Product Name: Conquest Warrior EC Insecticide

APVAM Approval No.: 89546/133821



Label Name:	Conquest Warrior EC Insecticide			
Signal Headings:	CAUTION			
olgital Floadings.	KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN			
	READ SAFETY DIRECTIONS BEFORE OPENING OR USING			
Constituent Statements:	ACTIVE CONSTITUENT 17 g/L EMAMECTIN PRESENT AS EMAMECTIN BENZOATE			
	SOLVENTS 100 g/L N-METHYLPYRROLIDONE			
	602 g/L LIQUID HYDROCARBON			
Mode of Action:	GROUP 6 INSECTICIDE			
Statement of Claims:	For the control of insect pests in Canola and Cotton as per the Directions for Use			
Net Contents:	10 L - 200 L			
Restraints:	DO NOT use on canola grown as a forage crop DO NOT use on dual-use canola prior to grazing			
	DO NOT use on dual-use canda prior to grazing DO NOT apply to crops under visible stress.			
	DO NOT apply if wind speed is less than 3km and more than 20km per hour or under			
	conditions where temperature inversions may occur DO NOT spray any plants in flower while bees are actively foraging			
Directions for Use:				
Other Limitations:				
Outer Limitations.				

Withholding Periods:

Canola: DO NOT HARVEST, GRAZE OR CUT FOR STOCK FOOD FOR 2 WEEKS

AFTER APPLICATION

Cotton: DO NOT HARVEST, GRAZE OR CUT FOR STOCK FOOD FOR 4 WEEKS AFTER

APPLICATION

DO NOT FEED COTTON TRASH FROM TREATED AREAS TO ANIMALS, INCLUDING

POULTRY

Grazing: DO NOT GRAZE OR CUT FOR STOCK FOOD FOR 14 DAYS AFTER

APPLICATION

Trade Advice:

EXPORT TRADE ADVICE

Treated crop commodities destined for export may require extra time being allowed between application and harvest, as some markets have either no Maximum Residue Limits (MRLs) or different MRLs to those of Australia. Details of overseas standards and any export interval can be obtained by contacting Conquest Crop Protection Pty Ltd before using this product.

General Instructions:

Mixing

Add the required amount of Conquest Warrior EC Insecticide to a partly filled spray tank, and then add the remainder of the water.

Application

To be effective Conquest Warrior EC Insecticide requires thorough spray coverage. Ensure that equipment is properly calibrated to give an even distribution at the correct volume. Ground Application:

Cotton: Apply in at least 80 L spray/ha Canola: Apply in at least 100 L spray/ha Air Application: Apply in at least 20 L spray/ha

Compatibility

Conquest Warrior EC Insecticide is compatible with Ovasyn* EC. As formulations of other manufacturer's products are beyond the control of Conquest, and the quality of water may vary with location, all mixtures should be tested prior to mixing commercial quantities.

Resistance Warning:

For insecticide resistance management Conquest Warrior EC Insecticide INSECTICIDE is a Group 6 insecticide. Some naturally occurring insect biotypes resistant to Conquest Warrior EC Insecticide and other Group 6 insecticides may exist through normal genetic variability in any insect population.

The resistant individuals can eventually dominate the insect population if Conquest Warrior EC Insecticide and other Group 6 insecticides are used repeatedly. The effectiveness of Conquest Warrior EC Insecticide on resistant individuals could be significantly reduced. Since occurrence of resistant individuals is difficult to detect prior to use Conquest Crop Protection Pty Ltd accepts no liability for any losses that may result from failure of Conquest Warrior EC Insecticide to control resistant insects. Conquest Warrior EC Insecticide may be subject to specific resistance management strategies. For further information contact your supplier, Conquest representative or local agricultural department agronomist.

Precautions:

PRECAUTION

Human flagging is not supported unless flaggers are protected by engineering controls such as vehicles with cabs.

Re-entry period

DO NOT enter treated areas until the spray has dried, unless wearing cotton overalls buttoned to the neck and wrist (or equivalent clothing) and chemical resistant gloves. Clothing must be laundered after each days use.

Protections:

PROTECTION OF WILDLIFE, FISH, CRUSTACEANS AND ENVIRONMENT Dangerous to fish and other aquatic organisms. DO NOT contaminate streams, rivers or waterways with the chemical or used containers. DO NOT apply under weather conditions or from spraying equipment that may cause spray to drift from the target area. A spray drift minimisation strategy should be employed at all times when aerially applying sprays to, or near, sensitive areas. The strategy envisaged is exemplified by the cotton industry's Best Management Practice Manual.

PROTECTION OF LIVESTOCK - BEES

Highly toxic to bees. Will kill bees foraging in the crop to be treated or in hives which are oversprayed or reached by spray drift. Residues may remain toxic to bees for several days after application. DO NOT spray any plants in flower while bees are foraging. Before spraying, notify beekeepers to move hives to a safe location with an untreated source of nectar, if there is potential for managed bees to be affected by the spray or spray drift.

Storage and Disposal:

Store in the closed, original container in a cool, well-ventilated area. Do not store for prolonged periods in direct sunlight. Triple-rinse containers before disposal. Add rinsings to spray tank. Do not dispose of undiluted chemicals on site. If recycling, replace cap and return clean containers to recycler or designated collection point. If not recycling, break, crush, or puncture and deliver empty packaging to an approved waste management facility. If an approved waste management facility is not available, bury the empty packaging 500 mm below the surface in a disposal pit specifically marked and set up for this purpose, clear of waterways, desirable vegetation and tree roots, in compliance with relevant local, state or territory government regulations. Do not burn empty containers or product.

Safety Directions:

Will damage eyes. Will irritate the skin. Avoid contact with eyes and skin. Do not inhale spray mist. When opening the container and preparing the spray, wear cotton overalls buttoned to the neck and wrist and a washable hat and elbow-length chemical resistant gloves and goggles.

When using the prepared spray, wear cotton overalls buttoned to the neck and wrist and a washable hat and elbow-length chemical resistant gloves. If product in eyes, wash it out immediately with water. If product on skin, immediately wash area with soap and water. Wash hands after use. After each day's use, wash gloves, goggles and contaminated clothing.

First Aid Instructions:

If poisoning occurs, contact a doctor or Poisons Information Centre. Phone Australia 13 11 26, New Zealand 0800 764 766. If swallowed, do NOT induce vomiting. If in eyes, wash it out immediately with water.

First Aid Warnings:	
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DIRECTION FOR USE

Crop	Pest	Rate	Critical Comments
Cotton Qld, NSW, WA, NT only	Heliothis Helicoverpa armigera, Helicoverpa punctigera	550 mL/ha or 700 mL/ha Add a non-ionic surfactant at recommended label rate	Timing is important. For best results apply at or just prior to the anticipated time of hatching of <i>Helicoverpa</i> eggs as indicated by egg levels or scouting. As earlier larval stages are easier to control, DO NOT target larvae larger than 5 mm (very small to small). Large larvae and larvae feeding within bolls and squares may not be controlled. Larvae must feed on treated areas in order to achieve effective control. Where high egg lays occur the addition of an ovicide is recommended. Use the lower rate on light infestations. Make no more than 4 applications per season. Conquest Warrior EC Insecticide should be used according to the cotton Best Management Practices Manual.
	Green Mirids Creontiades dilutus Suppression Only		Apply to developing Green Mirid populations that are predominantly nymphs. Maximum effect is not achieved until 5 to 7 days after application. Use the higher rate on heavier populations.
Canola (for grain production)	Diamondback Moth Plutella xylostella	150 to 300 mL/ha Add a non-ionic surfactant at recommended label rate	Apply as soon as larval populations reach threshold numbers. Observe current industry threshold recommendations based on crop growth stage. Use rates towards the lower end of the range to control threshold level populations when crop growth stage or insect activity does not favour rapid population development. Use the higher rate to control threshold level populations when conditions favour rapid crop or pest population development. Sample crops twice a week after application to determine if a second application is required.
			Make no more than 2 applications per season. If further applications are necessary, rotate to an approved product from a different MOA group. Highly toxic to bees. Refer to the Protection of Livestock statement for notification requirements.

NOT TO BE USED FOR ANY PURPOSE, OR IN ANY MANNER, CONTRARY TO THIS LABEL UNLESS AUTHORISED UNDER APPROPRIATE LEGISLATION