Massage the tube prior to opening to ensure that the contents are still sufficiently mixed.

Directions for Use:	This section contains file attachment.	

Other Limitations:	THIS PRODUCT IS NOT TO BE USED IN DOMESTIC OR HOME GARDEN SITUATIONS
	(see DISTANCE RESTRICTIONS).

Withholding Periods:	
Trade Advice:	
General Instructions:	GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS: Traps with the paste should be set where dogs and or foxes are most likely to find and investigate the trap set. The location of all trap sites must be accurately recorded and marked. This information should be readily available to others if necessary. Traps should be set according to best practice guidelines and in accordance with national codes of practice and standard operating procedures. Please refer to the current information at https://www.pestsmart.org.au . Where State or Territory legislation specifies requirements for setting leg-hold traps, these requirements take precedence over the model codes of practice and standard operating procedures and must be complied with.
	Cloths and unconsumed product should be removed from traps at the end of a trapping program or when traps are moved to a new location. Cloths and unconsumed product are not to be reused and should be destroyed according to the instructions for disposal below. Cloths and any remaining product should to be removed from traps in which captures have occurred and should be disposed of according to the instructions for disposal below. A new application of product is required when traps are re-set after a capture.
	INSTRUCTIONS FOR APPLICATION OF PAPPUTTY TO THE JAWS OF LEG HOLD TRAPS: Massage the tube prior to opening to ensure that the contents are still sufficiently mixed. Correct placement of traps ensures that risk to non-target species from the trap is minimal. PAPPutty is placed in the wrapping which minimizes its exposure to all but the trapped animal. The trapped animal only accesses the poison when it chews the jaw of the trap when attempting to escape.
	PAPPutty is applied to one jaw ONLY of the trap. Use a piece of cloth, fabric or similar material approximately 60 mm wide and long enough to wrap 3-4 times around the jaw of the trap (approx. 150 – 200 mm long but will vary depending on the leghold trap used). If both jaws are wrapped they may have insufficient grip to hold an animal's leg.

Starting at one side of the jaw, wrap around the jaw twice, producing two layers of material 60 mm wide. Dispense the entire contents of a single tube of PAPPutty along the wrapping on the upper face of the jaw (when viewed closed) leaving enough gap on the ends to tie off with fine tie wire. Continue one further complete wrap of the jaw using the remaining fabric in the same manner, covering the product with only one (1) layer of the fabric. Secure the fabric at each end using ties of fine wire around the jaw. The ties must be strong enough to keep the bandage in place while the trapped dog is biting at the bandage.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATION:

The PAPP dose in PAPPutty may kill domestic and working dogs. Neighbours must be notified to allow them to take appropriate action. The notification must advise that steps (e.g. restraint, muzzling) need to be taken to ensure that domestic dogs do not gain access to traps containing PAPP. The notification must specify the dates between which trapping using PAPPutty will occur. This notification MUST be given to all adjoining landholders at least 72 hours in advance. A record of the notifications must be kept. If trapping is not undertaken within the dates specified an additional notification must be made.

POISON NOTICES: Signage is compulsory for all lands where trapping using PAPPutty occurs. Do not lay traps until signage is in place. Signage must include – date(s) poisoned traps will be used, contact telephone numbers, toxin name (PAPP), target animal and a warning that domestic animals and pets can be affected. Users must ensure that signs are put up before trapping commences on the property and are placed according to requirements specified by the relevant State/Territory authority. These notices must remain up for at least 4 weeks after the authorised poison trapping period has expired or after all poison traps have been collected.
DISTANCE RESTRICTIONS: It is important to reduce risks of accidental poisoning of working and domestic dogs. Poisoned traps must be placed at least 150 m from a dwelling; greater than 20 m from permanent or flowing water bodies; 5m from boundary fences; and 5m from the edge of formed public roadways and as further restricted by State or Territory directions for use.

Resistance Warning:	

Precautions:	 Do not store prepared cloths. Prepare sufficient cloths for immediate use only. Do not place traps in a position accessible to children, livestock or domestic pets. Do not place traps in crops. Do not allow cloths to contaminate foodstuffs, or feed, intended for human or animal consumption. Not for domestic use. Keep out of reach of children. Do not handle product when there is a risk of contaminating food, drinking water or animal feed. DO NOT transport PAPPutty Lethal Paste for Wild Canids in such a way that unauthorised persons can access the PAPPutty Lethal Paste for Wild Canids. PAPPutty Lethal Paste for Wild Canids must be kept in a secure section of the vehicle when transporting. Re-entry/Re-handling:
	Do not re-handle treated traps unless wearing cotton overalls buttoned to the neck and wrist (or equivalent clothing) and disposable gloves. Clothing must be laundered after each day's use.

Protections:	PROTECTION OF DOMESTIC AND WORKING DOGS: The PAPP dose in PAPPutty may kill domestic and working dogs. If the area for trapping is in close proximity to locations of domestic or working dogs, the person using the poison must advise neighbours to tie up working or pet dogs and ensure they do not enter the control area during canine control operations. Alternatively working dogs can be muzzled prior to entering paddocks to safeguard against accidental poisoning. In the event of accidental poisoning, seek immediate veterinary assistance. DO NOT place PAPPutty in a position accessible to domestic dogs.
	 PROTECTION OF WILDLIFE, FISH, CRUSTACEANS AND ENVIRONMENT: DO NOT contaminate dams, rivers, streams, waterways or drains with the product or used containers. DO NOT feed product to non-target animals including birds. PAPP is highly toxic for wild dogs, dogs, foxes and cats but is less toxic for most native species. However, PAPP is toxic to marsupial carnivores, goannas and bandicoots. While the likelihood of uptake of the product by these species is low, additional care should be taken in application of the product in areas where these native species are present. Traps with the product applied

should be set to avoid non-target wildlife.
In order to assess the risk posed by trapping programs, seek expert advice from regional level conservation, environment, wildlife management, biosecurity departmental personnel. Visit the Pestsmart Connect web site for information on non-target animal distribution, conservation status, habitat preference, tolerance to PAPP, body weight and size of home range. Most non-target animals are not readily susceptible to the dose of PAPP used for wild dog or dog management. A sub-lethal exposure to PAPP is rapidly metabolised, excreted and an affected animal recovers quickly.
To the extent possible, recover unconsumed product at the end of each trapping program. Unconsumed product and animal carcasses should be disposed of according to the requirements of the State/Territory in which use has occurred.

Storage and	STORAGE, TRANSPORT AND DISPOSAL:
Disposal:	Store in a secure, locked facility.
	DO NOT freeze
	Used cloths must be recovered and disposed of by deep burial (> 500 mm)
	DO NOT store PAPPutty in a position accessible to children, livestock or domestic pets. This pesticide is only to be kept, stored or transported in a container bearing this APVMAapproved label, as supplied by the manufacturer. Store in a secure locked facility.
	Store in the closed, original container in a dry, cool, and well-ventilated area out of direct sunlight. DO NOT allow product to contaminate foodstuffs, or feed, for human or non-target animal consumption.
	DO NOT reuse containers for any other purpose.
	Triple rinse empty containers before disposal. Break, crush or puncture and dispose of empty packaging/container in an approved waste management facility. Deliver remaining product in the original and labelled container to an approved waste management facility. If an approved waste management facility is not available, bury PAPPutty any PAPP contaminated rinsate and empty packaging at least 500 mm below the surface in a disposal pit at the site of use specifically marked and set up for this purpose, clear of waterways, desirable vegetation and tree roots in compliance with relevant Local, State or Territory government regulations. DO NOT burn empty container or product unless authorized by relevant Local, State or Territory Government Authority and as per the relevant Local, State or Territory Government Authority instructions.
	UNCONSUMED PRODUCT AND CONTAMINATED USED CLOTHS: Where disposal of product and contaminated cloths are required they must be buried in a local authority landfill. If no landfill is available, bury any unused product and contaminated cloths at least 500 mm below the surface in a disposal pit specifically marked and set up for this purpose clear of waterways, desirable vegetation and tree roots. Do not burn unconsumed product.

Safety Directions:	Very Dangerous. Poisonous if swallowed. May irritate the eyes and skin. Do not touch or rub eyes, nose or mouth with hand. Avoid contact with eyes and skin. When opening the container and using the product, wear cotton overalls buttoned to the neck and wrist (or equivalent clothing) and disposable gloves. If product on skin, immediately wash area with soap and water. After use and before eating, drinking or smoking, wash hands, arms and face thoroughly with soap and water. After each day's use, wash contaminated clothing.
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First Aid Instructions:	If poisoning occurs, get to a doctor or hospital quickly.
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First Aid Warnings:		
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DIRECTIONS FOR USE

Only for use by persons authorised by the relevant government authority.

Note: Relevant Government Authority means the State or Territory Government Authority responsible for authorising people to possess and use products containing 4- Aminopropiophenone (PAPP).

Situation	Pest	Rate	Critical Comments
Non-crop,	Wild dogs	2.5 g of	The product will be most effective when it is
rural areas i.e.,	(Canis	paste per	placed on a single jaw offset from the midpoint.
pastures, and	familiaris)	trap,	This placement provides the greatest access to the
bushland	and Red	placed at a	paste when a wild dog or fox is caught in the trap.
areas i.e.,	foxes (Vulpes	maximum	
private	vulpes)	of 4 treated	To apply PAPPutty:
property,		traps per 1	
national parks,		km ²	1. Cut cloth/gauze to size (approximately 60 mm
and crown			wide and sufficiently long to wrap 3-4 times
land such as			around the trap jaw - approx. 150- 200mm).
nature			
reserves, state			2. Wrap the cloth around <u>one</u> trap jaw 2 times.
forests.			
			3. Dispense the entire contents of a single tube of
			paste along the wrapping on the upper face of the
			jaw (when viewed closed) leaving space at both
			end for tying off.
			4. Continue one more complete wrap of cloth
			around the trap jaw to cover the paste with a
			single layer of cloth. Do not apply more than one
			layer of cloth over the paste.
			5. Secure cloth/gauze to trap jaw using fine tie
			wire at both ends.

Remove all product and leg-hold traps at the end of the control program. Leg-hold traps must be cleaned by washing in soapy water and rinsing in clean water between trapping programs to remove PAPP residue.

NOT TO BE USED FOR ANY PURPOSE OR IN ANY MANNER, CONTRARY TO THIS LABEL UNLESS AUTHORISED BY APPROPRIATE LEGISLATION